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RECONSTRUCTION TESTIMONY.

The Evidence of Alexander H. Stephens of Georgia.

Observations and Opinions on the Temper of the South.

Interesting Statements of the Progress of Secession.

He Testifies to the General Good Conduct of the Negroes.

What the Georgians Think of the Basis of Representation.

Views of Mr. Stephens on the Extension of Suffrage.

Testimony in Regard to Arkansas, Mississippi, and Alabama.

Opinions of Major-Gen. Blunt, Gov. Sharkey, and Others.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 16.

The testimony reported to-day from the Committee on Reconstruction, embraces the examination of a dozen witnesses, relating to the condition of Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia. It is conflicting in its character in respect to all the States excepting the former, about which all the witnesses so far examined, agree in testifying favorably.

TESTIMONY OF HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS was before the Reconstruction Committee on the 11th inst. He was sworn and examined by Mr. BOUTWELL, as follows:

Q.—State your residence?

A.—Crawfordsville, Georgia.

Q.—What means have you had since LEE's surrender to ascertain the sentiments of the people of Georgia with regard to the Union?

A.—I was at home in Georgia at the time of the surrender of Gen. LEE, and remained there until the 11th of May, and during that time conferred with the people in my immediate neighborhood, with the Governor of the State, and with one or two other leading or prominent men in the State. From the 11th of May until my return to Georgia, which was on the 26th of October, I had no means of knowing anything of the public sentiment there except through the public Press and such letters as I received. From the time of my return until I left the State on my present visit here I had very extensive intercourse with the people, visiting Augusta, and visiting Milledgeville during the session of the Legislature, first on their assembling, again in January upon their reassembling, and again in the latter part of February. While there I conversed very freely and fully with all the prominent leading men, or most of them, in the Legislature, and met a great many of the prominent influential men of the State not connected with the Legislature, by letters and from correspondence with the men in the State whom I have not met. I believe that embraces a full answer to the question as to my means of ascertaining the sentiments of the people of that State upon the subject stated in the question.

Q.—As the result of your observation, what is your opinion of the purposes of the people with reference to the reconstruction of the Government, and what are their desires and purposes concerning the maintenance of the Government?

A.—My opinion, and decided opinion, is that an overwhelming majority of the people of Georgia are exceedingly anxious for the restoration of the Government, and for the State to take her former position in the Union, to have her Senators and Representatives admitted into Congress, and to enjoy all her rights and to discharge all her obligations as a State under the Constitution of the United States as it stands amended.

Q.—What are their present views concerning the justice of the rebellion? Do they at present believe that it was a reasonable or proper undertaking, or otherwise?

A.—My opinion of the sentiment of the people of Georgia upon that subject is, that the exercise of the right of secession was resorted to by them from a desire to render their liberties more secure, and a belief on their part that this was absolutely necessary for that object. They were divided upon the question of the policy of the measure; there was, however, but very little division among them upon the question of the right to do it. It is now their belief, in my opinion, and I give it merely as an opinion, that the surest if not the only hope for their liberties is the restoration of the Constitution of the United States, and of the Government of the United States under the Constitution.

Q.—Has there been any change of opinion as to the right of secession, as a right, in the people or in the States?

A.—I think there has been a very decided change of opinion as to the policy of those who favored it. I think the people generally are satisfied sufficiently with the experiment never to resort to that measure of redress again by force whatever may be their own abstract ideas upon that subject. They have given up all idea of a maintenance of these opinions by a resort to force. They have come to the conclusion that it is better to appeal to the forums of reason and justice, to the halls of legislation, and the courts for the preservation of the principles of constitutional liberty than to the arena of arms. It is my settled conviction that there is not any idea cherished at all in the public mind of Georgia of ever resorting again to secession or to the exercise of the right of secession—that whole policy of the maintenance of their rights, in my opinion, is at this time totally abandoned.

Q.—But the opinion as to the right, as I understand, remains substantially the same?

A.—I cannot answer as to that. Some may have changed their opinion in this respect. It would be an unusual thing as well as a difficult matter for a whole people to change their convictions upon abstract truths or principles. I have not heard this view of the subject debated or discussed recently, and I wish to be understood as giving my opinion only on that branch of the subject which is of practical character and importance.

Q.—To what do you attribute the change of opinion as to the propriety of attempting to maintain their views by force?

A.—Well, Sir, my opinion about that, my individual opinion, derived from observation, is that the change of opinion arose mainly from the operation of the war among themselves and the results of the conflict, from their own authority, on their individual rights of person and property, and from the general breaking down of constitutional barriers which usually attend all protracted wars.

Q.—In 1861, when the ordinance of secession was adopted in your State, to what extent was it supported by the people?

A.—After the proclamation of President LINCOLN calling out seventy-five thousand militia, under the circumstances it was issued, and blockading the Southern ports, and the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*, the Southern cause, as it was termed, received the almost unanimous support of the people of Georgia. Before that they were very much divided on the question of the policy of secession—but afterward they supported the cause, within the range of my knowledge, with very few exceptions. There were some few exceptions, not exceeding half a dozen, I think. The impression then prevailing was that public liberty was endangered, and they supported the cause because of their zeal for constitutional rights. They still differed very much as to the ultimate object to be attained, and the means to be used, but these differences yielded to the emergency of the apprehended common danger.

Q.—Was not the ordinance of secession adopted in Georgia earlier in date than the proclamation for 75,000 volunteers?

A.—Yes, Sir. I stated that the people were very much divided on the question of the ordinance of secession, but that, after the proclamation, the people became almost unanimous in the support of the cause. There were some few exceptions in the State—I think not more than half a dozen among my acquaintances. As I said, while they were thus almost unanimous in support of the cause, they differed also as to the end to be attained by sustaining it. Some looked to an adjustment or settlement of the controversy upon any basis that would secure their constitutional rights. Others looked to a Southern separate nationality as their only object and hope. These different views as to the ultimate objects did not interfere with the general active support of the cause.

Q.—Was there a popular vote upon the ordinance of secession?

A.—Only so far as in the election of delegates to the Convention.

Q.—There was no subsequent action?

A.—No, Sir; the ordinance of secession was not submitted to a popular vote afterward.

Q.—Have you any opinion as to the vote it would have received as compared with the whole if it had been submitted to the free action of the people?

WITNESS—Do you mean after it was adopted by the Convention?

Mr. BOUTWELL—Yes, after it was adopted by the Convention, if it had been submitted fortewith or within a reasonable time?

A.—Taking the then state of things into consideration, South Carolina, Florida and Mississippi I think having seceded, my opinion is that a majority of the people would have ratified it, and perhaps by a decided or large majority. If, however, South Carolina and the other States had not adopted their ordinances of secession, I am very well satisfied that a majority of the people of Georgia, and perhaps a very decided majority, would have been against secession, if the ordinance had been submitted to them. But as matters stood at the time, if the ordinances had been submitted to a popular vote of the State, it would have been sustained. That is my judgment and opinion about the matter.

Q. What was the date of the Georgia ordinance?

A.—The 16th or 19th, I think the 19th of February, 1861, though I am not certain.

Q.—The question of secession was involved in the election of delegates to that Convention, was it not?

A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And was there on the part of candidates a pretty general avowal of opinions?

A.—Very general.

Q.—What was the result of the election, as far as the Convention expressed any opinion, upon the question of secession?

A.—I think the majority was about thirty in the Convention in favor of secession. I do not recollect the exact vote.

Q.—In a convention of how many?

A.—In a convention based upon the number of Senators and members of the House in the General Assembly of the State. The exact number I do not recollect, but I think it was near three hundred, perhaps a few over or under.

Q.—Was there any difference in different parts of the State in the strength of the Union sentiment at that time?

A.—In some of the mountain counties the Union sentiment was generally prevalent. The cities, towns and villages were generally for secession throughout the State, I think, with but few exceptions. The anti-secession sentiment was more general in the rural districts and in the mountain portions of the State, yet the people of some of the upper counties were very active and decided secessionists. There was nothing like a sectional division of the State at all; for instance, the Delegates from Floyd County, in which the City of Rome is situated, in the upper portion of the State, was an able one, and strong for secession, while the County of Jefferson, down in the interior of the cotton belt sent one of the most prominent delegations for the Union. I could designate other particular counties in that way throughout the State, showing that there was not what might be termed a sectional or geographical division of the State on the question.

Q.—In what particular did the people believe their constitutional liberties were endangered or assailed from the Union?

A.—Mainly, I would say, in their internal social policy and their apprehension from the general consolidating tendencies of the doctrines and principles of that political party which had recently succeeded in the choice of a President and Vice-President of the United States. It was the serious apprehension that if the Republican organization, as then constituted, should succeed to power, it would lead ultimately to a virtual subversion of the Constitution of the United States, and all its essential guarantees of public liberty. I think that was the sincere, honest conviction of the minds of our people. Those who opposed secession did not apprehend that any such result would necessarily follow the elections which had taken place; they still thought that all might be maintained in the Union and under the Constitution, especially as there were majorities in both houses of Congress who agreed with them on constitutional questions.

Q.—To what feature of their internal social policy did they apprehend danger?

A.—Principally the subordination of the African race as it existed under their laws and institutions.

Q.—In what spirit is the emancipation of the slaves received by the people?

A.—Generally, it is accepted, I think, in perfect good faith, and with a disposition to do the best that can be done in the new order of things in this particular.

Q.—What at present are the relations subsisting between the white people and black people, especially in the relation of employers and employed?

A.—Quite as good, I think, as in any part of the world that ever I have been in between like classes of employer and employe. The condition of things in this respect on my return last Fall was very different from what it was when I left home for my present visit to this city. During the Fall and up to the close of the year there was a general opinion prevailing among the colored people that at Christmas there would be a division of the lands, and a very general indisposition on their part to make any contracts at all for the present year. Indeed, there were very few contracts I think made throughout the State until after Christmas or about the first of January. Gen. TILLSON, who is at the head of the bureau in the State, and whose administration has given very general satisfaction to our people, I think was very active in disabusing the minds of the colored people from their error in this particular. He visited quite a number of places in the State, and addressed large audiences of colored people; and when they became satisfied that they were laboring under a mistake in anticipating a division of lands after Christmas and the 1st of January, they made contracts very readily generally; and since that time affairs in the main have moved on quite smoothly and quietly.

Q.—Are the negroes generally at work?

A.—Yes; they are generally at work; there are some idle; but this class constitute but a small proportion.

Q.—What upon the whole is their conduct? Proper under the circumstances in which they have been placed, or otherwise?

A.—As a whole, much better than the most hopeful looked for.

Q.—As far as you know, what are the leading objects and desires of the negroes at the present time in reference to themselves?

A.—It is to be protected in their rights of person and property—to be dealt by fairly and justly.

Q.—What, if anything, has been done by the Legislature of your State for the accomplishment of these objects?

A.—The Legislature has passed an act of which the following is a copy:

NUMBER 90.—*An Act to define the term "persons of color," and to declare the rights of such persons.*

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That all negroes, mulattoes, mestizoes and their descendants having one-eighth negro or African blood in their veins, shall be known in this State as "persons of color."

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That persons of color shall have the right to make and enforce contracts, to sue, be sued, to be parties and give evidence, to inherit, to purchase, and to have full and equal benefit of all laws and proceedings for the security of person and estate; and shall not be subject to any other or different punishment, pain or penalty for the commission of any act or offence than such as are prescribed for white persons committing like acts or offences.

The third section simply repeals all conflicting laws.

The bill was approved by the Governor March 17, 1866.

Q.—Does the act express the opinions of the people, and will it be sustained?

A.—I think it will be sustained by the courts, as well as by public sentiment. It was passed by the present Legislature as an evidence of the tone of the Legislature of the State, as well as that of the people of the State, upon the subject. I will refer you simply to a letter I wrote to Senator STEWART upon the same subject. I submit to you a copy of that letter. It is as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Wednesday, April 4, 1866.

DEAR SIR: In answer to your inquiries touching the sentiments and feelings of the people of Georgia toward the freedmen, and the legal status of this class of population in the State, allow me to say that the address delivered by me, on the 22d of February last, before the Legislature, a copy of which I herewith handed you, expresses very fully and clearly my own opinions and feelings upon the subject of your inquiry. This address was written and printed, as you now see it, before its delivery. It was delivered *verbatim*, as you now read it, that there might be no mistake about it. It was as it now stands unanimously indorsed by the Senate in a joint resolution, which was concurred in, in the House without dissent, and was ordered to be spread upon the journals of both Houses. This I refer you to, as a better and more reliable index of the feelings and views of the people of the State, on the subject, than any bare individual opinion I might entertain or express. The Legislature of the State, it is to be presumed, was correct an exponent of the general feelings and views of the State as any that can be obtained from any quarter. In addition to this, the Legislature subsequently evinced their principles by their works, in passing an act which I also enclosed to you. This act speaks for itself. It is short, concise, pointed as well as comprehensive. It secures to the colored race the right to contract and to enforce contracts, the right to sue and be sued, the right to testify in the Courts, subject to the same rules that govern the testimony of whites; and it subjects them to the same punishments for all offences as the whites.

In these respects, embracing all essential civil rights, all classes in Georgia now stand equal before the law. There is no discrimination in these particulars on account of race or color. Please excuse this hasty note. I have no time to go more into detail.

Yours, most respectfully,
ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.
Hon. WM. M. STEWART, United States Senate.

Q.—What, if anything, is being done in Georgia with regard to the education of negroes, either children or adults?

A.—Nothing by the public as yet; schools are being established in many parts of the State under the auspices of the Freedmen's Bureau, I think, and quite a number by the colored people themselves, encouraged by the whites.

Q.—What disposition do the negroes manifest in regard to education?

A.—There seems to be a very great desire on the part of the children and younger ones, and with their parents, to have them educated.

Q.—What is the present legal condition of those who have lived together as husband and wife? Do the laws recognize and sustain the relation and the legitimacy of their offspring?

A.—Our State laws do. They recognize all those living as man and wife as legally man and wife. A good many of them took out license and were married in the usual way. There is no difference in our laws in that respect. Licenses are issued for white and black alike, only they are prohibited from intermarrying with each other. The races are not permitted to intermarry.

Q.—Were the amendments to the Constitution of the State of Georgia, recently adopted, submitted to the people?

A.—No, Sir; they were not submitted. I have no hesitation, however, in expressing the opinion that nine-tenths of the people would have voted for them if the Constitution had been submitted. That is but an opinion. I heard no dissent at all in the State. I was there at the time. I got home before the Convention adjourned. The State Constitution, as made by the Convention, would have been ratified almost without opposition. It would have been ratified *nem. con.* if it had been submitted. This, at least, is my opinion.

Q.—What was the voting population of your State in 1860?

A.—Something upward of a hundred thousand.

Q.—What is, probably, the present voting population?

A.—The voting population of the State, under the present Constitution, is perhaps 80,000; and that is a mere estimate.

Q.—Has there been any enumeration of the losses of Georgia in the field in the military service?

A.—No accurate estimate that I am aware of.

Q.—What is it supposed to have been?

A.—I am not able to answer the question with anything like accuracy.

Q.—What is the public sentiment of Georgia with regard to the extension of the right of voting to the negroes?

A.—The general opinion in the State is very much averse to it.

Q.—If a proposition were made to amend the Constitution so as to have representation in Congress based upon voters substantially, would Georgia ratify such a proposed amendment if it were made a condition precedent to the restoration of the State to political power in the Government?

A.—I do not think they would. The people of Georgia, in my judgment, as far as I can reflect or represent their opinions, feel that they are entitled, under the Constitution of the United States, to representation without any further condition precedent. They would not object to entertain, discuss and exchange views in the common councils of the country, with the other States, upon such a proposition, or any proposition, to amend the Constitution or change it in any of its features, and they would abide by any change, if made as the Constitution provides; but they feel that they are constitutionally entitled to be heard, by their Senators and members in the Houses of Congress, upon this or any other proposed amendment. I do not, therefore, think that they would ratify that amendment suggested as a condition precedent to her being admitted to representation in Congress. Such, at least, is my opinion.

Q.—It is, then, your opinion that, at present, the people of Georgia would neither be willing to extend suffrage to the negroes, nor consent to the exclusion of the negroes from the basis of representation?

A.—The people of Georgia, in my judgment, are perfectly willing to leave suffrage and the basis of representation where the Constitution leaves it. They look upon the question of suffrage as one belonging exclusively to the States, one over which, and under the Constitution of the United States, Congress has no jurisdiction, power or control, except in proposing amendments to the States and not in exacting them from them; and I do not think, therefore, that the people of Georgia, while they are disposed, as I believe earnestly, to deal fairly, justly and generously with the freedmen, would be willing to consent to a change in the Constitution that would give Congress jurisdiction over the question of suffrage, and especially would they be very much averse to Congress exercising any such jurisdiction without their representatives in the Senate and House being heard in the public councils upon the question that so vitally concerns their internal policy, as well as all the internal policy of all the States.

Q.—If the proposition were to be submitted to Georgia, as one of the eleven States lately in rebellion, that she might be restored to political power in the Government of the country upon the condition precedent that she should, on the one hand extend suffrage to the negro, or on the other consent to their exclusion from the basis of representation, would she accept either proposition and take her place in the Government of the country?

A.—I can only give my opinion. I do not think she would accept either as a condition precedent presented by Congress; for they do not believe that Congress has the rightful power, under the Constitution to prescribe such a condition. If Georgia is a State in the Union her people feel that she is entitled to representation without conditions imposed by Congress; and if she is not a State in the Union then she could not be admitted as an equal with the others, if her admission were trammeled with conditions that do not apply to all the rest alike. General, universal suffrage among the colored people as they are now, would, by our people, be regarded as about as great a political evil as could befall them.

Q.—If the proposition were to extend the right of suffrage to those who could read, and those who had served in the Union armies, would that modification affect the action of the State?

A.—I think the people of the State would be unwilling to do more than they did for restoration; restricted or limited suffrage would not be so objectionable as general or universal, but it is a matter that belongs to the State to regulate. The question of suffrage, whether universal or restricted, is one of State policy exclusively, as they believe. Individually, I should not be opposed to a proper system of restricted or limited suffrage to this class of our population; but in my judgment it is a matter that belongs of constitutional right to the States to regulate exclusively, each for itself. But the people of that State, as I have said, would not willingly, I think, do more than they have done for restoration. The only view, in their opinion, that could possibly justify the war which was carried on by the Federal Government against them was the idea of the indissolubleness of the Union; that those who held the administration for the time were bound to enforce the execution of the laws, and the maintenance of the integrity of the Union under the Constitution; and since that was accomplished, since those who had assumed the contrary principle, the right of secession, and the reserved sovereignty of the States, had abandoned their cause, and the administration here was successful in maintaining the idea upon which it was proclaimed and waged, and the only view in which they supposed it could be justified at all, and when that was accomplished I say the people of Georgia supposed their State was immediately entitled *to all* her rights under the Constitution. That is my opinion of the sentiment of the people of Georgia, and I do not think they would be unwilling to do anything further, as a condition precedent to their being permitted to enjoy the full measure of their constitutional rights. I only give my opinion of the sentiment of the people, at the time they expected, that as soon as the Confederate cause was abandoned that immediately the States would be brought back into their practical relations with the Government as previously constituted. That is what they looked to. They expected that the State would immediately have their Representatives in the House, and they expected in good faith, as loyal men, as the term is frequently used, I mean by it, loyal to law and order, and to the Constitution, to support the Government under the Constitution. That was their policy? They did what they did, believing it was best for the protection of constitutional liberty. Toward the Constitution of the United States, as they construed it, the great mass of our people were always as much devoted in their feelings, as any people to any cause. This is my opinion, as I remarked, before they resorted to secession, with a view of maintaining more securely these principles, and when they found they were not successful in their object, in perfect good faith, as far as I can judge from meeting with them and conversing with them, looking to future developments of their country in its material resources, as well as its moral and intellectual progress; their earnest desire and expectation was to allow the past struggle, lamentable as it was in its results, to pass by, and to coöperate with the true friends of the Constitution—those of all sections who earnestly strive for the preservation of constitutional liberty and the perpetuation of the Government in its purity. They have been a little disappointed in this, and are so now. They are patiently waiting, however, and believing that when the passions of the hour have passed away, this delay in restoration will cease. They think they have done everything that was essential and proper, and my judgment is, that they would not be willing to do anything further as a condition precedent. They would simply remain quiet and passive.

Q.—Does your own judgment approve the view you have given as the opinion of the people of the State?

A.—My own judgment is very decided that the question of suffrage belongs under the Constitution, and wisely too, to the States respectively and exclusively.

Q.—Is it your opinion that neither of the alternatives suggested in the question ought to be accepted by the people of Georgia?

A.—My own opinion is, that these terms ought not to be offered as conditions precedent. In other words, my opinion is that it would be best for the peace, harmony and prosperity of the whole country, that there should be an immediate restoration, and immediate bringing back of the States into their original relations, and let all these questions then be discussed in common council. Then the representatives of the South could be heard, and you and all could judge much better of the tone and temper of the people than you could of the opinions given by any individuals. You may take my opinion or the opinion of any individual, but they will not enable you to judge of the condition of the people of the State so well as for her own representatives to be heard in your public councils, in her own behalf. My judgment, therefore, is very decided that it would have been better, as soon as the lamentable conflict was over, when the people of the South abandoned their cause and agreed to accept the issue, desiring as they do to resume their places for the future in the Union, and to look to the halls of Congress, and the Courts for the protection of their rights in the Union—it would have been better to allow that result to follow under the policy adopted by the Administration than to deny it or hinder it by propositions to amend the Constitution in respect to suffrage or any other new matter. I think the people of all the Southern States would, in the halls of Congress, discuss these questions calmly and deliberately, and if they did not show that the views entertained were just such as to control the judgment of the people of the other sections and States, they would quietly and patriotically yield to whatever should be constitutionally determined in common council; but I think they feel sensitively the offer to them of propositions to accept, while they are denied all voice in the common council of the Union under the Constitution. In the discussion of these propositions I think they feel very sensitively that they are denied the right to be heard; and while, as I have said, they might differ among themselves in many points in regard to suffrage, they would not differ upon the question of doing anything further as a condition precedent to the restoration, and in respect to the alternate conditions to be so presented. I do not think they would accept the one or the other. My individual general views as to the proper course to be pursued in respect to the colored people are expressed in a speech before made before the Georgia Legislature referred to in my letter to Senator STEWART. That was the proper forum, as I conceive, in which to discuss this subject, and I think a great deal depends in the advancement of civilization and progress, looking to the benefit of all classes, that these questions should be considered and kept before the proper forum.

Q.—Suppose the States that are represented in Congress and Congress should be of the opinion that Georgia should not be permitted to take its place in the Government of the country except upon its assent to one or the other of the two propositions suggested, is it then your opinion that under such circumstances Georgia ought to decline?

WITNESS—You mean the States now represented, and those only?

Mr. BOUTWELL—Yes.

WITNESS—You mean by "Congress," Congress as it is now constituted, with the other eleven States excluded?

Mr. BOUTWELL—I do.

A.—Then I think she ought to decline under the circumstances and for the reasons stated, and so ought the whole eleven. Should such an offer be made and declined, and these States should thus continue to be excluded and kept out, a singular spectacle would be presented; a complete reversal of positions would be presented. In 1861 these States thought they could not remain safely in the Union without new guarantees, and now when they agree to resume their former practical relations in the Union under the Constitution as it is, the other States turn upon them and say they cannot permit them to do so safely to their interest without new guarantees on their part. The Southern States would thus present themselves as willing for immediate union under the Constitution, while it would be the Northern States opposed to it. The former disunionists would thereby become Unionists, and the former practical disunionists.

By Mr. BOUTWELL—Do you mean to be understood in your last answer that there is no constitutional power in the Government, as at present organized, to exact conditions precedent to the restoration to political power of the eleven States that have been in rebellion?

A.—That is my opinion.

Q.—Do you entertain the same opinion in reference to the amendment to the Constitution abolishing Slavery?

A.—I do. I think the States, however, abolished Slavery in good faith, as one of the results of the war. Their satisfaction of the Constitutional Amendment followed as a consequence. I do not think there is any constitutional power on the part of the Government to have exacted it as a condition precedent to their restoration under the Constitution, or to the assumption of their places as members of the Union.

Q.—What, in your opinion, is the legal value of the laws passed by Congress, and approved by the President, in the absence of Senators and Representatives from the eleven States?

A.—I do not know what particular laws you refer to, but my answer generally is, that the validity of all laws depend upon their constitutionality. This is a question for the Judiciary to determine. My own judgment, whatever it might be, would have to conform to the judicial determination of the question. It is a question for the Courts to determine.

Q.—Have you formed any opinion upon that question?

A.—I cannot say that I have formed any matured opinion in reference to any particular act of Congress embraced in the question.

Q.—Assume that Congress shall in this session, in the absence of Senators and Representatives from the eleven States, pass an act levying taxes upon all the people of the United States, including the eleven, is it your opinion that such an act would be constitutional?

A.—I should doubt if it would be. It would certainly, in my opinion, be manifestly unjust and against all ideas of American representative Government. Its constitutionality, however, would be a question for the judiciary to decide, and I should be willing to abide by that decision, whatever it might be.

Q.—If the eleven States have at present an immediate constitutional right to be represented in Congress, on a footing with the States at present represented, has that been a continuous right from the formation of the Government, or from the time of the admission of the new States respectively, or has it been interrupted by war?

A.—I think, as the Congress of the United States did not consent to the withdrawal of the seceding States, it was a continuous right under the Constitution of the United States, to be exercised so soon as the seceding States respectively made known their readiness to resume their former political relations with the Federal Government under the Constitution of the United States, as the General Government denied the right of secession, I do not think any of the States attempting to exercise it thereby lost any of their rights under the Constitution, as States, when their people abandoned that attempt.

Q.—Is it, or not, your opinion that the Legislatures and people of the eleven States respectively have at present such a right to elect Senators and Representatives to Congress, that it may be exercised without regard to the part which persons elected may have had in the rebellion?

A. I do not think they could exercise that right in the choice of their Senators and members, so as to impair in the slightest degree the constitutional right of each House for itself to judge of the qualifications of those who might be chosen. The right of the constitutional election of a State to choose, and the right of each House of Congress to judge of the qualifications of those elected to the respective bodies, are very distinct and different questions; and in thus judging of qualifications, I am free to admit that in my opinion, no one should be admitted as a member of either House of Congress who is not really and truly loyal to the Constitution of the United States and to the Government established by it.

Q.—State whether, from your observation, the events of the war have produced any change in the public mind of the South on the question of the reserved rights of the States under the Constitution of the United States?

A.—That question I answered in part yesterday. While I cannot state from personal knowledge to what extent the opinions of the Southern States upon the abstract question of the reserved rights of the States may have changed, my decided opinion is that a very thorough change has taken place upon the practical policy of resorting to any such right.

Q.—What events or experience of the war have contributed to this change?

A.—First, the people are satisfied that a resort to the exercise of this right, while it is denied by the Federal Government, will lead to war, which many thought before the late attempted secession would not be the case; and civil wars, they are also now very well satisfied, are dangerous to liberty; and, moreover, their experience in the late war, I think, has satisfied them that it greatly endangered their own. I allude especially to the suppression of the writ of *habeas corpus* and the military conscription; the proclamations of martial law in various places; general impressments and the levying of forced contributions, as well as the very demoralizing effects of war generally.

Q.—When were you last a member of the Congress of the United States?

A.—I went out on the 4th of March, 1859.

Q.—Will you state, if not indisposed to do so, the considerations or opinions which led you to identify yourself with the rebellion so far as to accept the office of Vice-President of the Confederate States of America, so called?

A.—I believed thoroughly in the reserved sovereignty of the several States of the Union under the compact of Union, or the Constitution of 1787. I opposed secession, therefore, as a question of policy, and not one of right on the part of Georgia. When the State seceded against my judgment and vote, I thought my ultimate allegiance was due to her, and I preferred to cast my fortunes and destiny with her and her people rather than to take any other course, even though it may lead to my self-sacrifice and her ruin. In accepting position under the new order of things, my sole object was to do all the good I could in preserving and perpetuating the principles of liberty as established under the Constitution of the United States. If the Union was to be abandoned, either with or without force, which I thought a very impolitic measure, I wished, if possible, to rescue, preserve and perpetuate the principles of the Constitution. This I was not without hope might be done in the new Confederacy of States formed. When the conflict arose my efforts were directed to a speedy and peaceful adjustment of the questions as possible. This adjustment I always thought to be lasting, would have ultimately to be settled upon a constitutional basis; founded upon the principles of mutual convenience and reciprocal advantage on the part of the States on which the Constitution of the United States was originally formed. I was wedded to no particular plan of adjustment, except the recognition as a basis of the separate sovereignty of the several States with this recognized principle. I thought all other questions of difference ought to adjust themselves according to the best interest, peace, welfare and prosperity of the whole country, as enlightened reason, calm judgment and a sense of justice might direct. This doctrine of the sovereignty of the several States is a self-adjusting, regulating principle of our American system of State government extending possibly over the Continent.

Q.—Have your sentiments undergone any change since the opening of the rebellion, in reference to the reserved right of the States under the Constitution of the United States?

A.—My convictions on the original abstract question have undergone no change, but I accept the issue of the war, and the result as a practical settlement of that question. The sword was appealed to to decide the question, and by the decision of the sword I am willing to abide.

ARKANSAS.

Major-Gen. JAMES G. BLUNT was in Western Arkansas in the Fall of 1865. Those who had been identified with the rebel Government, and those who sympathized with and aided in the rebellion, were acting in good faith, according to the conditions on which they surrendered. The relation between the freedmen and the resident people, including a great many returned rebels, seemed to be satisfactory. There was a disposition on their part to seek employment, and there seemed to be no apprehension that they would be defrauded or ill-treated. The State has lost a large percentage of the population she had at the commencement of the war, but the loss has, in a great measure, been supplied by loyal people from other States. In the district represented by Col. JOHNSON, of Western Arkansas, if the Federal troops were withdrawn and the matter left to the decision of the resident population, including those who had taken part in the rebellion, the elections would be controlled by loyal men.

JONAS M. TEBBETTS, a lawyer, and a loyal refugee from Arkansas during the war, returned to Little Rock in January last. The people of the State, including many of the leading spirits in the rebellion, then thought they could establish the Confederacy, as was attempted in 1861. They would now prefer the restoration of the Union. The witness read a letter from Gov. MURPHY, in which he says: "The State is doing nobly. I feel proud of the people of Arkansas. Never since it has been a State have the people displayed more energy. In most of the Counties every foot of cleared land will be cultivated, and the demand will not be supplied. Civil law is in full operation. Crime is rare. The idle and lawless have generally left the country. Grand Juries are doing well. The hostile elements are harmonizing rapidly. If unanimity and firmness guide the Government at Washington, our troubles will be at an end. Harmony between Congress and the President is of the utmost importance to the peace of the South. God grant that harmony may prevail in our national councils, and may all the departments be guided by the spirit of wisdom and patriotism. If party spirit and selfish ambition get the control of the Government, our troubles are but begun. The Southern people are tired of ambition; they want peace. We want quiet and protection, that we may devote ourselves to the restoration of our fortunes and the education of our children. This is the feeling of the industrious masses." In reply to a question relative to negro suffrage, the witness said: "I believe there are some who favor it, but I think there are very few, even among those who were Union men during the whole rebellion, or indeed among those who were in arms fighting against the rebellion."

Lieut.-Col. C. A. HENRY, late Chief-Quartermaster, Seventh Army Corps, stationed at Little Rock, testifies that a great many of the men who were prominent in the rebellion have expressed themselves as having made a great mistake, and are now anxious to resume citizenship in good faith.

Maj.-Gen. FAGAN, who commanded the rebel Department of Arkansas; Gen. RECTOR, who was the Governor at the time of the passage of the ordinance of secession; Gen. FLANNAGAN, who succeeded him; Mr. GARLAND, a Confederate Senator from Arkansas, and others prominent in the rebellion, are now giving a hearty support to the Government. There is a disposition in the Union Party to receive in good faith the adhesion of these men; but there is no disposition to confer office upon those who have been in the rebel service. They are willing to allow them to come into their churches as converts, but are disposed to let them occupy back seats for some years to come. The vote cast in the October election was small, from the fact that the Union Party had very little confidence that the members would be admitted. Col. JOHNSON and other members elect had been here for two sessions without admission, and the Union people felt discouraged at the prospect. The condition of the negroes in Arkansas is generally very comfortable. There is very little suffering among them as a class. They are all anxious to learn. Officers of colored regiments state that a majority of their soldiers are learning to read and write. The schools in Little Rock are full, and the children improving rapidly. The wages usually paid negroes last year were $25 a month. But little cotton was raised in the State last year. This year there will be as many acres in cotton as there were prior to the war. A great many officers and soldiers of the Federal army have settled in Arkansas, and are raising cotton.

Q.—What is the disposition of the people of Arkansas in regard to allowing negroes to vote?

A.—I do not think a proposition of that kind, if submitted to the people, would be agreed to now. I think ultimately it will be advocated by the Union party. The Senators and Representatives elected from Arkansas are all loyal men. Judge BAXTER, one of the Senators, was confined in a Confederate prison for treason to the Confederacy. He was elected Judge of the Supreme Court on the reorganization of the Union Government. Mr. SNOW, the other Senator, was one of the first who came to the Federal army, on entering Little Rock, and was understood to have been a Union man during the rebellion. The effort was made at one time to lynch him as an Abolitionist. He has been an active and consistent Union man since the Federal army entered the State, and is considered to belong to the radical element. The Freedmen's Bureau has done good in Arkansas, and is not unacceptable to the people; but labor is so generally organized, and all are so obviously adapting themselves to the new order of things, that it can be suspended without injury to either capital or labor in another year. Major-Gen. C. C. ANDREWS was in command of the post of Little Rock eight months up to July, 1864. There was a good loyal element in Arkansas, better than in any State witness had been in. In March, 1866, there were 12,000 *bona fide* votes given for the Free State Constitution. The procession that escorted Gov. MURPHY to the Capitol at Little Rock was over three miles in length, the whites and blacks turning out generally. There was, however, a reaction in that State after the reverse of the Red River campaign, and many who voted for the Free State Constitution were conscripted or went voluntarily into the Confederate service.

MISSISSIPPI.

Capt. J. H. MATHEWS, on duty in Southern Mississippi since July last, as Provost-Marshal or sole Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, testifies that the condition of the freedmen in that State was very bad, indeed. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, after LEE's surrender, where contracts were made with negroes for their labor, at the end of the year, they were driven off without payment or a division of the crop. I find the people generally very bitter, so much so that I consider it dangerous for any Federal officer to pass unescorted through that country, particularly between New-Orleans and Vicksburgh, or between New-Orleans and Jackson. WILLIAM F. DOWNS made a trip down the Mississippi, and across the country to Atlanta, in December, as Revenue Agent of the Treasury. He found the people generally bitter in their opposition to the Government. Brevet Brig.-Gen. JOHN TARBELL, after being mustered out of the army, purchased a plantation in Scott County, Mississippi, and traveled through the State generally. He thinks the planters and the educated classes generally accept the situation in perfect good faith. He very much regretted, however, a disposition on their part to coöperate with the Copperheads of the North, and a great deal of their excited talk should not be ascribed to their disloyalty, but rather to a disposition to indulge in that freedom of speech which is allowed in this country. The reports in the Northern States of outrages on and ill-treatment of the colored people, are quite exceptional cases, if not absolutely false. He would as soon travel alone unarmed through the South as through the North.

Hon. WILLIAM L. SHARKEY testified that when he commenced his duties as Provisional Governor of Mississippi, he found the people fifty to one perfectly reconciled to the condition of things. Even the secession party admitted that they had made a miserable failure, and were anxious to get back into the Union. They came up freely and cheerfully, and met all the demands of the President. Some prejudice had arisen against the State because of a foolish provision of a late legislative enactment limiting the right of freedmen to hold property. That action was in contravention of the laws as they had always previously existed. The freedmen are doing unmistakably well. But there is no disguising the fact that the Freedmen's Bureau and the colored troops have done more harm than good. Gen. HOWARD is a very clever gentleman. But there are men in charge of the Freedmen's Bureau in Mississippi who are disposed to speculate on white and black. I verily believe that if at the time I was there all the troops and the Freedmen's Bureau had been withdrawn, I could have had a perfect state of order in two weeks. There are now in the State very little over one-half as many freedmen as there were formerly slaves. There is no telling the mortality that has prevailed among them. They have died in immense numbers. The negroes are in very few instances disposed to accumulate property. My expectation concerning them is that they are destined to extinction beyond a doubt. We must judge of the future by the past; and I could tell you a great many circumstances to that effect.

In answer to a question as to the status of Senators and members elected to Congress, the witness said they were all Whigs except one, who was a Union Democrat. The Whig party as a general thing were clear of the odium of secession. The State Government, I regret to say, is in the hands of conservative men. The Judges of the High Court of Errors were all Secessionists. We really had no material of respectability to run against them. The Attorney-General is in the same category.

ALABAMA.

Brevet Maj.-Gen. A. L. CHETLAIN was in Alabama a little over three months, up to January last. A class of intelligent and worthy men are anxious that Northern men should come into the State, but a majority of the people oppose them. There is generally throughout the State a feeling of dislike to the colored people, and in some localities they are treated brutally, robbed on the highway and frequently killed. The price of labor is lower than in any other Southern State. The wages of able-bodied men range from eight to twelve dollars per month. A majority of the people of Central and Southern Alabama have but little love for the Union, and are no more loyal now than they were two years ago. Kidnapping negroes in Central and Southern Alabama and sending them to Cuba has been carried on for some months past. There is a strong feeling of hostility to the Freedmen's Bureau throughout the central part of Alabama. They regard it as a species of espionage and oppose it very strongly.

Brevet Maj.-Gen. WAGER SWAYNE, Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for Alabama since August last, testifies that since he went there there has been a gradual cessation of disorder, a progress in legislation toward equal laws for all men, and a marked decrease of political animosity. When he went there, failing to induce the Provisional Government to issue a proclamation declaring that the negro should have full civil rights, witness issued such an order himself, inviting the judges and magistrates of the State to become his agents for the administration of justice. The order was seconded by the Governor and generally carried out by the magistrates. The system of agencies was continued by order of the Convention when it assembled, until the close of the next session of the Legislature. That body, however, when it met passed a series of laws, regarded as a practical reenactment of Slavery in all particulars, except the sale of persons. The bills were vetoed by Gov. PARSONS, and the vetoes were sustained in each instance; after which no attempt at class legislation was made. After the surrender of LEE a kindly feeling was generally expressed toward the United States, since which a great increase of bitterness has taken place, displaying itself in a sort of social ostracism of Union men, Northern emigrants and army officers. There is a general desire on the part of the people to see the Bureau removed. The Governor would like to see it removed; but while it remains, extends to it cordial coöperation. The City of Mobile appears to be largely under the dominion of rowdyism, and actuated throughout by a feeling of hostility to the freedmen. During the past six months four colored churches have been burned in consequence of the attempt to establish colored schools in them.

GEORGIA.

JAMES P. HAMPLETON, a rebel surgeon, residing in Atlanta, testifies that the people there expect payment for their slaves, and for the destruction of property by the war, when the passions of the hour shall have subsided. They expect that at some future day there will be a sort of compromise, by which the Southern States will be relieved of their share of the rebel debt as compensation for their losses. The people hold the same opinions as to State Sovereignty as before the war; but having accepted the situation, cannot, as honorable men, again resort to secession. They would not consent to negro suffrage, but could offer no resistance to a law of Congress on that subject.

Hon. JAMES JOHNSON, late Provisional Governor of Georgia, testifies that immediately after emancipation went into actual effect, there was some hostility manifested toward the negroes, but that is abandoned. A few United States troops and the Freedmen's Bureau should be retained in Georgia until the District and Circuit Courts of the United States are properly organized, and the Legislature has perfected its system of laws in reference to the negroes; then the Congressional Civil Rights Bill will dispense with the necessity of the Bureau. The Constitution as recently adopted makes the Constitution of the United States and the laws made in pursuance thereof paramount, thus settling the disputed question which was the bottom of the whole difficulty. The people of Georgia are very much averse to having negro suffrage imposed on them; they would not submit to it with a good grace, and in fact it would bring about a collision.

THE FENIAN FLURRY.

Capture of a British Flag by the Fenians, &c.

EASTPORT, Me., Monday, April 16.

The United States steamer *Winooski* arrived here yesterday. She is supposed to have been sent here to observe neutrality on the border.

A party of five men, supposed to be Fenians, went across to Indian Island, on Saturday night, and presented their revolvers at the head of the Deputy Collector, demanded his flag, (British) which he was compelled to give up to them.

A Curious Proclamation—Mutiny on a British War Vessel.

EASTPORT, Me., Monday, April 16.

The following has been circulated on board the English gunboat at Campo Bello:

"SAILORS AND MARINES: United States citizens invite you ashore, where, if you leave behind the property and habiliments of Slavery, you will find liberty, comrades and countrymen."

A mutiny broke out on board the steamer, and forty men have been put in irons.

From Canada.

TORONTO, C. W., Monday, April 16.

The *Official Gazette* publishes orders for the whole Provincial force to parade and drill two days every week; also, a proclamation declaring the act respecting the public health to be enforced for six months; and also new quarantine regulations.

The Ohio murder case has been closed at Ottawa, and the prisoner delivered to the Sheriff of Cleveland for extradition.

The Fenian examination at Cornwall begins to-morrow.

Mr. DEVLIN, of Montreal, and Hon. J. S. McDONALD, are engaged for the defence.

The Fenians on the Frontier.

AUGUSTA, Me., Monday, April 16.

Adjt.-Gen. HODSDON left this afternoon for Calais with instructions from Gov. CONY to see that the laws of the State are not violated through any hostile demonstrations that may occur from the alleged Fenian movement on the border. It is regarded as almost certain by the Mayor of Calais, who telegraphs to the State authorities for protection, that a Fenian movement is seriously apprehended in that quarter.

PORTLAND, Me., Monday, April 16.

About one hundred and fifty Fenians left for Eastport in the boat to-night.

CALAIS, Me., Monday, April 16.

All quiet at St. Croix. No disturbance has yet occurred here or at St. Stephen.

A Fenian mass meeting is now gathered at St. Croix Hall, and will be addressed by B. DORAN KILLIAN, Major SENNOTT, and others.

THE SICKNESS AT HALIFAX.

A Consultation of Physicians—The Disease Pronounced Asiatic Cholera—No Cases of Sickness among the Cabin Passengers.

The Collector of the Port yesterday received the following important dispatch from our Consul at Halifax:

HALIFAX, April 16.

To the Collector of Customs of the Port of New-York:

The city physicians on board the emigrant ship *England*, after further developments of the disease and fuller consultations last evening, concur in pronouncing it Asiatic cholera.

The passengers are detained at quarantine ground, and other precautionary measures have been adopted to prevent the disease from spreading.

M. M. JACKSON, United States Consul.

The Steamer England—Her Cabin Passengers All Well.

HALIFAX, Monday, April 16.

Not a single case of sickness has occurred among the cabin passengers on board the steamer *England*. This announcement will relieve the anxiety of their friends.

VIRGINIA.

A Negro Celebration of the Passage of the Civil Rights Bill—A Street Fight.

NORFOLK, Va., Monday, April 16.

The negros were out to-day in a large procession in honor of the passage of the Civil Rights Bill.

While the procession was passing through the streets a difficulty occurred between the negroes and whites, during which one white man was killed, and his brother and step-mother were mortally wounded. Order was restored by the military.

The Philadelphia Slaughter—Arrest of the Supposed Accomplice.

LONDON, C. W., Monday, April 16.

The supposed accomplice in the sevenfold Philadelphia murderer has been arrested here. He gives his name as CHARLES McCUTCHEON. When arrested he turned pale and nearly fainted. The only discrepancy between the description of the murderer and the appearance of the prisoner is, that instead of having lost a thumb his forefinger is gone. Otherwise there is the closest identity. A further examination is about to take place.

Opening of the Welland Canal.

ST. CATHARINES, C. W., Monday, April 16.

The Welland Canal is clear of ice and will be opened for navigation to-morrow, the 17th inst.

There is a good deal of ice yet in the Lake off Port Calburne, but if the weather should be favorable, vessels will be able to navigate through in a few days.

Important Legal Decision.

MILWAUKEE, Monday, April 16.

The United States Circuit Court has affirmed the judgment in the case of SELAH CHAMBERLAIN *vs.* the Eastern Division of the La Crosse Railroad Company, for principal and interest, amounting to about $1,000,000.

The Murderers Terrell and Withers at Large.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Monday, April 16.

The notorious murderers TERRELL and WITHERS were rescued from Spencer County Jail, on Friday morning, by a party of seven armed men in disguise, who threatened the life of the jailor on his refusal to unlock the cells.

The Maine Commissioner to the French Exhibition.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Monday, April 16.

Hon. CHARLES A. SHAW, Mayor of Biddeford, has been appointed Commissioner to the Exposition to be held in Paris next year.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The New-York Collectorship Settled at Last.

Henry A. Smythe, President of the Central National Bank, Appointed.

Mortifying Scenes of Drunkenness in the Senate.

California Once More Disgraced by Her Representative.

Bill in the House to Reimburse New-York for War Expenses.

Correspondence About the French in Mexico Called For.

Curious Proposition About Newspapers for Our Diplomatic Agents.

Discussion Upon the Reorganization of the Army.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 16.

A COLLECTOR FOR NEW-YORK APPOINTED.

As indicated in my dispatch of last night, the President sent to the Senate to-day the nomination of HENRY A. SMYTHE to be Collector of the Port of New-York. Mr. SMYTHE is well and favorably known in business circles; was formerly a leading dry goods merchant, and is now a Director in the Bank of Commerce, and President of the Central National Bank. He is a man of much energy of character, excellent business capacity, and will prove eminently efficient in the discharge of his duties. He was originally a Whig in politics, then a Republican, and is a thorough Union man. The President was induced to appoint Mr. SMYTHE because he desired to make an appointment that would not be offensive to any section of the Union Party, and he did it after a full explanation of his motives to his friends in Congress from New-York who cordially approve his action. Mr. SMYTHE being at the Capitol this afternoon was warmly congratulated by the leading Republican Senators.

NOMINATION OF A JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

The President sent to the Senate to-day the nomination of HENRY STANBERY, Esq., of Kentucky, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill the place made vacant by the death of Justice CATRON, of Tennessee. Mr. STANBERY is well-known as an eminent lawyer and a thorough-going Union man. In connection with this nomination it should be stated that the House recently passed a bill abolishing this Judgeship, and the Senate, instead of confirming the nomination, may pass the bill.

DISGRACEFUL SCENE IN THE SENATE.

It was to-day reserved for that dignified body—the American Senate—to be the scene of the greatest disgrace. Whatever lack of dignity the proceedings of the House may sometimes exhibit, it has not yet been disgraced by the habitual intoxication of any member. During the consideration of a bill to aid the construction of a branch of the Pacific Railroad, Senator McDOUGAL charged his colleague, Senator CONNESS with acting from personal motives, but entered into no specifications or details of statement. This charge seemed to arouse in Mr. CONNESS all the anger and bitterness of feeling which he has felt in consequence of the disgraceful conduct of his colleague, and he retorted in a terribly severe manner, portraying with bitter invective the many occasions when Mr. McDOUGAL had entered the Senate Chamber in a state of maudlin intoxication. Though Mr. CONNESS' remarks were severely personal, he in no way violated the propriety of the occasion, nor offended the refined sense of any one, except McDOUGAL, if it be that he has any. The latter, in reply, sought to illustrate the difference between himself and his colleague by an anecdote, and proceeded to relate a puerile story, so filled with the most outrageous and indecent profanity as to produce consternation in the ladies' gallery, and to compel the presiding officer, Mr. FOSTER, to check the Senator until he observed common decency in his speech. He soon concluded in a low, incoherent tone, inaudible in the galleries. Senator McDOUGAL's term expires March 4, 1867, and Senators for that reason have been disposed to be tolerant with his many violations of the Senate's dignity. But, if after the grossly disgraceful enactment of to-day they do not expel the Senator from California, it will be an uncomfortable reflection on the character of that body for dignity and decency.

PERSONAL MATTERS IN THE HOUSE.

The air of Congress to-day was heavily charged with explosive material, and personal explanations, points of order and disgraceful scenes went off like a bunch of fire crackers. In the House the fray was opened by Mr. WHALEY, of West Virginia, who pitched into the correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* for a paragraph in that paper of which the poor fellow was entirely innocent. Mr. WHALEY's irritation is the result of his indignant repudiation of the appointment of Mr. *Et al.* in the Agricultural Bureau. Mr. ROGERS, of New-Jersey, and Mr. CONKLING, of New-York, then followed in a personal explanation regarding the latter's course on the Bankrupt Bill, called out by some remarks in this correspondence. This being concluded, the consideration of the Army Bill was proceeded with, when a passage at arms occurred between Mr. ROGERS and Mr. BLAINE, of Maine, in which the former charged the latter with saying an unkind thing about his propensity for talking. Explanations followed, and the *entente cordiale* between Mr. BLAINE and the great Democratic leader was reëstablished, the good nature of the latter going a great way toward granting him toleration among the Republicans. At a later period of the debate upon the bill, pending an amendment to strike out the Veteran Reserve Corps provision, Mr. INGERSOLL of Illinois, and Mr. ELDRIDGE of Wisconsin, got into a windy war of words, during which the epithets "Copperhead" and "Traitor" were hurled back and forth with great vigor. Several other gentlemen got mixed up in the affair, and nearly half an hour was consumed in points of order, violent talk and general confusion, during which, at 4:30, the House adjourned.

THE ARMY BILL.

The House, in considering the Army Bill, got as far as the fourth section, when a motion was made to recommit, with instructions to report a bill which should not organize an army of more than 40,000 men. This failed by a large majority, when a motion was made to strike out the provisions organizing ten regiments of veteran reserves and eight regiments of colored troops. This was also voted down, when a motion was made to strike out the provision for the Veteran Reserve Corps, pending which a very exciting discussion sprang up, and the House adjourned. There will be a lively time on this provision to-morrow.

TRIAL OF MAJOR GEE.

It is already known that Major GEE, the Commandant of the Salisbury (N. C.) Prison is on trial before a Military Court at Raleigh. Last week a motion was made on the part of the accused to quash the proceedings.

The Judge Advocate read an order from the War Department to suspend the mustering out of officers detailed to sit on the Commission, which order being dated subsequently to the President's Proclamation, was held to be tantamount to an order to continue the trial.

The Court decided against the motion, when the so

Continued on Eighth Page.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 16, 1866.

$10,000 U. S. 6s,'81. C..	105⅝	160 West. U. Tel.......	55
6,000 U.S. 6s,5-20s.R.'62	100⅞	50 do......2d call	55
60,000 U.S.6s.5-20s.C '62	104⅜	67 do	54⅝
90,000 do..at 10 days	104¾	100 Mar. Min. Co.	13½
5,000 U.S.6s,5-20s.R.'64	104¼	200 do......2d call	13½
10,000 U.S.6s, 5-20s.C.'65	104⅛	100 Mar. Pref.	23½
1,000 U. S. 6s, '68...C	115	1000 do	23⅝
15,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40 C..	92¼	300 do......2d call	23⅝
3,000 Tr. Notes. 73-10s.		100 At. Mail S. Co.....	131
First Series....	100⅜	100 Boston Water P...	40
4,000 do	100⅞	300 do	38½
5,000 do...Sec. Ser.	100⅞	100 do	39
1,000 do.3d S..Small	100⅛	100 do.....b10	38½
3,000 do	100⅜	100 Ashb'n Coal	12½
5,000 do	100⅞	100 N. Y. Central	93
18,000 Tenn. 6s, '90	90½	200 do	92⅞
8,000 do...2d call	90¾	400 do.....s30	92½
2,000 Virginia 6s	68	100 do...2d call.s5	92⅞
2,000 N. Car. 6s	84	200 do	92½
10,000 Missouri 6s	73½	200 Erie R	73⅝
20,000 O. & M. Cer	26⅛	1700 do	73½
2,000 Hud. Riv. 1st M.	102	800 do	73⅝
1,000 Alt.& T.H. Inc	75	100 Erie R. Pref	78
500 Tol. & Wab. 2d	72	100 Hud. Riv. R	108⅝
10,000 P.,Ft.W.&Ch. 1st	97½	1000 Reading R	104
2,000 P.,Ft.W.&Ch.2d.	92	500 do.....b15	104⅛
15 Bank of Commerce.	107½	500 do	104⅛
48 Bank of Republic	109	1000 do.....2d call.	103⅞
25 Mech. Bk'g Ass'n	108	500 Mich. S. & N.I	79¼
30 People's Bank	118	300 do	79⅜
5 Shoe & Leather Bk.	110	200 Ill. Cen. R	115
15 Fourth N. Bk	101	200 Chi. & N. W	26⅛
100 Canton Co	52½	500 C. & N. W. P	55½
100 do	52	400 do	55⅝
100 Wilkesbarre Coal	48	100 do.....s10	55½
100 Quick. Min. Co	54	200 Cleve. & T. R..x-d	104
200 do	54⅛	100 Chi. & R. I	119⅛
200 do	54½	300 do	119½
500 do	54⅝	300 do	119⅛
300 do	54¾	200 do.....s30	119
100 do	54⅞	100 Alt. & T. H.Pr	63
200 do.....b30	55⅛	100 Stonington R	100½
100 do.....b10	55	100 Alt. & T. H	33
100 do.....b30	55	100 Chic. & Gr. E. R	41
100 do...2d call	55⅝	100 do	40½
100 do	54¾		

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

$25,000 U. S. 6s, '81..C..	105½	200 Cleve. & Pitts	79⅞
100 Cum. Coal	44½	200 Cleve. & Tol	103⅞
100 West. U. Teleg'h	55	200 M. S. & N. I.	79¼
200 Quick. M. Co...b13	56¼	200 do	79⅛
100 do	56⅛	100 Chi. & N. W. P	55½
200 Mar. Mining Co	13½	100 do	55⅝
200 Mariposa Pr	24	300 Chic. & R. I	119½
100 Erie R	73¼	100 do	119¾
800 do	73⅛	100 Alt.&T.H.R	33⅞
500 Reading R	103¾		

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

$20,000 U.S.6s5-20s.C.'65	104⅜	200 Atlantic S. S. Co	132
11,000 U.S. 5s. 10-40s. C.	92¼	500 Bruns. L. Co	10
5,000 T. Notes, 7 3-10s		100 Erie R	73
First Ser	100⅞	100 Erie R. P	77
19,000 do...2d Ser.	100⅞	100 P., Ft.W. & C	91
21,000 Tenn. 6s	90	200 do	91¼
5,000 Mo. State 6s	73⅝	500 Reading R	103⅞
30,000 O. & M. Cer	26⅛	200 Mich. S. & N. I	79⅜
10,000 Amer. Gold	125½	500 Cleve. & Pitts	81
100 Cum. Coal P	44½	500 do	81¼
100 Canton Co.....b30	52½	500 do	81½
200 Western U. Tel	54½	5500 do	81⅜
100 Mariposa Min	13⅞	2000 do	82
300 Quick. Min. Co	56½	400 do	81⅞
200 do	5	500 do...2d call	82
100 do	56⅜	100 Chic. & N. W	26¼
400 do...2d call	56½	200 Chic. & N.W.P	55¼
200 do	56⅜	500 do	55⅝
100 Mar. Min. Pf	24	1200 Cleve. & Tol. R	103⅜
100 do	23¾	400 Chic. & R. I	119⅜
100 Boston W. P....b10	39	300 do	119½
100 do	38½	700 do	119⅝
100 do	38⅞	100 Tol., Wab. & W	37
100 do	38¼		

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

$25,000 U.S.6s5-20s C.'62	104¼	1400 Erie Railroad	73⅝
25,000 do.....b3	104¾	300 do.....c	72⅞
100 Canton Co.....c	52	300 do.....s3	73⅞
100 do.....b3	52	1100 do.....s3	73⅞
100 Cumb. Coal.....s3	44⅛	1100 do.....c	73⅞
200 Spruce Hill C	6⅛	2000 do.....s60	70
200 do	6⅝	100 do	73⅞
100 do.....b3	6⅝	600 Reading R.....c	104⅛
100 Quick. M. Co	53½	200 do	104⅜
500 do	54	200 M. S. & N. I. R..b3	79⅛
50 do	53	400 do.....s3	79⅜
100 do.....s3	54	300 do	79¼
100 do	54¼	200 do.....c	79⅛
100 Mariposa Min	12⅞	200 Clev. & Pitts	79⅝
200 N. Y. Cen.....c	92⅞	1300 do	79⅝
100 do.....b3	92⅞	100 Chic. & N. W	26⅜
300 Chic.& R. Is.x-d	119½	100 do.....s3	26⅜
400 do.....s3	119½	100 P.,F.W.& C.x-d..s3	91¼
100 do.....c	119¾		

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

300 Spruce Hill Coal	6½	100 Mariposa Pref	24½
600 do	6⅝	100 do	23⅞
400 do.....b3	6½	200 Reading R.....b3	104
200 do.....b3	6⅝	200 do.....c	103⅞
200 do.....s30	6½	500 do	103⅞
100 do.....b10	6⅝	200 do.....s60	102
100 Quick. Min. Co	56⅛	100 M. So. & N. I...b15	79⅜
100 do.....b3	56⅛	200 do.....s3	79⅜
200 do	56	200 Cleve. & Pitts	80
100 do.....s3	56	200 do.....c	80
600 Mar. Min	13½	300 C. & Rk. Is..x-d	119⅝
100 Cum. Coal b15	44⅝	500 do.....s3	119½
300 N. Y. Central	92¾	100 do.....b3	119½
600 Erie Railroad	73⅞	200 Cleve. & Tol..x-d	103⅞
200 do.....c	73⅞	200 do	104
100 do.....b3	73⅝	100 Chi. & N. W	26⅜
200 do.....s3	73¼	100 Chic. & N. W. P	55¼
500 do	72¾	200 do.....b10	55¼
400 do	73⅝	200 do.....b3	55¼
100 do	73⅜	100 do.....c	55½
200 do	73½	100 do	55½
100 do.....s5	73	100 P., Ft. W. & C..x-d	90¾
100 do.....s3	73⅛		

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000 O. & M. C	26	1600 Reading R	104
300 Cum. Coal.....s3	44¾	200 do.....s3	104
100 do.....b3	45	200 do.....s5	104
400 Canton Co	52	500 do.....b30	104
700 Spruce H. C	6⅝	500 do	103⅞
100 do.....s30	6½	100 Mich. S. & N. I	79⅛
100 do.....b3	6⅝	600 do.....b3	79⅛
200 do.....b3	6⅝	100 do	79⅛
100 do.....s30	6½	200 Clev. & Pitts	82¼
100 do.....s10	6⅝	300 do	82
100 do.....s30	6⅝	300 do.....b3	82
100 do.....s10	6¾	200 do	81⅝
200 Quicksilver	57	200 do.....s3	81⅞
100 do	56⅝	600 do.....s3	82
200 do.....s3	56⅞	2500 do.....b3	82⅛
100 do.....s3	56⅜	800 Chi. & R. I..x-d.b3	120
100 Mar. Min	13⅜	100 do	120
400 New-York Cen	93	100 do.....b3	120⅛
300 Erie R	73⅝	300 do	120¼
1800 do	73⅛	100 do.....b3	120⅛
200 do.....b3	73⅜	500 do	120⅛
1300 do.....s3	73½	300 Chi. & N.W.Pr	55¾
200 do.....s3	73⅜	100 Union Nav. Co	105⅜
200 do.....b60	73⅞	100 do.....b3	105⅜
100 Tol., Wab. & W	36½	100 P., F. W. & C..x-d	91⅛

MONDAY, April 16—P. M.

The official Custom-house returns of the Foreign Trade at the port of New-York for the month of February have just been rendered. They enable us to bring forward our tables in an official shape for eight months of the current fiscal year, in comparison with the same period the previous fiscal year.

The Import entries for February at New-York compare as follows with the corresponding month of the previous year, viz.:

	Feb., 1866.	Feb., 1865.
Dutiable goods direct	$17,389,505	$5,178,774
Dutiable bonded	11,626,677	5,568,127
Free goods	1,504,253	620,063
Total February entries	$30,520,435	$11,366,964

There was also entered during the month foreign specie to the value of $172,122, as against $106,704 same month in 1865. The value of foreign merchandise of previous importation withdrawn from bond $6,666,677, or $3,960,134 less than went into bond during the month. So that the amount of merchandise actually marketed during the month, dutiable and free, is $26,560,801, on which the gold customs collected amount to $12,008,273, or at an average rate of duty on all the marketed imports, (including free articles,) of 45¼ ₱ cent. The amount marketed in February, 1865, was $11,472,456, and the customs, $4,791, 247.

The comparative value of foreign goods entered at the port of New-York, and of foreign goods actually marketed for the eight months of the current fiscal year are as follows:

	1865-6. July 1 to Feb. 28.	1864-5. July 1 to Feb. 28.
Total entries	$202,216,403	$100,863,426
Total marketed	$188,406,653	$92,385,285
Customs paid	89,523,076	33,496,887
Average duty	47½ ₱ cent.	36½ ₱ cent.

In addition to the above there was entered during eight months, Foreign Gold and Silver of the value of $1,316,351, as against $997,580 in 1865.

Since the beginning of the current fiscal year, July 1, 1865, to the close of February, the consumption of foreign goods through the port of New-York compares as follows, as between a condition of peace this season and of war last season:

FOREIGN GOODS MARKETED AT NEW-YORK.

	1865-6. Peace.	1864-5. War.
July	$19,674,662	$10,684,485
August	26,401,412	15,507,970
September	25,586,747	12,075,000
October	21,852,068	10,159,743
November	22,064,390	10,104,219
December	19,047,205	10,670,284
January	27,219,868	11,711,178
February	26,560,901	11,472,456
Total eight months	$188,406,653	$92,385,285

The monthly customs at this port since July 1 to the close of February, actually received on foreign merchandise marketed, were as follows:

July, 1865	$9,778,277	November	$9,993,483
August	13,113,689	December	8,348,750
September	12,929,615	January, 1866	12,437,474
October	10,973,513	February	12,008,273

Total New-York duties collected	$89,523,076
Miscellaneous Customs	682,547
Total deposited in N. Y. Treasury Office	$90,205,623

The Export Clearances to foreign ports, from New-York, for the month of February were:

	Feb., 1866.	Feb., 1865.
Domestic produce	$16,768,120	$15,042,505
Foreign reëxported	427,387	708,302
Gold and silver	1,807,030	1,023,201
Total Feb. clearances	$19,002,537	$16,774,008
Average price of gold	140 ₱ cent.	214 ₱ cent.

The Exports of all descriptions for the eight months of the fiscal year are:

	1865-6. July 1 to Feb. 28.	1864-5. July 1 to Feb. 28.
Domestic produce	$142,651,804	$147,535,193
Foreign reëxports	2,351,824	16,02[illegible]
Specie	16,601,290	25,881,554
Total	$161,604,918	$189,4[illegible]
Average price of gold	143 ₱ cent.	232 ₱ cent.

The weekly averages of the associated Local and National Banks in the Clearing-house of this City, for the week ending Saturday last, April 14, compare as follows with the previous week, and with the corresponding week last year; to which we add the specie and currency balances in the New-York office of the United States Treasury at these dates, respectively:

Increase in Loans	$1,366,099
Decrease in Specie	401,166
Increase in Deposits	4,058,508
Increase in Legal-Tender	2,465,305
Increase in Circulation	406,920

	April 15, 1865.	April 14, 1866.	April 7, 1866
Local Capital	$51,686,172	$8,878,500	$8,878,500
National	25,000,000	73,107,700	73,107,700
Total in C. H.	$76,686,172	$81,986,200	$81,986,200
Loans	206,506,095	244,009,849	242,643,753
Specie	19,533,734	11,035,129	11,436,295
Deposits	177,815,945	193,153,469	189,094,961
Legal-Tender	51,061,462	73,910,370	71,445,065
In Sub-Treas'y	34,398,500	90,325,685	83,621,790

The National Bank circulation reported through the Clearing-house, is as follows:

Merchants'	$579,485	Seventh Ward	$113,769
Mer. Exchange	454,015	Broadway	900,000
Commerce	2,891,710	Mercantile	298,[illegible]50
Ocean	763,127	Republic	552,950
Market	479,916	St. Nicholas	717,505
Park	1,000,000	Marine	221,600
Fourth	2,587,750	East River	212,250
Central	1,549,345	Second	269,950
Mechanics'	419,723	Continental	481,593
New-York	942,638	Importers'	514,346
M. Association	308,000	Ninth	929,320
Metropolitan	884,600	First	449,500
Commonwealth	216,427	Am. Exchange	440,362
Leather	130,000	Gallatin	497,840
N. America	296,130	Citizens'	135,938
Irving	189,900	Union	383,083
Tradesmen's	394,931	Chatham	132,019
Phenix	278,500	Shoe & Leather.	720,256
Third	798,220	Hanover	248,654
Butchers & D	153,299	N. Y. Exchange.	268,825

Total 40 National Banks	$23,916,426
Total 20 other National and Local Banks	617,555
Total on Clearing-house report, April 14	$24,533,981
On previous report, April 7	24,127,061
Increase in circulation	406,920

The Bank return points to increasing ease in the market for Money, and it also strengthens the rumor noticed on Saturday that the Banks are buying the 6 ₱ cent. Compound Legal Tender Notes due in 1867 and 1868. They gain $4,055,000 in Deposits; add only $1,366,000 to their ordinary Loans and Discounts, and $2,465,000 to their Legal Tender Notes. As the latter carry a rate of interest 1@2 ₱ cent. higher than the present cheap rates for Money, on call, (besides being a lawful basis of banking) it is not a matter of surprise that the Banks should seek to increase their holdings. While the Compounds have thus advanced to par and the full accumulated interest, or within a very small fraction, the 7.30 ₱ cent. Treasury paper due in 1867 and 1868 has advanced to 100⅞@101 ₱ cent. and interest, and there is a very strong demand to-day for both. And as there is no immediate prospect that either will be funded into United States 5-20s while in such demand in their original shape, the 5-20s are becoming scarce in the market, and are firm at 104⅛@104¼ ₱ cent., including the May Coupon.

The old 5-20s of 1862 were advanced to-day ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. ahead of the 1864s and 1865s, on the last news from Europe, after selling ¼@½ ₱ cent. below them last week. The '62s are not abundant on the Street, and were borrowed this forenoon free of interest for the money advanced upon them, to make deliveries on contracts based on the calculation that larger sums would come from the other side than have yet appeared.

The news by the *City of New-York* also helped the Cotton trade, and weakened the Gold and Exchange markets, though the standard drawers on London were indisposed to make concessions. The rates were all the way from 107½ to 108 ₱ cent., the chief sales being about 107⅝@¾ ₱ cent. No large amount of business has yet been done for the *Cuba* sailing direct on Wednesday. Gold 12⅞@125⅞ ₱ cent. Further news from the other side will be looked for to-morrow night by the favorite Cunarder *Persia*. Her dates by telegraph will be to Sunday, April 8.

The Stock Exchange was quite animated to-day on the railway and miscellaneous shares, though at irregular prices on the former. Erie was done as high as 74 ₱ cent. and as low as 72⅞ ₱ cent.; Pittsburgh advanced 3 ₱ cent. on Saturday's sales, and other descriptions varied ½@1 ₱ cent. The miscellaneous list advanced at one moment to 59 ₱ cent. for Quicksilver Company, and 24 for Mariposa preference shares. The Border State bonds were 90 for Tennessee, and firm at 73½@⅝ for Missouris. At 5:30 P. M. the following quotations were made as compared with Saturday afternoon; the share list feverish; Government securities firm; gold and exchange steady.

	Sat.	Mon.		Sat.	Mon.
U. S. 10-40s	102	92¼	Northwest	26⅛	26⅝
U. S. 5-20s	104⅛	104⅛	N. West Pref	55⅝	55⅝
U. S. 7.30s	100⅞	1 1	Rock Island	119½	120⅞
N. Y. Central	92¾	93⅛	Fort Wayne	91⅛	91⅜
Erie	73¼	73⅝	Cumb'land Coal	44⅛	44⅞
Hudson	108⅝	108½	Quicksilver	52½	56⅜
Reading	104	104⅜	Mariposa	12⅞	13⅛
Mich. Southern	79¼	79⅛	Mariposa Pref	23⅛	23⅝
Illinois Central	114½	114½	Canton	52⅛	52¼
Pittsburgh	79⅛	82	Ohio Certificates	26⅛	26
Tennessee 6s	91¼	90	American Gold	126⅛	125⅞
Pacific Mail	226	226	Bills on London	107⅝	107⅜
Missouri 6s	73⅛	73⅛			

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank shares:

New-York	117	Hanover	109
Mechanics'	113	Irving	115
Union	120	Metropolitan	122½
America	138	People's	118
Phœnix	100½	Market	112
Tradesmen's	135	Nassau	106
Greenwich	130	Shoe and Leather	100
Butchers' & Drovers'	128	Corn Exchange	115
Merchants' Exchange	108	St. Nicholas	101
State of New York	108	Commonwealth	102
Commerce	107½	New-York County	140
Mechanics' Bkg. Ass.	107	Importers' & Traders'	106
Ocean	97	Park	152
American Exchange	115	Manufac. & Merch'ts	100
Pacific	160	N.Y. Nation'l Ex. B'k	120
Chatham	135	First National	207
Bank of Republic	109	Fourth National	101½
Bank of N. America	107	Ninth National	108

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	90	Chi. & N. W. B. B.	70
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	101	Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	80
Erie 1st M., '76	100	Chi. & N. W. 2d M.	72
Erie 7s, 2d mort., 1879	100	Lack. & West'n Bonds.	97
Erie 7s, 3d mort., '83	93	Tol. & Wab. 1st M.	85
Buf. N. Y. & E. 1st M. '77	93	Tol. & Wab. 1st M. ext.	85
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M., '69	102	Tol. & Wab. 2d M.	72
Hud. R. 7s, 2ds. S. F. '85	101	Mil. & Pr. du Ch. 1st M.	98
Hud. R. 7s, conv., '67	98	Chic. & R. I. 1st M.	97
Harlem 1st M., '69-'72	99	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	94½
Harlem 3d mort., '68	91	N. J. Central 1st M.	99
Mich. Cen. 8 p. c. '69-72	105	Pitts., Ft.W. & C. 1st M.	97½
Mich. C. nw. 1st M. 8s, '82	107½	Pitts., Ft.W. & Ch. 2d M.	92
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ₱ c. 1st M.	107	Pitts., Ft.W. & Ch. 3d.	81
N. Ind. Gosh. Line '68	92	Cleve. & P. 4th mort.	70
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ₱ c.	94½	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1st M.	49½
Pacific R. R. 7s, g. Mo.	74	Chic. & Alton 1st mort.	93
Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c. 1875	101	Peninsula R. R. Bds.	72
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	90	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	82
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	77	Chic. & Mil. 1st M.	83
Alton & T. H. 2d M. in.	74	Joliet & Chic. 1st mort.	100
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	86	McGregor Wes. 1st M.	60
Chi. & N. W. Int. B.	82		

The following is a statement of the approximate earnings of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, for the month of March ult., compared with same period of last year:

Freight	$101,752
Passengers	60,533
Miscellaneous	4,500
Military	221
Total	$167,007

March, 1865:

Freight, passengers, &c.	$209,930 11	
Military	12,481 15	—$222,411
Decrease		$55,404

The Customs duties to-day amount to $409,000. The rain storm interfered with the landing of Goods, or the duties would have been larger.

The Board of Directors of the Rock Island Company have determined, to-day, to capitalize their surplus income, and to appropriate the proceeds to the purchase of the Mississippi and Missouri Road, on the west side of the Mississippi, under the recent arrangement or readjustment of the bonded debt and stock of that Road. They place at the option of their shareholders a scrip equal to 40 ₱ cent. of their holdings as on the 8th May next, upon which four-fifths of its par value will be acknowledged as paid on its conversion and the cash payment of the other one-fifth into common stock within a given period. The cash surplus already available in the income account; the cash to be derived from the scrip, and the half million of cash heretofore advanced to the Mississippi and Missouri Road, will give the Company the control of the latter, and at a cost less than half the original outlay upon it, and more than double the present length of line operated by the Rock Island Company. The scrip, with 80 ₱ cent. to be acknowledged as paid up, is equal to 32 ₱ cent. on the par of the Rock Island shares, or about 12@13 ₱ cent. over the market price to-day.

The British revenue returns for the year ending 31st March have just been published. They show the following aggregates:

	1864-5.	1865-6.
Customs	£22,572,000	£21,276,000
Excise	19,558,000	19,788,000
Stamps	9,530,000	9,560,000
Taxes	3,292,000	3,350,000
Property tax	7,958,000	6,390,000
Post-office	4,100,000	4,250,000
Crown lands	310,000	320,000
Miscellaneous	2,998,434	2,878,292
Grand total	£70,313,434	£67,812,292

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Total receipts, $950,548 91; for Customs, $411,000; on account of Loan, $2,000; Gold notes, $347,000; Payments, $507,672 02; Balance, $90,768,562 29.

TRICHINÆ IN PORK.

Investigations by the Chicago Academy of Sciences.

The Chicago papers publish a report of a Committee of the Academy of Sciences of that city, which was appointed to determine the question whether the disease was to be found in animals slaughtered in that city. The document makes these important statements:

TRICHINÆ IN WESTERN PORK.

Your Committee have conceived that the object for which they were appointed is two-fold—first, to ascertain whether trichinæ actually exist in the hogs of this country, and in those of the Northwest in particular; and, secondly, should they exist, to determine the extent of the danger thereby incurred, and to ascertain the best means of averting it. For the attainment of the first-mentioned object they have, with the assistance of the gentlemen named at the head of this report, procured and examined portions of muscle taken from 1,394 hogs in the different packing-houses and butcher-shops of our city. The results of these examinations have been engrossed in the tables herewith presented. The first of these shows the number of specimens, and in most cases the names of the muscles examined by each observer, with the number of trichinous specimens found by each. The second gives various data concerning the twenty-eight trichinous specimens found, which are numbered in the order of their discovery, and are preserved in the cabinet of the Academy.

SPECIMENS EXAMINED.

	Pharyngeals...	Diaphragm...	Abdominals...	Intercostals...	Lumbars......	Spinals.........	Various.........	Totals.........	Trichinous Specimens....
Dr. Johnson	1	7	..	..	15	224	24	321	13
Dr. Shuman	17	9	30	37	..	35	2	130	2
Dr. Nickerson	..	..	10	9	..	107	124	250	3
Dr. Jewell	..	..	..	..	..	..	212	212	3
Dr. Hollister	..	..	..	..	..	..	70	70	2
Dr. Nelson	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	50	1
Drs. Blaney & Hay	4	9	8	..	..	10	3	34	..
Dr. Nason	..	..	9	7	.	31	..	47	..
Dr. Andrews	..	..	..	..	..	..	96	96	1
Dr. Lyman	..	..	..	..	..	..	90	90	1
Dr. Stimpson	6	8	..	..	16	61	3	94	2
								1394	28

NUMBER OF PARASITES DISCOVERED.

No.	Observer.	Muscle.	No. to a cubic inch.
1	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	350
2	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	300
3	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	200
4	Dr. Johnson.	Intercostal.	100
5	Dr. Johnson.	Intercostal.	500
6	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	600
7	Dr. Johnson.	Abdominal.	3,000
8	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	500
9	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	1,000
10	Dr. Stimpson.	Spinal.	18,000
11	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	15,000
12	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	300
13	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	300
14	Dr. Johnson.	Spinal.	300
15	Dr. Stimpson.	Spinal.	400
16	Dr. Nickerson.	Unknown.	48
17	Dr. Nickerson.	Unknown.	80
18	Dr. Nickerson.	Unknown.	192
19	Dr. Sherman.	Unknown.	3,000
20	Dr. Sherman.	Pharyngeal.	6,000
21	Dr. Andrews.	Abdominal	2,0 0
22	Dr. Nelson.	Spinal.	2,000
23	Dr. Lyman.	Unknown.	16,000
24	Dr. Hollister.	Unknown.	600
25	Dr. Hollister.	Unknown.	500
26	Dr. Jewell.	Unknown.	2,000
27	Dr. Jewell.	Unknown.	250
28	Dr. Jewell.	Unknown.	500

By these tables it will be perceived that we have found trichinæ in the muscles of 28 hogs out of the 1,394 examined. We may therefore conclude that in the hogs brought to Chicago one in fifty is affected with trichiniasis, in a greater or less degree. We must confess our surprise at arriving at this result which indicates, with little doubt, the startling fact that trichiniasis in pork is even more common in this country than in Germany, where it caused so much suffering and death. For instance, in the City of Brunswick, where a most careful inspection of 19,747 hogs was made in the years 1864-5, only two were found to contain trichinæ in their muscles—the proportion being 1 to 10,000 against 1 to 50 as before stated in our country. The comparative immunity from disease which our own people have enjoyed undoubtedly results from our habit of cooking meat before eating it, while in Germany it is eaten raw by the poorer classes on account of the high price of fuel.

It will be also observed, by consulting these tables, that the specimens examined show great variation in the number of the worms infesting them. We have given, indeed, only an approximation to the number existing in a cubic inch in each specimen of muscle, but this approximation is sufficiently near the truth for our present purposes. Our method has been to count the trichinæ occurring in the several different portions of muscle each a cubic tenth of an inch in size, and to multiply the average number by 1,000 to find the number to a cubic inch. By this method we find that only three of our specimens (Nos. 10, 11 and 23) contain over 10,000 to the cubic inch, and are, therefore, as densely infested with the worms as the pork which has occasioned the disasters in Germany. The remaining 25 are infested in a comparatively slight degree, viz., from 48 to 6,000 to the cubic inch. The specimen most thickly infested contains 18,000 to the cubic inch, and we have calculated that a person eating an ordinary meal of this pork in a raw state would speedily become a victim to the ravages of not less than a million of young trichinæ. In certain cases of death from trichinasis, the number found in the muscles of man has been two millions.

With regard to the muscles of the hog most liable to be infested, we have to state that our determinations do not accord with those of European observers, inasmuch as more than half of our trichinous specimens have been taken from the spinal muscles.

HOW TO GUARD AGAINST THE EVIL.

Now that the existence of trichinæ in our pork has been established beyond a doubt, it will be proper for us to point out all known means of defence against its ravages. First, with regard to the rearing of hogs. These animals undoubtedly become infested through the eating of flesh of some kind, since no trichinæ, nor germs of trichinæ, have ever been found in any vegetable food. A strict attention to the feeding of hogs, and their confinement in pens where no animal food is accessible, is an infallible preventive against trichiniasis in them. Such management is all the more necessary, since European authorities agree that it is impossible to diagnose the disease in the animal from external appearances, and no culpability can therefore attach to the farmer for selling hogs which prove to be affected with trichinæ.

In regard to pork, the origin of which is doubtful, the use of the microscope is primarily indicated. With this instrument only can we ascertain with certainty whether the muscles of the hog are free from the parasite. The general use of the instrument is, however, impracticable, unless a system of microscopic inspection be adopted here, as in Europe, at the great packing establishments. But we have in our power much more simple means of insuring safety in the consumption of pork. It is simply necessary to cook it thoroughly, so that every portion of the meat shall have experienced a temperature of at least 160 degrees Fahrenheit. We cannot insist too strongly upon this point. Again, by properly salting and smoking the meat for a period of at least ten days, the trichinæ, should they exist, will be certainly killed. Simple desiccation of the meat, if continued for a period of sufficient length, will also kill them. They will never be found alive in old hams, for instance. On the other hand, mere pickling appears to have very little effect upon these worms.

Trichinæ have doubtless always existed in muscles of the hog, although probably not to the same extent as at present. And trichiniasis in man may have existed to a considerable extent in this country before its nature and cause became known. Some of the members of your committee can recall cases of obscure disease which have come to their knowledge in past years, which may have been owing to the presence of trichinæ.

THE TRICHINÆ PANIC.

Having now fully exposed the exact extent of the danger from trichinous pork to which our people are liable, and stated the means of avoiding it, we will proceed to close our report with a few remarks upon the economical aspects of the subject. A panic has been produced in the mind of our public by the news which has reached us from Germany concerning the disasters which have occasionally followed the consumption of pork in a raw state. The excitement has, with little doubt, been fostered by interested persons for speculative purposes, until people have come to imagine that there is a danger in eating pork of any kind—a danger all the more terrible because hidden, little understood, and undiscoverable by ordinary means. *All this excitement has occurred before a single instance of the occurrence of trichinæ in American hogs has been, as far as we are aware, authentically reported.* It has, therefore, become necessary that the subject should be thoroughly investigated, in order that the people, by familiarity with the danger, and confidence in their understanding of its character, may not be the prey of superstitious fears. *The panic* which now prevails *is unfounded in reason, senseless, and greatly injurious.* We do not allude to the commercial aspects of the question, a matter of small moment compared with the great importance of pork, as the kind of meat diet upon which nine-tenths of our agricultural population, North and South, mainly depend. In our view, it would be folly to discard this kind of meat from our list of articles of food, when all possibility of injury attending its use may be avoided by the most simple means. Let the people but understand that only one hog in forty-eight contains trichinæ at all; that only one in three hundred contains them in sufficient numbers to cause considerable danger, and that even in these cases the worms are rendered innocuous by proper smoking, drying, or cooking—and we imagine that few sensible persons will refuse pork as food if it suits their convenience to use it.

(Signed)

E. ANDREWS, M. D.,
J. V. Z. BLANEY, M. D.,
HOSMER A. JOHNSON, M. D.,
WILLIAM STIMPSON, M. D., Secretary.

Probable Effect of an European War on American Securities.

In an article on the Austro-Prussian situation and American Securities, the *Financial Chronicle*, April 14, says: "Of the large amount of United States bonds held in Europe, probably not less than $200,000,000 are distributed throughout Germany. How would this immense aggregate of securities be effected by the outbreak of hostilities? The first result of war in any country, and under any circumstances, is to disturb confidence, contract commerce, and thereby produce a depreciation of home securities generally. Capital is withdrawn from manufactures and foreign enterprises, and the wonted earnings of commerce, instead of being employed in reproduction, are invested in real estate, or in some form of security least liable to depreciation from the condition of public affairs. Amid this general quiescence of capital, the Government generally comes into the market as a large borrower, and by adapting its offers to the prevailing estimate of the public credit, borrows a portion of the capital thus taken out of employment. Such would undoubtedly be the case in the event of war between these countries. But would American securities held there necessarily suffer? *The decline in home securities would naturally induce many holders to sell them and invest the proceeds in some form of security the value of which is independent of domestic disturbances.* During the wars of France, a larger amount of French capital sought investment in the United States than at any other period; and soon after the outbreak of hostilities in the Southern States, large amounts of capital were sent to Europe for supposed safer employment, facts *showing the tendency of capital to seek foreign investments pending a condition of war. Should* the occurring of *war between Austria and Prussia call forth this usual tendency, the capitalists of Germany seeking a sound and stable security into which they may change their investment have at hand just what they desire in the Five-twenty bonds. Hitherto,* they have shown a remarkable confidence in our securities. *They have taken them in preference to the bonds of their own governments; which, even in times of peace, have been driven to negotiate their loans in London or Paris.* It would be difficult to conceive why, in the prospect of a destructive war, they should sell our securities to invest in those of their own governments. It is true that, in time of war, there is always a class whose financial judgment is influenced by their political zeal; and it is quite probable that some German capitalists may be induced to sell out five-twenties and take up national securities; nor is it impossible that some bankers, from motives of loyalty or political advantage, may use their influence to induce others to take that course. But the cases in which citizens deliberately make a sacrifice of capital in order to lend to their government are the rare exceptions; the first instinct with nine-tenths of the people being to insure safety for their means during the war. *The tendency of recent events in the United States is in favor of increased confidence in our securities abroad.* The premium on gold has materially declined; a bill has passed Congress authorizing the funding of the short term obligations of the Government and the adoption of measures looking to a resumption of specie payments; and the general legislation at Washington has been calculated to inspire confidence abroad in the stability of the Government. In view of these considerations, it is not easily seen why Five-twenties should be less esteemed, in comparison with competing securities in Germany, than they have been hitherto.

The fact that United States bonds have not, as in all former cases, risen in Europe correspondingly with the decline in the gold premium, certainly shows that hitherto the effect of the political situation has been unfavorable to the price. Up to this stage in events, however, we have seen nothing more than *that indiscriminate failure of confidence which always attends a grave crisis; the financial results proper to a condition of war not having been developed. It is, however, a significant fact that the decline in Five-twenties has been nominal, compared with what has occurred upon many kinds of Government securities, especially upon bank stock.*

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, April 16, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 15 pkgs. Ashes, 7,761 bbls. Flour, 300 bbls. and 25 bags Corn Meal, 700 bushels Malt, 184 bbls. Pork, 766 pkgs. Cut Meats, 479 pkgs. Lard, 712 pkgs. Beef, and 320 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue dull and heavy at $6 62½@$6 87½ for Pots, and nominally $12 25@$12 50 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Rio has been in good demand, while other kinds have been inactive. Prices have been maintained. We quote: Java at 26½c.@27¼c.; Maracaibo at 20c.@23c., Laguayra at 20c.@22c., Rio at 16½c.@21c., and St. Domingo at 17½c.@17¾c., cash, in gold, ₱ lb.

COTTON—Has been in pretty fair demand, at, however, rather easier and irregular prices. Middlings 37c.@38½c. ₱ lb. Sales and resales since our last 3,250 bales, against receipts of 2,461 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far, this week	2,451
Receipts since April 1, 1866	20,337
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1866	256,225
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1865	707,993
Exports since Sept. 1, 1865	377,088

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report to-day is as follows: Jobbers' prices—Brown Sheetings Wachusett, 36-inch, 24½c.; do. 30-inch, 20c.; Medford, 23c. Bleached Shirtings—Androscoggin, 36½c.; Ballou & Sons, 36-inch, 28c.; do. 3½-inch, 22c. Prints—Merrimac W, 25c.; do. D, 21c.; Garner & Co., 20c.; Wamsutta, 14½c. Ginghams—Lancaster, 26c.; Hartford, 21½c. Brown Drills—Pepperell, 25c.; Winthrop, 20c. Corset Jeans—Naumkeag, 23c.; do. Satteen, 29c. Ticks—Hampden CC, 35c.; do. DD, 32½c.; Stripes—Eagle, 30c.; American, 22c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, 20 to 50 hoops, 87½c. to $1 05; Empress Trail, $1 25; S. T. & A. T. Meyers' IXL, 1¼-inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 48c. to 75c.; 3-inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 68c. to $1 12.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in good request, and prices have again advanced 10c.@15c. ₱ bbl. Sales, since our last, 13,000 bbls., including common to choice Superfine State and Western at $7@$7 50; very poor to choice Extra State at $7 50@$8 50, chiefly at $7 55@$7 90; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $8 50@$8 80 ₱ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$7 00	@$7 50
Extra State	7 50	@ 8 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 60	@12 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 50	@ 8 80
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 85	@12 50
Extra Genesee	8 50	@12 50
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	7 85	@15 50

Southern Flour is advancing on a fair demand. Sales since our last, 1,200 bbls., in lots, at $9 40@$10 50 for poor to good, and $10 50@$15 75 for good to very choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is dearer. Sales, 500 bbls. Extra at $7 60@$12 50 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is quiet including Superfine, at $4 25@$5 25 ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is in fair request at $3 65@$3 75 for Western, $3 70@$3 85 for Jersey, and $4 25@$4 30 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Sales 400 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has improved in price 1c.@2c. ₱ bushel, under a more active inquiry, partly speculative. Some considerable purchases have been and are being made, on Western account, of the better qualities, especially of Spring. Sales since our last 80,500 bushels, including White Canada at $2 50 $2 70; poor new White Michigan at $2; Amber do. at $2@$2 20, the inside rate for kiln-dried; Amber Spring at $1 73@$1 74½; new No. 1 Milwaukee at $1 70@$1 73; Chicago Spring at $1 67@$1 68 ₱ bushel. Corn has been held with more firmness, but has been inactive. Sales since our last 13 000 bushels at 79c.@82c. for unsound, and 82c.@86c. in store and delivered, for sound mixed Western—the latter rate for very choice, (with freight room engaged at a low rate)—₱ bushel. Oats are in good demand, including State at 61c.@63c., Jersey and Pennsylvania at 54c.@56c., old Western at 57c.@59c., new Western at 42c.@47½c., Canada at 58c.@59c. ₱ bushel. Nothing new in Rye, Barley or Barley Malt.

HAY—North River Bale is in demand, and is steady at 55c.@80c. for common to choice, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue in moderate request at former rates, including last year's crop at 20c.@65c., and two years' old at 12c.@45c. ₱ lb.

LATHS—Have been in demand at $4@4 25 for Eastern ₱ M.

MOLASSES—Continues in limited demand to-day, including New-Orleans at 90c.@$1 10; Porto Rico at 60c.@75c.; Cuba at 35c.@60c. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Rule dull and heavy, including Spirits of Turpentine at 88c.@92c. ₱ gallon; Crude do. at $5 50@$5 75; Resin at $2 62½@$15 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 25@$2 75 ₱ bbl.

OILS—Are quiet and tending downward, including Crude Whale at $1 22@$1 23; Bleached Whale at $1 25@$1 30; Crude Sperm at $2 35; Unbleached do. at $2 50; Lard Oil at $1 55@$1 70; Red Oil at 80c.@90c.; Linseed Oil at $1 29@1 31 ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been in moderate demand at 24c.@25c. for Crude; 37½c.@39c. for Refined, in bond, and 56c.@59c. for do. free, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been decidedly more active, opening at much firmer prices, but closing lower and irregularly. The inquiry has been almost exclusively from speculative buyers, the irregular trade demand having been quite limited. Sales since our last, 11,800 bbls., in lots, at $25 95@$26 37½ for new Mess, closing at $26 65 regular; $25@$26 25 for one year old Mess; $26 for new Prime Mess, $25 for Thin Mess, $21 25 @$22 for new Prime, ₱ bbl. Sales were also made of 6,250 bbls. new Mess, April, May, June and July delivery, sellers' options, at $25 87½@$26 25 ₱ bbl. Cut Meats continue quiet at 10½c.@11½c. for Shoulders, and 15½c.@17½c. for Hams; sales 250 pkgs. Bacon is in more request, including Cumberland Cut at 14½c.; Short Rib at 14½c.@15c.; Long Ribbed, 14½c.; Long Clear at 15c.@15½c.; Short Clear on private terms, ₱ lb.; sales 850 boxes. Dressed Hogs continue inactive at 12½c.@13½c. ₱ lb. Lard has been in limited request at steady rates; sales 550 tcs. and bbls. at 16½c.@18½c. ₱ lb. Beef continues in moderate demand at $15@$19 50 for new Plain Mess, and $20@$24 for new Extra do.; sales have been reported of 800 bbls. Tierce Beef continues quiet and nominal. Beef Hams are in moderate demand at $38@$39 ₱ bbl.; sales 275 bbls. Butter is very quiet, at 40c.@55c. for poor to prime, 55c.@60c. for fancy State, and 25c.@45c. for Western, ₱ lb. Cheese continues quiet at 15c.@22c. ₱ lb. We quote:

NEW CROP BUTTER.

Orange and Sussex—fresh pails, ₱ lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]
New-York State—half-firkin tubs, ₱ lb.	54	@58
New-York State—Welsh tubs, ₱ lb.	53	@57

OLD CROP BUTTER.

Half-firkin tubs, State—first quality, ₱ lb.	55	@60
Half-firkin tubs, State—second quality, ₱ lb.	50	@55
New-York State Dairies—firkins—extra, ₱ lb.	55	@60
N. Y. State Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ₱ lb.	52	@54
N. Y. State Dairies—Welsh tubs—extra, ₱ lb.	50	@52
N. Y. S. Dairies—Welsh tubs—good to fine, ₱ lb.	45	@48
Ordinary State—Welsh tubs, ₱ lb.	42	@45
Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ₱ lb.	42	@45
Western Reserve—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb.	36	@40
Michigan and Indiana—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb.	30	@33
Ill. and Wisconsin—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb.	30	@33
Common Western—firkins, ₱ lb.	25	@26
Canada Butter—good to fine, ₱ lb.	33	@36
Roll Butter—good to fine, ₱ lb.	38	@39
Roll Butter—extra in cloth, ₱ lb.	40	@48

CHEESE.

Factory-made Dairies—first quality	21	@22
Factory-made Dairies—second quality	20	@21
Farm Dairies—first quality	21	@22
Farm Dairies—second quality	18	@20
Farm Dairies—common	17	@18
Orange County—flat skimmed	16	@18

SEEDS—Linseed has been quite brisk and buoyant. Other kinds dull.

SUGARS—Have been less active and heavy. Sales since our last 465 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@12½c.; and 60 boxes Havana, at 11c.@11½c. ₱ lb. We quote fair to good Grocers' at 10½c.@11½c.; Refining at 10½c.@10½c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars are in less request at 13½c.@16c. ₱ lb.

STEARINE—Sales since our last 42,000 lbs., at 15½c.@17c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 124,000 lbs. at 11½c.@11½c., and 28,000 lbs. Grease at 10½c.@12½c. ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Sales since our last, 80 bbls., at $2 26½c.@$2 27c. ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool there were taken 400 bales Cotton at 5-16d. by sailing vessel and ⅜d. by steamer, ₱ lb.; 130 boxes Bacon at 12s. 5d. ₱ ton. For London a bark was engaged at a "round sum."

CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION,
MONDAY, April 16, 1866.

Present—John Brice, Esq., President.

Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, Loew, Masterson, O'Brien, Varnum, McGinnis.

The minutes of April ninth and twelfth were read.

Alderman Flynn moved that the minutes of April twelve be amended, by adding the names of Alderman Moore and Alderman O'Brien to the Special Committee appointed on the Fordham Railroad.

Which was carried.

And the minutes, as amended, were then adopted.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman McGinnis—

Whereas, The failure of the several City railroad companies to afford the needful facilities for travel between the upper and lower portions of the City, occasioned by differences between such railroad companies and some of their employes, is producing great hardship, loss of time and money, and much annoyance and inconvenience to the tens of thousands of our citizens who have been accustomed daily to use such City railroad cars; and

Whereas, The public interests imperatively demand that the difficulties now existing should be immediately remedied, and that some positive and emphatic guarantees should be furnished the public against the possible recurrence of such a disgraceful state of affairs as has existed during the past week, in which, by a simple disagreement between the companies and their drivers, incalculable damage, privation and suffering, have been inflicted upon hundreds of thousands of our citizens; and

Whereas, It is the imperative duty of the City authorities at once to interfere between the culpable cupidity of these private corporators and our defenceless citizens, by exercising all the power yet vested in the Municipal Government in the suspension of the existing evil and the prevention of like outrages in the future, and by making it manifest in such a manner as will bring these companies to a realizing sense of their responsibilities to the public, who are the only real sufferers in this contest between capital and labor; be it therefore,

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed immediately to notify the Presidents or other proper officers of the several City railroad companies at once to resume the running of the usual number of cars on their respective roads; that in the event of a refusal or neglect to comply with such notification immediately upon being so notified, then that he report the fact to the Counsel to the Corporation, who is hereby authorized and directed, immediately thereafter, to institute the necessary proceedings, in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, to set aside and abrogate the grants made by the City to any and every such company so refusing to comply with such notification; and be it further

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to examine the grants made by the City to the several railroad companies who have neglected to comply with the plain directions contained in such grant, in respect to the time and manner of running their cars, and that he report, as soon as possible, the nature and extent of their responsibilities as public carriers, and such other facts, recommendations and suggestions in connection with their suspension during the past few days, as in his opinion will tend to acquaint the public with their rights in such emergencies, and as will prevent by revocation of the present grants, or otherwise the recurrence of such disgraceful proceedings as have characterized the acts of the several City railroad companies in withholding from the public the guaranteed accommodation heretofore enjoyed by all our citizens having occasion to use the cars of the said companies.

Alderman Norton moved its reference to the Committee on Law.

Alderman Varnum moved to amend by striking out the first resolution.

Which was accepted by Alderman McGinnis—the mover of the resolution.

The resolution was then adopted.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Ely—

Petition of John Kelly, to be compensated for loss of horse.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By the President—

Petition of the North Atlantic Steamship Company, to have money refunded for dredging out slip.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Alderman McGinnis—

Petition of the New-York Prison Association for a donation.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Alderman Van Voorhis—

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary legal measures to open One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street from the Ninth-avenue to the North River, where not already done.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Van Voorhis—

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary legal measures to open One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street from the East to the North River.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By the President—

Resolved, That the salary of the First Assistant Engineer of the Croton Aqueduct Department be and is hereby increased from fourteen hundred dollars to four thousand dollars per annum, to take effect from and after the passage of this resolution.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That a crosswalk be laid across Laight-street, on the south side, at the intersection of Greenwich-street, under the direction of the Croton Board.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That a crosswalk be laid across Canal-street, from opposite number four hundred and forty-one, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to notify the company or persons owning or claiming to own the unused rail-tracks in North Moore-street to lower the said track to the established grade of the street, and in the event of his being unable to ascertain the names or owners, or their neglect or refusal to remove the same forthwith, that he cause the said rail-tracks to be removed from the street, and to dispose of the material removed, in order to reimburse the City for the expense of such removal, as such rails in their present condition are a positive obstruction to the use of the said street.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the crosswalk across Walker-street, on both sides, at the intersection of Church, be relaid under the direction of the Croton Board.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the sidewalks on both sides of Laight-street, from Hudson-street to the North River, be flagged full width on both sides, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Ely—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to flag the sidewalk, and set the curb and gutter, in Eleventh-avenue, east side, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, and that the accompanying ordinance be and is hereby adopted therefor.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Reilly—

Resolved, That the owners of property on the southerly side of Fourteenth-street, between Avenues C and D, be and they are hereby permitted to extend the sidewalk in front of their property on a line with the curb on the balance of the said Fourteenth-street, the same to be done at their own expense, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Finance presented a report increasing the salary of the Assistant Engineer in the Croton Aqueduct Department,

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report concurring to pay bill of New-York Dispatch for publishing official canvass.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Lamps and Gas presented a report concurring to place gas lamps in Sixtieth-street, from Third to Fourth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Columbia-street, between Houston and Stanton streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Fifty-fifth-street, from Eighth-avenue to Hudson River, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Forty-second-street, from Broadway to Hudson River, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Forty-sixth-street, from Tenth to Eleventh-avenue, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Eighth-avenue, from Forty-second to Fifty-eighth-street, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report concurring to curb, &c., Eighty-eighth-street, from Third-avenue to Avenue A.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report concurring to curb, &c., One Hundred and Twelfth-street, between First and Second avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to open and extend Worth-street, from Baxter-street to Chatham-street.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner transmitting apportionment of assessment for opening Seventh-avenue, between One Hundred and Tenth-street and Harlem River.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner transmitting apportionment of amount for paving Broadway, between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth streets.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Croton Aqueduct Board transmitting a statement of receipts and expenditures, and present balances, ending March thirty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Which was received and ordered to be printed in document form.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolved, That gas-mains be laid and street lamps be placed and lighted in Eighty-second-street, from First to Second-avenue, and in First-avenue, from Seventy-ninth to Eighty-third-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Lamps and Gas.

Preamble relative to the enormous rise in the price of rents, and the prevailing fear of the visitation of an epidemic, and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a Committee of Five be appointed to act jointly with a like Committee of the Board of Aldermen, to inquire into the expediency of providing relief by erecting temporary buildings on the public grounds, or otherwise; and, if such relief be deemed feasible, said Committee is hereby directed to petition the Legislature of the State to sanction the raising of the necessary means therefor, and to prescribe the proper method of its expenditure.

(By Board of Councilmen, April twelve, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, preamble and resolution adopted, and Councilmen Thomas, Keenan, Keech, Mackay and Roberts appointed such Committee on the part of that Board.)

Alderman Ely moved its reference to the Committee on Repairs and Supplies.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Gedney, Ely, The President, O'Brien—4.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Reilly, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, McGinnis—11.

The paper was then concurred in.

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby directed to take the necessary legal steps to open One Hundred and Forty-ninth-street, from Tenth-avenue to Harlem River.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby directed to take the necessary legal steps to open One Hundred and Thirteenth and One Hundred and Fourteenth streets, between the Harlem River and Tenth-avenue, where not already opened.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby directed to take the necessary legal steps to open, according to law, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, from Harlem River to Hudson River, where not already opened.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Sixty-first-street, between Second and Third avenues, be reflagged, where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Forty-seventh-street, between First and Third avenues, be flagged and reflagged where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads with resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones be set in Second-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth to One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre of the same, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads with resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That crosswalks be laid across Third-avenue, between Forty-fourth and Fifty-third streets, under the direction of the Croton Board, and the accompanying ordinance therefor adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That the sidewalk in Lexington-avenue, west side, between Thirty-second and Thirty-fourth streets, be flagged full width, and the curb and gutter stones be set where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the following ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Resolved, That One Hundred and Thirteenth-street be flagged four feet wide on each side of the street, between Third and Fourth avenues, also curb and gutter stones set at the same place, to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

AN ORDINANCE

TO AMEND SECTION ONE OF CHAPTER THIRTY-TWO OF THE REVISED ORDINANCES OF ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINE.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Section one of chapter thirty-two of the Revised Ordinances of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine is hereby amended by striking out the words "south of a line drawn across the island one hundred feet northerly of Eighty-sixth-street," so that said section, when so amended, shall read as follows:

Section 1. In all cases of blasting rocks or stones within the City of New-York, each blast, before fixing it, shall be securely covered with six timbers of not less than four inches thick, ten inches wide, and ten feet long each, and to be held in place by at least three hundred pounds of large stones piled on top of them.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect immediately.

Alderman Masterson moved its reference to the Committee on Law.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Reilly, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—8.

Negative—Aldermen, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, The President—7.

Report of Committee on National Affairs, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Hill's Brass Band for the sum of one hundred and four dollars, for music furnished on Fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, junction of East Broadway and Grand street, and charge the same to account of City Contingencies.

Which was laid over.

An ordinance to prevent the introduction of steam in sewers.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

Resolved, That Pine-street, between South and Front streets, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying resolution therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks of Washington Market, along the West-street side, from Vesey to Fulton streets, be replanked immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Markets.

Petition of James Kehoe for remuneration for loss of horse, and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of James Kehoe for the sum of two hundred and sixty dollars, the same to be in remuneration for loss of horses, occasioned by falling through a Croton water stop-cock hole in First-avenue and One Hundred and Thirteenth-street, and charge the same to the account of "Donations."

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That that the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Michael Meehan for the sum of one hundred and seventy-five dollars for damages to his horse, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was laid over.

Resolution requesting the Coroners to advertise a description of all unknown persons upon whom they hold inquests, in the *Daily News*

In Board of Councilmen, amended by inserting the NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—12.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Loew—3.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a crosswalk be laid across the northeast to northwest corner of Cortlandt and Greenwich streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, —15.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolutions as follows:

Resolved, That the grade of Worth-street, between Bowery and Centre-street, and of Elm-street, between Pearl and Leonard streets, be changed so as to conform to the red lines and figures drawn on the accompanying maps, dated December five, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, signed by Otto Sackersdorf, City Surveyor, to wit: The grade of the northerly curb line of Worth-street, to begin at the present elevation of the easterly curb-line of Broadway at Worth-street, and running thence in a straight line to the present westerly curb-line in Centre-street, making the elevation above high water of this curb-line of Elm-street, twenty-three feet, and with the easterly curb-line of Elm-street, twenty-two feet five inches. The grade of the southerly curb-line of Worth-street, to begin at the present elevation of the easterly curb-line of Broadway at Worth-street, and running thence in a straight line to the westerly curb-line of Centre-street, making the elevation of this curb-line at the intersection with the westerly curb-line of Elm-street, twenty-three feet two inches, and with the easterly curb-line of Elm-street, twenty-two feet seven inches. The grade of the westerly curb-line of Elm-street to commence at a point eighty feet south and one hundred and four feet north of Worth-street, on the present curb-line, and the grade of the easterly curb-line of Elm-street to begin at a point on the present curb-line ninety-seven feet south and one hundred and thirty-eight feet north of Worth-street, connecting in straight lines with the proposed and above described elevations of the curb-lines of Worth-street. The whole to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—13.

Negative—Alderman Masterson—1.

Report of the Joint Committee appointed to investigate the facts and circumstances attending the defalcation of R. B. Bradford, late Public Administrator, in favor of adopting resolution and ordinance for the following purposes:

1. Resolution to insert the sum of fifty thousand dollars in the City Assessment Ordinance for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, to cover such amount of said defalcation as may fall upon the Corporation; compensate Murray Hoffman for services as Public Administrator and for special services in making examinations of accounts; and to pay expenses incident to the investigations made by the Committee.

2. Ordinance to amend the Revised Ordinances of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and other acts of the Common Council relative to the Bureau of Public Administrator.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, McGinnis—13.

Negative—Aldermen Shannon, O'Brien.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of John George Otto for the sum of two hundred dollars, for music furnished the Twelfth Regiment, New-York State National Guard, on the celebration of the Fourth of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-five; and also for two hundred dollars for music furnished the Eleventh Regiment, New-York State National Guard, for the parade on November twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and charge the same to account of City Contingencies.

Alderman Masterson moved to strike out the bill for Evacuation Day, which was lost on a division:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Gedney, Masterson, Varnum—5.

Negative—Aldermen Coman, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Ely, Rielly, The President, Loew, O'Brien, McGinnis—10.

Alderman Ely moved its reference to the Committee on Finance.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Ely, Reilly, The President, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien—9.

Negative—Aldermen Coman, McBrien, Shannon, Gedney, Loew, Van Voorhis—6.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Waverley-place, from Sixth-avenue to Broadway, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half the expense to be paid by the owners of property, and the other half by the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—14.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Report of Committee on Sewers in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Spring-street, between Elizabeth-street and the Bowery, where there is no sewer at present constructed, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—15.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Prince-street, from Mott-street to the Bowery, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—15.

Paper from the Board of Councilmen, being preamble relative to Piers fifty-eight and fifty-nine, East River, and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to cause all necessary repairs to be made to Piers numbers fifty-eight and fifty-nine, East River, immediately, as the same, in their present condition, are very dangerous, said work to be done by contract, and given to the lowest responsible bidder.

The resolution was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—11.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, O'Brien—5.

Report of the Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Stacy B. Collins, President of the Board of Trustees of the New-York Infirmary for Women and Children, for the sum of one thousand dollars, as a donation.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Coman, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, Gedney—2.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over; again taken up and adopted as follows:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—15.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Thirty-fourth-street, from the Tenth to the Eleventh-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—14.

Negative—Alderman Reilly—1.

Report of Committee on Arts and Sciences, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on National Affairs of the Board of Councilmen and the Committee on Arts and Sciences of the Board of Aldermen be and they are hereby authorized and directed, on behalf of the City of New-York, to procure for and present to the Fifty-fifth Regiment, New-York State National Guard, a stand of regimental colors, and the sum of eight hundred dollars is hereby appropriated therefor, and the Comptroller is authorized and directed to draw his warrant in payment for the same, upon the presentation of the proper vouchers, and charge the same to account of City Contingencies.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Loew, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—15.

Report of majority of Committee on Ferries, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be, and he is hereby directed to notify the present lessee or lessees of the ferry to Astoria, from the foot of Eighty-sixth-street, East River, immediately to resume the running of the boats on the said ferry, at the times and in the manner provided for in the lease or agreement between the said lessee or lessees and the Corporation of the City of New-York; and in the event of a failure to comply with such directions for a period of ten days after being so notified, then the said Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to enter upon and take possession of the said ferry, to cancel the lease as it now exists, and that he advertise and relet the privilege of running the said ferry to the highest responsible bidders, pursuant to the provisions of the amended Charter of 1857.

Report of minority of Committee on Ferries, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That permission be given to the proprietors of the ferry established between the foot of Eighty-sixth-street, New-York, and the village of Astoria, Long Island, to remove the landing or terminus of said ferry from the foot of Eighty-sixth-street aforesaid, to a point at or near to the foot of Ninety-second-street, New-York, provided they shall procure the said removal at their own risk and expense, and shall pay the same annual rent, as at present, and the location thus procured and occupied by them, in pursuance of the permission hereby given, shall constitute the landing or terminus of the said ferry in the City of New-York, in lieu of the present landing at the foot of Eighty-sixth-street, and that pending such removal, and until a boat shall be running to the new landing, the proprietors of the said ferry shall make a decent and proper arrangement to resume the running of the ferry for the public, either to the present landing in the City of New-York, or to some other point in the vicinity; and provided further, that any lease of said ferry shall contain a clause reserving to the City the right of changing the terminus back to Eighty-sixth-street, or to any other dock, upon six months' notice to the lessees.

Resolution by Alderman Ely, as a substitute for the foregoing resolutions of the majority and minority of the Committee on Ferries:

Resolved, That permission be given to the proprietors of the ferry established over and across the East River, between the foot of Eighty-sixth-street and Astoria, Long Island, to remove the slip or terminus of the said ferry, on the New-York side, from the foot of Eighty-sixth-street, aforesaid, to a point at or near the foot of Ninety-second-street; provided that they shall pay the same annual rent as at present, and shall procure the said location at their own risk and expense; and that the location thus procured and occupied by them under the permission hereby given, shall constitute the landing or terminus in the City of New-York of the said ferry, in lieu of the present landing or terminus thereof at the foot of Eighty-sixth-street, and that the Comptroller be directed to sell a lease to the said ferry for the term of ten years, pursuant to the provisions of the amended City Charter, and that a pier be built forthwith at the foot of Ninety-second-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

While the report of the majority of the committee was being read, Alderman O'Brien moved that the further reading of the same be suspended and the paper be laid over.

Which was lost on a division by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Flynn, The President, O'Brien, McGinnis—6.

Negative—Aldermen Norton, McBrien, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, Masterson, Varnum—8.

The reading of the above was then concluded.

The reading of the minority report having been concluded,

Alderman Ely called for the reading of the substitute presented by him.

Alderman Norton moved to lay the same over.

Alderman Shannon moved to recommit the same to the Committee.

Alderman Varnum accepted Alderman Ely's resolution in lieu of the minority report.

The President stated the question to be on recommitting.

Which was carried on a division by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, The President, O'Brien, McGinnis—9.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Ely, Reilly, Masterson, Varnum—5.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of W. W. Wright, Treasurer of Calvary Church, for the sum of six hundred and eighty-seven dollars and ninety cents, to enable him to pay an assessment on said church property, for paving Twenty-first-street between the Third and Fourth avenues with Belgian pavement, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—14.

Report of Committee on Arts and Sciences, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on Arts and Sciences of the Board of Aldermen, and the Committee on National Affairs of the Board of Councilmen, be and they are hereby authorized and directed, in behalf of the City of New-York, to procure for and present to the Fourth, Sixty-ninth, Seventy-seventh and Ninety-sixth Regiments, New-York State National Guard, each a stand of regimental colors, the cost for each regiment not to exceed the sum of eight hundred dollars, which is hereby appropriated therefor, and the Comptroller is authorized and directed to draw his warrant in payment for the same, upon the presentation of the proper vouchers, and charge the same to the account of City Contingencies.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, Norton, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—14.

Report of Committee on Sewers in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Third-avenue, from Sixty-fifth to Seventy-first-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Coman, McBrien, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ely, Reilly, The President, Masterson, Varnum, O'Brien, McGinnis—13.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Gedney moved that when this Board adjourn, it do so to meet on Monday, the twenty-third instant, at two o'clock P. M.

Alderman Shannon moved to amend by adjourning to meet on the first Monday in September.

Which was lost.

The question then being taken on the motion of Alderman Gedney, the same was carried.

On motion the Board adjourned, and the President announced that the Board stood adjourned until Monday next, the twenty-third instant, at two o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.

JOHNSON, HATTER,

No. 373 CANAL-ST.

Owing to the extortionate rent demanded for my old stand, I have removed to the splendid store four doors above, (No. 373,) where I possess superior advantages for exhibiting all the styles and novelties of the season.
Gentlemen's dress hats, silk, $7.
Gentlemen's dress hats, cassimere, $6.
Boys' hats in great variety.
Ladies', misses' and children's hats.

S. W. JOHNSON,
No. 373 Canal-st., opposite West Broadway.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

VIGELIUS & SEYMOUR,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN
LEAF TOBACCO,
Nos. 182 and 184 Pearl-st.

Leaf tobacco received on consignment.

STATIONERY.

CHOICE NOTE PAPERS AND ENVELOPES.
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND SCOTCH
NOTE PAPERS AND ENVELOPES, AT
MACFARLAND'S, corner Broadway and 23d-st.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—EIGHT ENGINES AND BOILERS, new and second-hand, from 4 to 80-horse power, separate or together. Also, engines and boilers built and repaired. CUSACK & BARTHOLOMEW, Neptune Works, 8th-st., East River, New-York.

STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM engines and boilers, flax, hemp, tow, oakum and rope machinery, mechanics' tools, &c. TODD & RAFFERTY, warehouse 4 Dey-st., N. Y.; works, Paterson, N. J.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG LADY OF PREPOSSESSING appearance and wealthy, wishes to open a correspondence with a gentleman of refinement and superior education, and not more than thirty years of age; wealth no object; no fun is intended, therefore the answers must be serious. Address NELLIE ALVERSON, West Amboy, Oswego Co., N. Y.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN OF FINE EDUCATION, wealth and good standing in society, wishes to correspond with a young lady about seventeen, of wealth and refinement, with a view to matrimony. Address CHARLES GUSTAVUS, West Amboy, Oswego Co., N. Y.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, AT AUCTION.—P. C. BULKLEY will sell, on SATURDAY, April 28, at 1 o'clock, on the premises, six houses, recently built, all in perfect order and ready for immediate occupancy, with from 3 to 5 acres of land each, in Cottage Park, situated on Grace Church-street road, about 10 minutes' drive from Rye or Portchester depot. The property is situated in one of the most select neighborhoods in the county, and it is seldom such an opportunity offers to persons desirous of purchasing country homes. Each plot can be divided from the others, or parties purchasing can beautify and improve their grounds together. Seven trains daily each way from Rye to Portchester. Steamboat landing 5 minutes' walk from the property. Four unimproved plots in the park will also be sold at the same time. The 9½ and 11½ trains from 27th-st. will arrive in time for the sale. Fifty per cent. of the purchase money can remain on the property. Photographs of the houses and lithographic maps of the park can be seen at the office, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

HAGGERTY & PHELPS.
AUCTIONEERS AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.
ROBERT A. HAGGERTY. JUSTUS M. PHELPS.
We have on hand in this City, on Staten Island, Long Island and New-Jersey,
SOME VERY DESIRABLE
PROPERTY
FOR SALE AND TO LET.
HAGGERTY & PHELPS.

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN NORWALK, CONN.—A delightful residence, house three stories; has every convenience—bath, force pump, gas and fixtures, large furnace and range; 28 rooms, including parlor, dining-room and library; halls 17x20 feet, two piazzas 8x29 feet; the whole is now being repainted and put in complete order; a good barn and other outbuildings; grounds, a nearly square plot, comprise six acres beautifully located, commanding an extensive view and finely shaded; excellent water, springs never failing; large vegetable garden and an abundance of fruit; the location unsurpassed for healthfulness, and the surroundings unexceptionable; within seven minutes' drive to New-York and New-Haven Railroad Depot and steamboat landing, near to horse-cars, schools and churches. If the place is not sold soon, it will be let to a responsible party, furnished. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.; or Box No. 335 Post-office, Norwalk, Conn.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT EAST ORANGE, New-Jersey, with immediate possession, the residence of late Aaron Peck; dwelling contains 13 rooms, bath-room, water-closet and modern conveniences, greenhouse, gashouse and commodious outbuildings, stabling for ten horses; large garden, well stocked with fruits of all kinds; garden and lawn, inclosed with arbor vitae hedges. The whole comprising about 7 acres in fine condition. Location very healthy, three minutes' walk from depot of Morris and Essex Railroad; horse-cars pass the door every 15 minutes. Apply to CYRUS PECK, Continental Insurance Company, No. 102 Broadway, New-York.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Situated on the Hudson River, convenient to railroad depot, containing thirty-four acres, on which there is a large dwelling, carriage-house, gate-house, barns, sheds, ice-house, all in excellent order and recently built of the best materials; the house stands on high ground, commanding an excellent view of the river and adjacent country. The property will be sold with the furniture and horses, carriages, wagons, sleighs, &c., if desired. Apply on the premises, of WILLIAM MALLORY, Staatsburgh, N. Y., per Hudson River Railroad, or to JOHN T. BANKER, Cashier Hanover Bank.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS Lewis Terrace, West Morrisania, N. Y., situated on high ground, very healthy and convenient; one of the finest views around New-York; is on a line with 155th-st.; very easy of access by 3d-av. or Harlem Railroad; a few minutes' walk from Melrose Station. The improvements consist of two double houses, 4 x40, built by days' work in the most substantial manner, and containing all the modern improvements and comforts of a city residence; stable and all necessary outbuildings. For particulars, &c., apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

A COMMODIOUS FAMILY MANSION, with or without furniture, for sale or to let, corner of Gates-av. and Broadway, Brooklyn, with about 1¾ acres of ground, filled with choice varieties of fruits; with hot and cold grapery, stable, carriage-house, &c.; gas, Ridgewood water, and all modern conveniences; house 40x50 feet, with extension; accessible via Peck-slip Ferry and Broadway cars; half-hour from ferry. Terms easy. Apply to NOBLE & DEACON, No. 13 Barclay-st., New-York, or on the premises.

VALUABLE VACANT PROPERTY IN BROOKLYN FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.—For sale, to close an estate, the plot of ground, on the corner of Water and Washington sts., Brooklyn, 62x100. For a factory, machine-shop, foundry or similar business, the location is unsurpassed. Also, the excellent frame dwelling-house, No. 139 Washington-st., Brooklyn, near Sands-st. The location is good. Lot 30x100. B. G. HITCHINGS, Executor, No. 51 William-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE NEAT two-story and attic house with basements and under-cellar (frame filled in with brick) on Franklin-av., between Willoughby and De Kalb avs. Price $4,000.
Also, two three-story brick houses on Monroe-st., near Marcy-av. Price $3,000 each.
Also, the cottage and lots adjoining. Price $2,500. Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway, New-York.

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE AT GREENWICH for sale, one hour from the City; grounds beautiful with shrubbery and fruit trees; quite near the depot; house and out-houses large and nearly new; fine view of the Sound; 20 trains and 2 steamboats to and from the City daily; a residence replete with every comfort and luxury, and in a healthy locality. Inquire at the Southern Land Office, No. 62 Broadway, or A. E. MATHER, Greenwich, Conn.

FOR SALE—ON THE LINE OF THE HUDSON River Railroad, about 30 miles from New-York, one of the most elegant country residences in the vicinity of this City; about 50 acres of land; house large and roomy, with every modern convenience that can be had in the City; outbuildings large and numerous; grape-houses, green-houses, &c., &c.; views unsurpassed; price for sale, with horses, carriages, furniture, &c., $85,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE HOUSE, WITH NINE rooms, barn, &c., in good order, with three acres of land, well stocked with the choicest fruit, located on Sprain Road, two miles from Hastings and three miles from Yonkers. Location perfectly healthy. Will be sold low. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ABOUT 50 ACRES, with good farm house, barn and other outbuildings, running from Sawmill River to Sprain Road, Westchester County, three miles from Yonkers and 2½ miles from Bronxville Station on Harlem Railroad. Terms easy. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers, or of J. D. AUSTIN, on the premises.

ASTORIA, L. I.—FOR SALE, A DESIRABLE residence on Perot-av, near steamboat and ferry landings; house two stories, attic and basement (13 rooms), stable, coach and ice house, &c. One acre of ground, tastefully laid out in flower and vegetable garden; well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees. Apply to Miss SUYDAM, on the premises, or to JAS S. POLHEMUS, No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL VERY NICE COUNTRY houses and lots and farms, with good buildings, in New-Jersey, on the best railroads running out of the City of New-York; trains hourly; running time 1 to 1½ hours from City; also, six houses and lots and two small farms on Staten Island; all cheap properties and easy terms. BLAKE & DUDLEY, No. 54 William-st.

FOR SALE IN MADISON, CONN.—ABOUT 14 acres, known as "the Grove," most favorably situated for a country residence, being covered with a fine growth of native trees and broken into picturesque surface, also commanding unbroken view of Long Island Sound. For terms apply to JAMES T. LEAVITT, Nos. 118 and 120 Church-st.

LARGE AND VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY, completely furnished, for sale on easy terms, with extensive out-buildings, horses, carriages; accommodations for 600 guests, already engaged for the season; the leading hotel in the most fashionable watering place in the vicinity of New-York; a great bargain for hotel men. BLAKE & DUDLEY, No. 54 William-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—COUNTRY RESIDENCE at Astoria, L. I.; dwelling-house, three-story, nine rooms and cellar, barn, &c., with five acres of land; good garden with plenty of fruit. Pleasantly situated; convenient to the city; half a mile from steam-boat landing and ferry. For particulars inquire of A. F. PRYER, No. 50 Vesey-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—With or without the rich furniture, first-class, three-story, brick, high basement and sub-cellar; all modern improvements; corner house, 15 minutes from Broadway. Will be sold cheap. Apply on the premises, corner of Willow and Pineapple sts., or address Box No. 1,782 Post-office.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—AT IRVINGTON, 2½ miles from Newark, N. J.; one with 7, the other, has 14 rooms, high tower, with bath-room, fountain in garden, buildings and grounds ample, extensive view, very healthy, one or twenty acres of land. Apply to A. H. BROWN, No. 317 Broad-st., Newark, N. J., or at Clinton Cottage, Irvington.

FOR SALE—WITH OR WITHOUT FUNITURE, in West 24th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., north side, a four-story high-stoop brown-stone front house, in good repair, with all the modern improvements; upper and lower halls marble. Size lot 98.9x 20.10. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A VERY DESIRABLE country residence on Skaneateles Lake; good house, three acres of land, garden, fruit, &c.; house furnished. The situation and views are beautiful, delightful drives, boating, fishing, shooting, &c. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, E. D.—THE neat three-story and basement brick houses Nos. 3 and 7 2d-st., near Broadway, a few minutes' walk from the ferry. Price $5,000 each. Possession May 1.
Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FURNISHED—The first-class extra wide and deep English basement house, No. 23 University-place, near 9th-st., handsomely and completely furnished. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AVOID HIGH RENTS.—BUY WOODWARD'S COUNTRY HOMES, 122 designs and plans, and build a house in the country. Price $1 50, post-paid.
GEO. E. & F. W. WOODWARD,
Publishers, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE BROWN-stone house, four stories, high-stoop; size, 24x50; lot, 100; with the furniture if desired; located in 30th-st., near 6th-av. Apply to W. L. CONKLIN, 102 Reade-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE, 11 rooms, stable and carriage-house, about one acre of land, good fruit, delightful river view, three minutes' walk from depot at Piermont. J. A. LYDECKER, No. 160 Fulton-st., Room No. 5.

FOR SALE—ON THE WEST SHORE OF THE Hudson River, about one mile south of Milton Landing, a small farm of about 25 acres, on which are handsome building sites, with fine water front and good dock. Inquire of A. DICKINSON, No. 77 Cedar-st., New-York.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE AT BERGEN POINT—In the vicinity of the Central Railroad Depot; also building lots beautifully situated on Newark Bay. A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A PARTIALLY-furnished cottage on Staten Island, with stable, garden and fine ocean view. Apply to GRIFFITH & CO., No. 52 Exchange-place.

FOR SALE AT STAMFORD, CONN.—A cottage house 1½ miles from depot, with 3 acres land; plenty of shade trees. Price, $4,000. Apply to WM. MOTT, Probate Office, Stamford.

FOR SALE—AT ELIZABETH, N. J., A FINE, large, new house; fine shrubbery and fruit; cheap at $6,000; easy terms. BLAKE & DUDLEY, No. 54 William-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—AT WHITE PLAINS, two acres, old farm house and small dwelling house, fruit, &c.; near depot. Price $1,600. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BROWN-STONE front house, No. 28 Rapelye-st., Brooklyn. Apply to W. H. VAN WAGENER, No. 26 Whitehall-st.

FIRE-PROOF SAFES.—THREE SECOND-hand Safes, of medium size, for sale cheap, at No. 8 Cortlandt-st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—THE residence of the late John Griffin, in Rye, Westchester Co., N. Y., about ¾ of a mile from Mamaroneck depot, an expensive-built house, 44x45; wing attached, 22x 26 feet; walls filled in with brick; containing 19 hard-finished rooms; parlor large; floors deafened; water drawn on second story; furnace, bath, carriage-house, ice-house, barn, stable, hennery, wood-house, boat-house, used for bathing; about 16 acres of choice land fronting the Boston post road, sloping to the water; grounds tastefully laid out with ornamental trees, shrubbery, &c.; a large variety of young and bearing fruit trees, choice selections; also, a fine kitchen garden. For further particulars inquire on the premises, of Mr. D. L. ROGERS.

FARM FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—One of the finest farms in New-Jersey, situated on a high ridge, two miles from Rahway and one mile from Woodbridge, and overlooking Staten Island Sound. Said farm lies on the Rahway and Woodbridge Railroad at Avenell, with railroad station on the premises. Trains stop five times a day to and from New-York, and railroad communication with Rahway twelve times a day. Said farm

CONTAINS SEVENTY ACRES,

in high state of cultivation; fences new and in excellent condition; a fine apple and pear orchard and other fruits; large house, 40 feet front, with kitchen attached, nearly new; piazza whole length; farm-house on the premises for hired help; fine barn and stables; large cow-house, with hay-mows above; wagon-house, with bins above for grain; large corn-crib, hen-yard and smoke-house; two wells and a splendid spring of water; possession given immediately. Price $13,0 0. For further particulars apply to A. H. BRITTON, Globe Fire Insurance Company, or to J. J. MORRIS, No. 59 University-place.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT FURNISHED AT SARATOGA SPRINGS—The place known as Lake Side, and situated on Lake-av., about one mile from Congress Spring.
It contains 160 or more acres of beautiful and productive land, has a large house, most conveniently arranged, has excellent water, fine views, beautiful groves, fish ponds and excellent garden.
A large variety of ornamental shrubbery, about 400 fruit trees, grapes, berries, &c., &c.; fine new barn and outhouses.
For general location, scenery, and as a healthful, quiet, fully furnished and desirable residence, it can hardly be surpassed.
Persons wishing to purchase or lease are invited to visit the premises. Inquire of
JAMES WADSWORTH, No. 61 Cedar-st.

ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers his place at New-Rochelle for sale. The house is built of stone, in the Elizabethan style, has all the modern improvements, parlors, library and hall newly frescoed, and the house is in perfect order. The grounds are laid out without regard to expense, and the garden stocked with choicest fruits; stable, carriage-house and outhouses, all in perfect order. The place is very healthy. Apply to JOHN T. DALY, No. 9 Nassau-st.

FARM FOR SALE AT AUCTION.—WILL be sold at auction on SATURDAY, 21st April, at 2 P. M., on the premises, a valuable farm, containing about 42 acres; good buildings, large cider-house, fine young apple orchard, 300 trees; other fruits, dry, loamy soil, fine land for garden produce, good neighborhood, healthy location, situate 1½ miles from the village of Westfield, N. J., on the N. J. Central R. R., one hour from New-York, being the premises lately occupied by A. S. Miller, deceased. Sale positive.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT EAST ORANGE, N. J., with immediate possession, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, the desirable residence of the late Aaron Peck; 13 rooms, bath-room, water-closet, and modern conveniences, piazzas all around, commodious outbuildings, stabling for eight horses, fruits of all kinds, large garden and lawn, inclosed with arbor vitae hedges, in all about seven acres in fine condition; three minutes' walk from Grove-st. station; horse cars pass the door every fifteen minutes. Apply to CYRUS PECK, No. 102 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FARM, ONE MILE west of Geneva, containing 130 acres, (15 in wood,) in a fine state of cultivation; elevated, with a fair view of Seneca Lake and the village; a stream of water running through the place, affording motive-power for all the culinary purposes required—churning, shelling corn, &c.; dwelling of brick, two stories, with ample barns and outhouses, recently painted and in good order; apple and pear orchards, and garden. Address R. MITCHILL, Geneva, N. Y.

AT ORANGE, N. J.—ON MAIN-ST., NEAR Harrison, three minutes' walk from Brick Church Station, a 2½ story house, 14 rooms, furnace, range, good cellar, well and cistern; piazza 100 feet; large shade trees in front; garden (of ¾ acre) laid out like a miniature park and stocked with fruit of all kinds, pears, cherries, strawberries, raspberries, blackberries and fine grape arbors; price $11,750. Apply on premises, to A. L. SMITH, or address him Box No. 1,890, Post-office, New-York.

$5,000 WILL BUY A FARM OF 20 acres, 3 of it old growth wood; fine house, 11 rooms, good outbuildings, good fruit, very healthy and pleasant, 1½ miles of railroad, at Spring Valley, 30 miles from New-York, including two cows, two horses, three acres rye, manure, two wagons; one carriage, cost $400 last year; harness, potatoes, corn and farming implements. Terms easy. Inquire of F. J. BEAN, No. 113 John-st.

$9,000 WILL BUY A FARM OF 80 acres in the village of Spring Valley, 30 miles from the City by Northern Railroad; fine location for dividing into lots, and not half its value, but the owner, financially, is unable to keep it; it includes 4 cows, 2 mules, 2 horses, 200 loads manure, 250 bushels lime, hay wagons, crops, all farming implements, old stone house, 9 rooms, outbuildings good. Inquire F. J. BEAN, No. 113 John-st.

ANY PERSON WISHING A REALLY first class residence, with or without grounds adjoining, is requested to examine No. 168 President st., between Clinton and Court-sts., Brooklyn. House is in perfect order; has every convenience; is open, and can be seen any time in day. For sale on favorable terms to close an estate. For particulars, apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Executor, No. 139 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—A TWO-STORY BRICK BUILDING, Willow-place, near State-st., Brooklyn, with the privilege of lease of ground; at present used as a wheelwright shop, but can be converted into a stable to hold twelve horses. If not disposed of at private sale, will be sold at auction on MONDAY, the 23d inst.; terms easy. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—IN 86TH-ST., NORTH SIDE, 125 feet east of 5th-av., two four-story basement houses, with stone stable on the rear; price $8,000 each, $2,500 cash, and balance on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent. These houses will rent for $1,200 each, in floors, to the Police and workmen of the Park. Apply to E. N. TAILER, Jr., No. 99 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—IN THE CITY OF NEWBURGH, N. Y., 40 acres of land, all cultivated, having dwellings, barns, wagon-houses, greenhouse, fruit and shade trees, grapery, &c., &c.; also, a dwelling-house for laborers; will be sold in whole or in part for cash or unincumbered New-York City property. Apply to J. C. WILSON, 60 Canal-st., or FRANCIS WILSON, Newburgh.

FOR SALE—AT COLLEGE POINT, L. I., NEAR the steamboat landing, ten lots of ground, with a well built cottage house and hothouse attached; stable and barn; well and pump in the yard; grounds nicely laid out and planted with fruit and shade trees and shrubbery; all in perfect order. Apply to TRASK & ZUBERBIER, No. 87 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AN OLD-ESTABLISHED tavern stand and a cottage, with barns, stables, &c., with five acres of good land, well stocked with fruit, on Sawmill River Road, three miles from Yonkers and 1½ from Hastings. If not sold by 1st April will be let. Inquire of J. G. UTTER, corner of Dock-st. and Broadway, Yonkers.

FOR SALE—ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, A three-story brick house, with two lots of ground; the location is unsurpassed; the house has all the modern improvements, and will be sold at a reasonable price, and the terms of payment easy. Address Box No. 3,246 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—TWO FIRST-class stone-front houses, now finished, with all the modern improvements, Nos. 82 and 84 Woodhull, near Henry-st., ½ block from 1st-place; first-class surroundings; immediate possession; terms low. Apply at No. 411 Hicks-st. D. DIXON.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—A LARGE MANSION house, in good order, on 11th-av. and 75th-st., and 20 lots, overlooking the North River and the new contemplated Boulevard; price $45,000. Apply to JOHN KAVENAGH, corner 42d-st. and 6th-av., or J. E. TATE, No. 537 Broadway.

FARM AND COUNTRY SEAT AT A BARGAIN.—Seventy acres choice land, large modern buildings, nearly new; only 25 miles in New-Jersey. Price, including stock and farming implements, only $11,500. Others cheap. PETTIT & FRAZEE,
No. 171 Broadway, Room No 7.

FOR SALE—AT YONKERS, THE COTTAGE containing about eleven rooms and five lots of ground, corner of Ashburton-av. and Ashburton-place; ten minutes' walk from depot; house in good order; fine river view, &c. Price $6,500; terms easy, if desired. Apply to JAS. R. EDWARDS, No. 277 West 23d-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE IN JERSEY CITY—A THREE-story basement and under-cellar brown-stone front house, No. 17 Sussex-place; the house is 25 by 44, with extension lot 25 by 100; hot and cold water; price $13,000. Inquire of CHARLES CLARK, No. 1 Exchange-place, or at the house.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, the four-story English basement brown-stone front house, No. 40 East 31st-st., near Madison-av.; 20x60 half the block. Apply on the premises, from 10 to 11 A. M. and 3 to 4 P. M., or to EDWARD S. SHERMAN, No. 253 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE SITUATED on Newark Bay, 50 minutes from Jersey City; good bathing, boating and fishing. Inquire at WM. HENDERSON'S office, 73 Nassau-st., or 77 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, FINE FOUR-STORY brown-stone houses, English basement; all modern improvements; in good order; Second-place, between Court and Clinton sts., at low prices. HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—FRUIT FARM ON THE BANKS of the Hudson, at Catskill; good dwelling-house and outbuildings, 64 acres of land; 700 grapevines, over 1,000 fruit trees; splendid view; price $22,000. Apply to
A. JOURNEAY, No. 6 Pine-st.

AT NO. 758 3D-AV.—A SPLENDID FURNISHED first-class house, replete with improvements and elegantly furnished; if the right kind of tenant offers, statuary and paintings worth $25,000 go with it. Seen by permits only. JAMES ROWE.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN NEW JERSEY, 1¼ hours by Erie Railroad; close to depot; 13¼ acres; choice fruit, &c. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT REDUCED PRICES, SEVERAL brick and brown-stone dwellings, desirably located, at from $7,000 to $16,000 each.
G. A. KISSAM, No. 30 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS, AT $400, FINE lots in Brooklyn, on high ground, only 12 minutes by cars from ferries; no money required if built upon.
C. B. HART, No. 149 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE AT $3,500—DWELLING AND store in business location, or store, 30x60, to let from May 1; also, house and lot, at $1,400; all at this place. Address J. S. HOLMES, Bedford Station, N. Y.

AT A SACRIFICE—A SMALL THREE-STORY brick house, in perfect order and nicely furnished, on 39th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs. Apply to W. L. TYSON, foot of 7th-st., E. R.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR CITY property, 400 acres of good farm land near the Hudson and Delaware Canal, in Sullivan County. Address LAND, Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE TIMBER LANDS, IN Warren and Hamilton Counties, this State. Apply to A. CRAFT, No. 4 Bridge-st., Brooklyn, L. I.

FIFTH-AV., SECOND DOOR FROM 130TH-ST.—FOR SALE—A fine stone house in prime order, and tastefully decorated. Apply on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND BUILDING lots in the vicinity of New-York, for sale by A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS house, No. 87 Lexington-av., corner 27th-st.; house and lot full size. Address Box No. 44 Union-place Hotel.

COUNTRY SEATS AND FARMS WANTED—In exchange for first-class Brooklyn property. Apply to WM. H. MILLER, No. 119 Broadway, Room No. 22.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE AND TO RENT, IN ORANGE, N. J.

GOOD BARGAINS.—The house of the subscriber, located corner of Highland and Essex avs.; five minutes' walk from Valley Depot; location is one of the best in Orange; fine views, good spring water, garden laid out and planted; size of lot one acre; house, 44x44; French roof slated; walls filled in with brick; parlors and dining-room, each 16x22; large furnace, &c.; will be sold for less than the present cost of building, either furnished or unfurnished; the adjoining house, of similar size, to rent, furnished, for six months or year. Also for sale a beautiful ornamental cottage, with eight rooms, to be ready for occupancy May 1, and a number of fine building sites. Apply on the premises, (plank walk leads direct from Valley Depot to the three houses,) or to J. S. OTIS, at H. B. Claflin & Co.'s, Church and Worth sts., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE DOUBLE THREE-story brick house, No. 56 9th-st., near 5th-av.; house 33x60 feet, in good order and ready for immediate occupancy; price $30,000, including fixtures, &c. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

GO HOME BY STEAM

IN BROAD-GUAGE PALACE CARS.
BUY YOUR COUNTRY HOME AT
BOILING SPRING, N. J.

Ten miles from the City Hall, New-York. The first station on the Erie Railroad, a broad-guage, double track, national highway.
Time from Chambers-st., New-York, thirty-nine minutes. Ten trains each way daily. Lightning express speed; no stops.
Annual commutation, $49 75—four-fifths of omnibus fare. Superior telegraph, freight and express accommodations, high rolling land, and one of the most healthy and accessible suburbs of New-York.
FOR SALE:
One new cottage, with two acres; ready June 15. Price $10,000.
One neat cottage, nearly new, one acre. Price $3,000.
One house and two acres. Price $8,000.
Choice building sites, one to five acres each. $506 per acre.
Apply to GEO. E. & F. W. WOODWARD,
Editors of the *Horticulturist*,
No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE AT WEST ORANGE, NEW-JERSEY,

A TRACT OF VERY FINE LAND in a high state of cultivation, (from two to ten acres,) beautifully situated, one of the best locations in the town, having a splendid view of the City of New-York and surrounding country in every direction; situated on Main-st., opposite Lewellyn Park, adjoining the property of A. P. Pillit and Wm. Hustace, within five minutes' drive of North Orange depot; not more than five minutes' walk from St. Mark's Church; terms easy. Apply to CALEB CONDIT, on the premises.

FOR SALE—AT YONKERS, A FINE HOUSE, 42x49 feet, two-story and attic, with basement and sub-cellar; 20 finished rooms; double foundation walls all around, gas and water fixtures, range and furnace; built in the best manner by days' work; carriage-house, and grapery under glass, with a variety of foreign grapes, all under good repair, situate on North Broadway, running through to Palisade-av., comprising nearly two acres, with forest and fruit trees and berries in great variety, in full bearing of the choicest grafted varieties ripening in succession; fine river view; eight minutes' walk to depot; price $29,000 with furniture, or $26,000 without; terms easy; if not sold soon will be let furnished. Apply to Dr. KINSLEY, on the premises, or to WM. H. KINSLEY, No. 107 Fulton-st., New-York.

GOLD OR COPPER LANDS IN THE STATES OF NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA OR GEORGIA.—Wanted to purchase, well-situated and desirable gold or copper lands in the above States. Parties having lands in fee or on lease of the above description, and desiring to sell on fair terms, will find a purchaser by addressing the undersigned, with full description as to exact location, character and general advantages, stating the lowest and best terms upon which they can be purchased. Address G. S. G. B., Box No. 174 *Times* Office.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE, EITHER FURNISHED or unfurnished, together with a garden filled with fruit trees, &c.; stable, wagon-house, &c.; also pasturing for one cow if desired. These premises are on the Norwich line to Boston, of easy access, in a healthy neighborhood, near the City of Norwich, which is famed for its beauty. A nightly line of steamers runs to this City, and from this City to Norwich. Apply to L. BILL, No. 75 Fulton-st., New-York.

A VALUABLE FARM AND RESIDENCE for sale low, at Queens Station, L. I., immediately at the depot, 13 miles by rail from the City, containing 87 acres; a new house, 42x32, two-story and basement, built by days' work, and filled in with brick to the top; 14 rooms; good outbuildings, plenty of fruit and shade; no healthier place in the State, and scarcely any cheaper; price $23,000. Apply to C. G. PRATT, No. 24 Pine-st., Rooms Nos. 37 and 38.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, A FOUR-STORY brown-stone English basement house, 16.8x60, in complete order from top to bottom, on West 22d-st., including gas fixtures, carpets, oilcloths and shades throughout the house, and parlor curtains; price $11,-000: neighborhood unexceptionable; this is the cheapest house in New-York. JAMES R. EDWARDS, No. 277 West 23d-st.

A PRODUCTIVE FARM FOR SALE IN Rockland County, containing 133 acres, 30 large wood, balance highly improved, well watered and fenced, 2 orchards; large house, 15 rooms, barns, outhouses, all in perfect order, 29 miles from New-York, and 2½ from station. This is one of the best farms in Rockland County, and will be sold low.
A. SERGEANT, No. 15 Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—A VERY DESIRABLE country residence on Hawthorne-av., within 10 minutes' walk of depot; house frame, filled in with brick; gas, hot and cold water, and all modern improvements; stable, carriage-house, &c., with one acre of land, laid out in lawn and garden; fruits and vegetables in abundance. For terms, &c., apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A GOOD HOME.—A VERY DESIRABLE place, 17 miles from the City, 1 mile from railroad station. Good house, in perfect order, all necessary outbuildings, pleasant situation—with from 3 to 34 acres of land—will be sold or rented to a responsible party on reasonable terms. Immediate possession.

30 VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS—SITUATED between 74th and 81st sts. and 3d and 4th avs., desirable for immediate use or permanent investment; will be sold cheap if applied for soon, as the money is wanted for business purposes. The owner may be seen at the store of Messrs. H. G. Ely & Sanger, No. 31 Ferry-st., from 10 to 11 o'clock A. M.

WANTED—ABOUT $900 WORTH OF PLAIN, substantial furniture, in exchange for a fine building site of two acres, about 1¼ hours' ride from the City on the New-Jersey Central Railroad. Property unincumbered. The furniture must be at the lowest cash valuation. Address, with full particulars, HOUSEKEEPER, Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—AT PLAINFIELD, N. J., A HOUSE containing ten rooms, barn and twenty acres of excellent land, with choice fruit; beautifully situated, overlooking the village; price $12,500. Apply to R. E. BABB, No. 167 Broadway, Room No. 20.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW, THREE-STORY HIGH-stoop brick house, No. 224 West 47th st., near Broadway; all improvements; fine, improving neighborhood; possession May 1; very little money required. Inquire at No. 20 West 43d-st.

FOR SALE—AT WEST HOBOKEN, N. J., A first-class country residence, with about two acres of ground planted with fruit-trees, shrubs and flowers, all of first-class selection. Immediate possession. Address Box No. 2,352 New-York Post-office.

BROWN-STONE HOUSE FOR SALE—NO. 229 West 50th-st.; three-story, high stoop, modern improvements. Apply to ANDREW M. COLVIN, No. 124 Maiden-lane, up stairs.

FOR SALE—FOUR FIRST-CLASS BROWN-stone houses, just finished, on 52d-st., between Broadway and 8th-av.; will be sold cheap; location first-class. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A DESIRABLE residence on Clinton-av., Brooklyn, for a small place a short distance in the country; extra lot filled with fruit. Address HOWARD, Brooklyn Post-office.

TO LET.

TO LET—IN CENTREVILLE, IN THE TOWN of Westchester, a neat cottage newly built, containing 7 rooms, in perfect order; it is admirably convenient and adapted for a genteel family, being located in a respectable neighborhood, surrounded by schools and churches of all grades and denominations, and of easy access to and from New-York, by stage and steamboat. Apply to BERNARD WATERS, by the premises, or to FRANK DEVINE, owner.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—NEAR New Brunswick, N. J., two miles from depot, handsomely located near running stream of water, with fine shade, fruit and ornamental trees; house contains 14 rooms; piazza in front, good carriage-house, stable, &c.; price $450 for six months from May 1. For further particulars inquire of RUTSEN HARDENBERGH, No. 76 Cedar-st., up stairs.

TO LET—FOR SIX MONTHS FROM THE 1ST of May, a furnished cottage in the Highlands, on the Hudson; ten rooms, five acres of land, good garden, splendid river view and mountain scenery; two hours from New-York, ten minutes' walk from depot, steamboat landing and post-office; good cow on the place. Inquire of L. H. McCOY, Esq., No. 5 Beekman-st., up stairs.

WANTED—TO RENT FOR SIX MONTHS, A thoroughly furnished house at Fort Washington, five minutes' walk from the depot; the place has a garden and stable, &c., attached; the situation is a desirable one and perfectly healthy. For rent and other particulars, apply to Box No. 5,882 Post-office. No boarding-house keepers need apply.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO RENT FURNISHED—One of the best locations in Sing Sing; short distance from the depot; fine river and landscape view; large house and carriage-house; plenty of fruit; fine garden; five acres of land; every way suitable for a gentleman's residence; the use of a cow if desired. Apply to J. ODELL, No. 4 Jauncey-court.

SURBURBAN RESIDENCE TO LET—About six miles from Brooklyn Ferry, on the bay shore, one mile this side of Fort Hamilton, either furnished or unfurnished. House with 15 rooms; coach-house, stables, and seven acres of land; vines, fruit and shade trees abundant. Apply to R. CORNELL WHITE, No. 92 Warren-st.

FOR RENT.—BROOKLYN.—WILL RENT TO A responsible party, from May 1, for two years, a modern three-story and basement brown-stone front corner house, 26x50, furnished, at $250 per month; unfurnished, $1,800 per annum; house delightfully located, and convenient to ferries. For further particulars, apply at No. 11 Water-st., New-York.

HOUSES, STORES AND OFFICES TO LET—Nos. 48 Broadway, 859 Broadway, 58 Bleecker-st., 35 Howard-st., 5 and 7 William-st., 346 3d-av.; also, vacant lots to lease. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—A VERY SMALL COTTAGE-HOUSE, stable and barn, situated on the Boston turnpike road, about ten minutes' ride from the depot at New-Rochelle; garden and fruit on the premises, and rent low. Apply to J. P. ROBINSON, Main-st., New-Rochelle.

TO LET—A NEWLY FURNISHED BROWN-stone front house, opposite Washington Park, Brooklyn, for three months, from June 1, to a small private family without children, at a low rent. Address T. T., Box No. 3,885 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, A BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED English basement house in 23d-st., by a gentleman going to Europe; only to a private family. Address, with name and address, P. O., Box No. 5,016 Post-office.

TO LET—IN THE COUNTRY, ONE COTTAGE, 8 rooms, $200 per year; one 10 rooms, stable, garden, &c., $400; one 10 rooms, fruit, shade, stable, &c., $400; one mansion, $1,400; one do. $1,500, and others cheap. PETTIT & FRAZEE, No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 7.

TO LET—ON SOUTH SIDE 90TH-ST., THIRD door east from Avenue A, two substantial brick houses; gas, water, &c.; two stories, basement and under-cellar; rent $500. Inquire of BIDWELL, No. 254 Pearl-st.

LOFTS AND STORES TO LET—IN PARK-place, Warren, Lispenard, Mercer, Broadway above Broome, Grand, and other locations. D. D. ORRELL, No. 78 Cedar-st.

TO LET—TO A PRIVATE FAMILY ONLY, A handsomely furnished house near Union-square. Terms moderate. Address Box No. 712 Post-office.

TO LET.

TO PRIVATE FAMILIES DESIRING A pleasant COUNTRY RESIDENCE during next year. A gentleman has just erected a large and commodious building in the upper part of Westchester County, containing some 30 rooms, with large parlors, dining and billiard-rooms; delicious water at the door; ice-house full 75 tons, barns, stables, good garden spot, fine playground for children, and large pond of water for fishing and boating; the whole thing admirably arranged for the accommodation of about 50 persons, including servants. This is a fine opportunity for about four or six private families to club together, and, where the families are known to each other, would make it pleasant and comfortable as a residence during the whole year, as it is of easy access by railroad, just 20 minutes' walk from the station. Persons can be here at 9 A. M. and leave at 5 P. M.; full advantage of express trains. Price per year $3,000. References will be required as to character and responsibility. For further particulars apply to JOSEPH PICKARD, Rotunda Building, under Croton Aqueduct Board, City Hall, or to G. F. HICKOK, Park Bank.

FOR RENT—FROM MAY 1, 1866, A NEAT NEW brick house, size 18x36 feet, with kitchen attached, situated four miles from Goshen, Orange County, N. Y., on the Erie Railway; easy of access; suitable for a family wishing to move to a healthy part of the country; stabling for horse with premises if desired. Inquire of Capt. JOHN THOMPSON, Erie Buildings, Duane-st., or S. T. BROWN, Mechanics and Traders' Bank, or on the premises of DE WITT C. DURLAND, Goshen, Orange County, N. Y.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, AT Bay Ridge, suburbs of Brooklyn, containing 11 rooms, all in good repair, within half an hour of the ferry and 100 yards of the City cars, which pass every 15 minutes. The house commands a splendid view of New-York Bay and has 20 acres of land, barn, stables, kitchen-garden and extensive apple orchard attached. Rent $1,400. Apply to WM. H. POWER & CRAIG, No. 3 Broadway.

ANY OWNER OF A NEATLY OR RICHLY furnished house, who on leaving the City for 6 or 12 months, would prefer the same to be occupied by a small family of adults, and to whom an assurance of the very best care of furniture and premises would be a partial consideration for rent, can know of an unexceptionable tenant by addressing B., Box No. 5,637 Post-office.

TO LET OR FOR SALE FURNISHED—A very superior built and richly furnished house in South Brooklyn, with stable and six lots of ground.
Also, buildings and lots to let, suitable for manufacturing purposes.
Apply at the Union Stores, foot of Sedgwick-st., South Brooklyn.

TO MANUFACTURERS—TO LET, WITH OR without steam power, two floors in large building Nos. 199 and 201 Water-st., Brooklyn, 150x45; also large basement and third floor No. 24 Beekman-st.; second floor No. 199 William-st., and fourth floor, rear No. 13 Frankfort-st., New-York. Apply to H. W. GREENE, No. 13 Spruce-st., New-York.

BROADWAY PROPERTY—TO LEASE FOR a term of years, the valuable plot of land on north-west corner of Broadway and Barclay-st., recently destroyed by fire, having a frontage of 48 feet 10 inches on Broadway, by 141 feet 6 inches on Barclay-st., with an L of 69 feet 6 inches in the rear. For full particulars apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE and lot, No. 87 West 20th-st., having a three-story extension and all the modern improvements; is in complete order, and suitable for a large family; can be seen from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M. For particulars apply to B. BLANCO., No. 13 South William-st.

TO LET—FOR SIX MONTHS FROM MAY 1, AT Great Neck, L. I., an old-fashioned farm-house, containing 8 rooms and attic, and one acre of land, with fruit and shade trees; 1½ hour from New-York, via Flushing; near stage route, and 2½ miles from steamboat landing; rent $500. Address A. A. R., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

TO LET FURNISHED—ONE AND A HALF miles from Hart's Corner, on the Harlem Railroad, a 1½-story house, 12 rooms, barn and stable, good cow, poultry, plenty of fruit; will be let with 1 acre of land or 35 acres; rent $500 a year. Apply to J. A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

A PLEASANTLY SITUATED AND COMPLETELY furnished dwelling-house in the village of Flushing, to let from May 1 to Oct. 1, with fruit and ornamental trees, carriage-house and stables; communication hourly by railroad and steamboat. For particulars apply to S. S. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—The lot No. 231 Broadway, heretofore under lease to Mr. H. J. Bang, and occupied by him as a restaurant, the building being now destroyed in the late fire on 6th inst. For particulars and terms apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

TO LET—AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND, FIVE minutes' walk south of Vanderbilt Landing, on the shore of the bay, a furnished house, 45 feet square, containing gas, water, and billiard-room, with an acre and a half of land. Apply to G. WALKER, No. 29 Gold-st., or D. WALKER, No. 1 Clinton Hall.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—IN the beautiful village of North Adams, Mass., furnished or unfurnished, for three or four months; possession given the 1st of May. Address E. J. DECKER, Box No. 163, North Adams, Mass.

OFFICES TO LET—TWO LIGHT AND pleasant offices in fourth story of the first-class marble building, Nos. 155 and 157 Broadway, between Liberty and Cortlandt sts. Rent $500. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—WITH CORNER rooms, large and small, lighted all around, heated with steam, well adapted for manufacturing purposes. Apply to J. & G. H. WALKER, No. 180 Centre-st., corner of Hester.

TO RENT—AT EASTCHESTER, 15 MILES FROM New-York City, a handsome villa, fully and handsomely furnished; all improvements; water throughout; ice-house, stable, &c., and eight acres of land in lawn and gardens. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., 3 Pine-st.

COTTAGE TO LET—AT, DARIEN, CONN., 10 rooms in good order, barn, one acre in lawn and garden, plenty of apples, pears, grapes, &c., 5 minutes' walk from depot, and immediate possession; rent $400. C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—THE MEDIUM-sized brown-stone four-story house, No. 9 West 39th-st., fully and elegantly furnished, will be rented reasonably to a private family only. Apply between 10 and 2 o'clock.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR SIX MONTHS from May 1, the brown-stone front four-story English basement house No. 382 West 33d-st. Rent $200 per month. Inquire on the premises, or of C. W. PLYER, Mutual Life Insurance Company, No. 144 Broadway.

TO LET—IN SEVENTY-THIRD-ST., NEAR Central Park and 5th-av., a handsomely furnished brown stone, high-stoop house, with all modern improvements, and complete for housekeeping. Apply on the premises, No. 63 East 73d-st.

TO LET—ALL THOSE ELEGANT OFFICES ON the second and third floors of No. 7 Coenties-slip. Rents moderate. Apply to WM. CRUIKSHANK & CO., No. 55 Broadway.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE at Peekskill, with all the modern improvements; commands a magnificent view of the Hudson. Pictures and paintings at DERRICKSON & BARTLETT'S, No. 30 Beekman-st.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR NO. 149 BROADWAY, corner of Liberty-st. Apply to
BOWNE & CO.,
No. 149 Broadway.

AT NO. 758 3D-AV.—HOUSES TO LET, FURNISHED and unfurnished: furnished, at $1.5, $1 0, $175, $225 and $300 per month; unfurnished do., at $600, $800, $1,500 and $2,000. JAMES ROWE.

OFFICES TO LET—A LARGE FRONT office in No. 66 Nassau-st., near Maiden-lane, suitable for jewelers, lawyers, &c. Inquire of FALKENAU, POLLAK & CO., No. 4 Maiden-lane.

TO LET—IN STRATFORD, CONN., HOUSE 40x 40, with an extension 15x22; 3 acres of land, fine gardens; small house for gardener; partially furnished. HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A FIRST-CLASS house, desirably located and in perfect order; or will let the house and sell furniture, which is handsome and nearly new. Apply on the premises, No. 167 East 50th-st.

STEAM-POWER TO LET.—A FIRST FLOOR and lofts on Canal-st., opposite Earle's Hotel, near Broadway; possession of one loft immediately. Apply to P. J. INSLEE, No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—THREE-STORY PHILADELPHIA brick house, all improvements, high basement, in good order. Apply on the premises, south side Putnam-av., second house east of Franklin-av., Brooklyn.

STABLE TO LET OR FOR SALE—IN WEST 49th-st. Gas and water; room for coachman's family; in complete order; brick, 42x25. Immediate possession.
HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD LOFTS at No. 62 Liberty-st. to lease. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or THEAL CURTIS, No. 28 Liberty-st.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED—ON WEST 20TH-st., a neat and very pretty and perfectly modern small three-story high-stoop brown-stone house, in fine order. Rent $1,300. JAS. R. EDWARDS, No. 277 West 23d-st.

LARGE FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, on Brooklyn Heights, near Wall-st. Ferry, for six months or a year. Immediate possession. Address L. F. HOUSE, Box No. 1,504 New-York Post-office.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—TWO GENTLEMEN can find parlor and bedroom, with large closet, newly furnished, on Broadway, above 42d-st., without meals, from May 1, 1866. Apply to E. SNYDER, 61 Hudson-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, TO A PRIVATE FAMILY only, a large five-story basement house, 30 feet wide, No. 11 West 17th-st.; newly furnished throughout. To be seen from 2 until 6 o'clock, for one week.

YONKERS.—IF YOU WANT TO HIRE A FURNISHED house for Summer or year, or purchase property at Yonkers, apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE HOUSE NO. 17 East 37th-st., to a private family, with early possession, in complete order and thorough order. Apply to H. K. CORNING, SON & CO., No. 84 South-st.

FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, for single gentlemen without board; bath-room, gas and heaters. Apply to Mrs. E. FEARN, No. 277 Hudson-st.

AT NO. 819 BROADWAY, CORNER OF 12TH-ST.—TO LET—A spacious hall or salesroom; also, front and corner rooms. JOHN S. KELSO, No. 59 Liberty-st.

ON 4TH-AV., BETWEEN 19TH AND 20th sts., a large room, 40x40, to let. Inquire at No. 813 Broadway. S. CANTRELL.

STATEN ISLAND, NORTH SHORE—TO LET, FURNISHED—First-class residences, eligibly located. HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, NO. 42 WEST 37TH-ST., near 5th-av. Terms by the year very moderate. THOMAS J. STEWART, No. 158 West 21st-st.

STORE TO LET—NO. 418 4TH-AV., WITH FINE show-window; a good location for any genteel business. For particulars, apply at No. 592 Canal-st.

TO LET—A ROOM 13X50, ON SECOND FLOOR of People's Bank building, No. 395 Canal-st., corner of Thompson.

STEAM POWER.—LARGE AND WELL-lighted rooms to let, with steam power. Apply to JNO. S. MEYER, No. 165 West 29th-st.

OFFICE TO LET—NO. 63 BEAVER-ST., ON first floor. Apply to
PELLS & CO., No. 109 Pearl-st.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 129 WAVERLEY-PLACE. Gas, gas fixtures and water; eight rooms. Dr LINDSAY, No. 76 6th-av.

PERSONAL.

$100 REWARD.

FREDERICK WAGNER, a man about 61 years of age, left his home on the night of the 15th inst., in a deranged condition of mind, and is supposed to have gone into the river. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the said Frederick Wagner or his body.
RHEINFRANK & GANZINMUELLER,
No. 385 3d-st.

MEETINGS.

ASSOCIATION OF EXEMPT FIREMEN.—The quarterly meeting will be held at Firemen's Hall, TUESDAY EVENING, April 17, at 7½ o'clock.
G. W. WHEELER, Recording Secretary.

DRY GOODS.

SPRING OPENING—1866, ON A GOLD BASIS.

We are now prepared and will put on exhibition and offer to the public at retail, during this month, our entire stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER
CLOTHING,
All of which are
NEW GOODS
AND
SUPERIOR STYLES,

At prices lower than at any time since 1861. We are determined to close out our stock at prices without regard to cost, and make this early offering that all may have the opportunity to buy superior goods at a very low price.

WHITE, WHITMAN & CO.
NOS. 234 and 236 BROADWAY.

MOURNING DEPARTMENT.

A fine assortment of Mourning and part Mourning Goods of every kind, for Spring and Summer wear, at RETAIL
AT REDUCED PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-STREET.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-STREET.

UPHOLSTERY GOODS—PRICES REDUCED.

At Retail, a New and Elegant stock of BROCATELS, PLUSHES, REPS, CHAIN LAINES, DAMASKS, CHINTZES, LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS, DRAPERIES, TABLE AND PIANO COVERS, &c.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION
given to the furnishing and fitting up of houses, steamboats and hotels.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-STREET.

LACES AT REDUCED PRICES.

Black and White Thread Lace Shawls, Capes, Coiffures, Barbes, Sets, Collars, Handkerchiefs, &c. Also, Black and White Lama Lace Shawls, &c., &c., at retail, at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

ELEGANT PARIS MADE CLOAKS.

Also, a fine assortment of our own manufacture, latest Spring designs, at retail,
AT VERY LOW PRICES!
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Breakfast Robes, Robes de Chambre, Corset Covers, Skirts, Chemises, Waists, Caps, Underclothing, Children's Dresses, &c., &c.,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

SILKS AT REDUCED PRICES.

PLAIN BLACK, COLORED AND FANCY SILKS in great variety, at retail,
BELOW COST OF IMPORTATION.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

DRESS GOODS—PRICES REDUCED!

AT RETAIL—A fine assortment of IRISH and FRENCH POPLINS, MOHAIRS, CHALLIES, GRENADINES, MOZAMBIQUES, ORGANDIES, &c., &c.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

STRANG & ADRIANCE, NO. 355 BROADWAY.

GREAT BARGAINS.
Will be offered at retail on MONDAY, from the HEAVY AUCTION SALES of last week,
comprising
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
in every variety.
8-4 and 3-4 BLACK WORSTED GRENADINES.
BLACK BOMBAZINES, TAMISE CLOTHS,
DELAINES AND ALPACAS.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
of every description, much cheaper than heretofore.
ALSO,
FANCY DRESS GOODS, from low to fine quality.
BLACK and COLORED and WHITE ground BROCHE GRENADINES, the best and cheapest goods ever offered.
PRINTED MOHAIRS, a new and desirable article,
SUPER SILKS AND WOOL POPLINS, in all styles and colors.
ORGANDIES, JACONETS, PERCALES and PRINTS, the handsomest assortment ever offered by us.
ALSO,
SHAWLS,
of all descriptions.
REAL LLAMA LACE POINTS AND SHETLAND SHAWLS.
CLOAKS,
In every style, on hand and made to order.
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.
LACE CURTAINS,
at half cost of importation.
STRANG & ADRIANCE,
NO. 355 BROADWAY.

AT LEGRAIN'S.

RICH SILK GRENADINE, BROCHE FIGURED, just received from Paris.
Fine choice of FIGURED BAREGE.
PLAIN COLORED BAREGE GRENADINE at 50c. per yard. worth 75c.
FRENCH CAMBRIC AND PERCALES, new designs.
JACONETS AND ORGANDIES.
POIL DE CHENE AND MOHAIR, plain colors.
POIL DE CHENE, EXTRA RICH NOVELTIES.
SUMMER POPLINS, NEAT PLAIDS, at 85c., worth $1 25.
And many other NEW GOODS too numerous to mention.
LEGRAIN, No. 729 Broadway.

CLOAKS ON MONDAY, APRIL 16, AT LEGRAIN'S.

OPENING OF A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER CLOAKS, in all the NEWEST STYLES AND DESIGNS OF THE SEASON.
ALSO A BEAUTIFUL AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF LAMA LACE POINTS AND SHAWLS, from $20 to $100.
LEGRAIN, No. 729 Broadway.

SMILLIE & CO.

Will expose for sale on Monday, April 16,
A GREAT VARIETY of SUMMER BROCHE GRENADINES, and all the newest styles of DRESS GOODS for SPRING and SUMMER WEAR, purchased since the great fall in the price of gold.
NO. 763 BROADWAY,
between 8th and 9th sts.

SMILLIE & CO.

Invite the attention of LADIES
to their BLACK SILKS in GRO. GRAIN, TAFFETAS, GLACE and POULT DE SOIE, purchased since the great fall in the price of gold.
NO. 763 BROADWAY,
Between 8th and 9th sts.
Open MONDAY, April 16, 10 o'clock A. M.

LINENS,

SHIRTING LINENS,
PILLOW LINENS,
SHEETING LINENS.
TAYLOR, McGIBBON & CO.,
No. 809 Broadway.

LACE CURTAINS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT.
TAYLOR, McGIBBON & CO.,
No. 809 Broadway.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

FURNITURE COVERINGS,
CURTAIN MATERIALS,
RICH VESTIBULE LACES.
FAMILY LINENS
AND
SHEETINGS.
DAMASKS AND DAMASK NAPKINS,
Cut and made up at short notice.
ALSO
WINDOW-SHADES, MATTRESSES,
PILLOWS AND BOLSTERS,
To order.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

MOURNING BONNETS! MOURNING BONNETS!

The LARGEST and HANDSOMEST STOCK ever offered. Prices greatly reduced. N. B.—A superior stock of SHAWLS, PLAIN and TRIMMED, very cheap, FROM AUCTION.
W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

BLACK ALPACAS.

GREAT BARGAINS.
We offer a very superior make and finish at 56c.@62½c. @75c.@87½c.@$1. Ladies requiring such goods should look at our stock before purchasing elsewhere. (N. B.) One case of MOZAMBIQUES and one of choice QUEEN'S CLOTH at $5 per dress—half price.
W. JACKSON, Importer, No. 551 Broadway,
Between Spring and Prince-sts.

ALEX. IRVINE, NO. 178 3D-AV., WILL offer great bargains in black Gros Grain Silks, also French and English Dress Goods of the latest styles and coloring, at less than gold cost of importation. Also, a well-assorted stock of French, English and Domestic Prints, housekeeping goods; linens, 4-4 to 11-4, very cheap; table damask, napkins, towelings, crashes; bleached and unbleached sheeting of the best makes; hosiery and gloves; Gent's furnishing goods. Dress shirts made to order. A large assortment of flannels and blankets at greatly reduced prices.
A. IRVINE, No. 178 3d-av.

DRY GOODS.

AT COST.

FOR TWENTY DAYS,
$75,000
WORTH OF
HOSIERY,
GLOVES.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
SUMMER UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
GENT'S GAUZE MERINO SHIRTS,
GENT'S SILK SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
LINEN AND JEAN DRAWERS.
COTTON AND LISLE HALF HOSE.
SCARFS, TIES, SUSPENDERS, HDKFS.
KID AND LISLE GLOVES.
MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS AND COLLARS.
BOYS' WHITE SHIRTS AND COLLARS, &c.

Having sold the lease of the building which I now occupy, and BOUND MYSELF to GIVE POSSESSION of THE STORE ON THE 25TH DAY OF THIS MONTH, I will SELL at COST, without reserve, from now until that date, in order to reduce my stock before removing, I beg leave most respectfully to ask those in want of fine goods to give me a call.
C. TAYLOR, No. 713 Broadway.

PARIS CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,

LACE POINTS, ROTONDES, BURNOUS,
CLOTH GARMENTS, &c., &c.
O'SULLIVAN & GREIG
having opened their
NEW STORE, NO. 771 BROADWAY,
are now prepared to show
GREAT NOVELTIES
in the above goods,
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
O'SULLIVAN & GREIG,
BROADWAY, CORNER OF 9TH-ST.

SMILLIE & CO. WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, April 16, at 10 o'clock A. M., a choice assorted stock of DRESS SILKS, purchased since the great fall in the price of gold.
No. 763 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.

OPENING OF MANTILLAS AT SMILLIE & CO'S, on MONDAY, April 16, 10 o'clock A. M., in French and our own manufacture, of the latest fashions, from the leading MODISTES of PARIS.
No. 763 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.
WM. B. MACKENZIE, Superintendent.

TO THE LADIES.—SMILLIE & CO. WILL expose FOR SALE and EXHIBITION, on MONDAY, April 16, at 10 o'clock A. M., an elegant and choice assortment of MANTILLAS, BASQUINES, CIRCULARS, JACKETS and SACQUES in all the most choice fabrics as worn in PARIS.
No. 763 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.
WM. B. MACKENZIE, Superintendent.

SMILLIE & CO. CALL THE ATTENTION OF LADIES to their MOURNING DEPARTMENT, which they will find REPLETE with all the newest fabrics, purchased since the late fall in gold.
No. 763 Broadway, between 8th and 9th-sts.
Open MONDAY, April 16, 10 o'clock A. M.

SMILLIE & CO.'S WHITE GOODS AND DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT fully assorted.
No. 763 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.
Open MONDAY, April 16, at 10 o'clock A. M.

SMILLIE & CO. BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the LADIES of New-York and vicinity that all our large offering in SILKS, DRESS GOODS, MOURNING GOODS, MANTILLAS AND CLOAKS are all of this season's importation and manufacture, purchased since the great fall in the price of gold.
No. 763 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.

OPENING OF SUMMER FASHIONS IN LLAMA LACE POINTS, CIRCULARS, ROTONDS and BOURNAIS, from DOGNIN & CIE, OF PARIS, on MONDAY, April 16, at 10 o'clock A. M.
SMILLIE & CO.,
No. 753 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.
WM. B. MACKENZIE, Superintendent.

SMILLIE & CO.

WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, APRIL 16,
a choice assorted stock of DRESS SIKS, purchased since the great fall in the price of gold.
No. 763 Broadway.

WINDOW SHADES.
No. 447 BROADWAY.
FOR STORES,
FOR SKYLIGHTS,
FOR DWELLINGS,
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, Manufacturers.

LACE CURTAINS.
No. 447 BROADWAY.
Prices corresponding with the low prices of Gold and Cotton. G. L. & J. B. KELTY.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
Just opened at THE LOWEST gold rates,
Consisting of
Cluny, Point and Valenciennes Laces, Sets, &c., &c.
Black Thread and Guipure Laces, Vails and Barbes.
French and Scotch Embroidered Edging and Insertions.
Embroidered Breakfast Sets and Collars.
Skirting Trimmings and Rufflings.
We also announce that we have
NOW READY FOR SALE
A complete assortment of
Ladies' and Children's Garments, Boys' and Girls' Suits, Infants' Wardrobes, Ladies' Chemises, Night-gowns, &c., Mourning Robes, &c.
ALL OF WHICH WE ARE SELLING AT A SMALL ADVANCE.
E. WILLIAMS & CO., No. 477 Broadway.

A. T. STEWART & CO.

WILL OPEN, MONDAY, APRIL 16,
Large additions to their
POPULAR STOCKS OF
DRESS GOODS.
ALSO,
ELEGANT SILK MANTILLAS, SACQUES, &c.,
Of Paris and New-York Manufacture.
PIQUE JOUPONS,
And a choice lot of
REAL INDIA CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS,
At $300, formerly sold at $400.
Broadway and 10th-st.

BEST BODY BRUSSELS CARPETS,

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN,
AT
TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF PER YARD.
ALSO,
ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
AT
ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF PER YARD,
AND
AXMINSTER, MOQUETTE,
WILTON AND VELVET CARPETS,
in new patterns and colors.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

REMOVAL.

F. DE PERCEVAL,
now at No. 657 Broadway, will remove on
THURSDAY NEXT, April 19,
to No. 739 BROADWAY
OPPOSITE ASTOR-PLACE,
where he will open a fresh stock of French Lingerie for ladies and children of
HIS OWN MANUFACTURE IN PARIS.
Also, INFANTS' WARDROBES, CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, SUITS, CAPS, &c.
New style of SUN BONNETS for CHILDREN.
(Ladies' UNDER-GARMENTS, variety of LADIES' SKIRTS, LADIES' and MISSES' SETS,) INITIALS and COAT OF ARMS EMBROIDERED on HANDKERCHIEFS, TABLE-LINEN and BED-CLOTHES.
EMBROIDERIES and STAMPING.

FAMILY MOURNING.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.
We offer some most extraordinary cheap goods from auction, consisting of BOMBAZINES, 6-4 DELAINES, TAMISE CLOTHS, &c. N. B.—100 pieces of Hoyle's 4-4 prints, very slightly damaged, 20c. worth 40c., also 150 pieces, WHITE and BLACK FOULARD ALPACAS, 12 yards for $3 50. This is about half cost. Many of these goods can be worn by ladies not in mourning.
W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

COOPER INSTITUTE CARPET STORE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS AT $1 50.
THREE-PLY AND INGRAIN CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c., equally low, at
J. HYATT'S, Nos. 3 and 15 Cooper Institute.

ELGER'S CHEAP STORE.—NEW GOODS at reduced prices; ribbons, trimmings, laces, embroideries, linen handkerchiefs, collars, sets, Cluny lace, magic rufflings, frillings, edgings, French and German corsets, shirts, new styles, of the best makers. Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side. N. B.—English brushes, scissors and small wares.

DRY GOODS

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

NEW SPRING BONNET RIBBONS, both Plain and Brocaded, every width, from auction, at old prices.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

MILLINERY SILKS, nearly every color, at 75c., 88c. and $1. Full Line of Areophane Crapes, under price. Millinery Laces, a full assortment, cheap. Also, Silk Bonnet Velvets, Green, White, Blues, and all the fashionable shades.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

IMPORTED FRENCH FLOWERS TO-DAY!
Largest Stock in this City, and select, from
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

Dress Trimmings, Gimps, Cloak and other Ornaments, Buttons, Ribbons, Velvets, every width and shade. Cheapest Black Silk Ribbon Velvets in this City. Also, Black Crapes, Lace and Crape Vails, under price.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

LADIES' KID GLOVES, 75c., $1, $1 25 and $1 50 the Pair. New styles in Thread and Silk Gloves.
Over One Thousand Silk, Velvet and other Scarfs and Neckties, for Ladies, from 56c. to $1.
BARGAINS.
Embroidered Linen Handkerchiefs and Hosiery,
CHEAP.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block East from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

STRAW BONNETS, HATS and BLOOMERS, by the case, by the dozen, or single.
Every size, shape and braid suitable for Infants, Misses and Ladies. Cheapest in this City.
Our Straw Rooms are crowded with Novelties; we cannot describe them—come and see.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE
You will find the largest and cheapest stock of ribbons, silks, flowers and straw goods in this City.
Observe:
No. 4 and 5 ribbons, 62½c. and 75c. the piece.
No. 12, all colors, $1 50.
Everything else in the same proportion.
Bonnet silks, 75c., 87½c. and $1 per yard. Cheap millinery laces. Over 500 cases of new straws open for inspection MONDAY and TUESDAY.
Mark the address;
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and No. 66 Allen-st.
Wholesale entrance, No. 66 Allen-st.
Second floor—Straw goods.
Third floor—Ribbons and millinery goods.
Fourth floor—Case goods only.
We cut lengths cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces. Call.

A. T. STEWART & CO. ARE NOW OFFERING at retail a large assortment of Silk Basques and Sacques at $20 and $25, much below their value.
BROADWAY AND 10TH-ST.

MARK YOUR CLOTHING—MARK YOUR CLOTHING.—Superior marking materials on the corner of Broadway and 23d-st., in the book-store.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF ADULTS, THE whole or part of an unfurnished house in this City, west of 3d-av.; the neighborhood and approaches to cars or stages must be good. Address, stating rent and locality, C. B., Box No. 3,382 New-York Post-office. If part of a house must be at least six rooms.

PART OF A HOUSE WANTED—BY A small family, in a good locality; references exchanged. Address, stating location and rent, T., Box No. 924 Post-office.

WANTED—A COUNTRY HOUSE, WITH STABLE, furnished, for the Summer, on the water, within two hours of the City. Address J. A. ROOSEVELT, No. 94 Maiden-lane.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES WANTED—IN desirable locations, for tenants now waiting.
HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, UNDER 30, and over 25, not exactly an old bachelor, but very particular, desires board in a family of repute, strictly private, where the comforts of a good home will be administered in a pleasant and social manner, as they are pleasantries which will be fully appreciated; must have a good room, handsomely furnished, and not to exceed in price $12 per week. The writer will be permanent if suited; but he is, unfortunately, homely; references respectfully given and required; no boarding-houses need apply. Address O. W., Box No. 171 *Times* Office.

BOARDING—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY OF FOUR adults; the second floor, together or separately. Reference exchanged. Apply at No. 35 Lexington-av.

BOARD OR ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD—(Breakfast and tea,) can be had by two gentlemen on second floor, with a private family residing in the vicinity of Union-place and St. George's Church. Parties disposed to pay liberally and to give good references, can address Box No. 539 Post-office.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—WITH ALL the modern improvements, single or in suites, without board, at No. 50 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., near Delmonico's and the Maison Doree. References exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.—A very handsome floor of four rooms, in a choice locality, with a private family. Inquire at No. 28 University-place.

AN ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR; SUITE of rooms on third floor front; also, single rooms, with very superior board; Spanish spoken; references exchanged. At No. 13 East 28th-st.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN FIND handsomely furnished rooms with board: also single gentlemen. Call at No. 84 Barrow-st., corner of Hudson. No moving in May.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, AN UNFURNISHED room with plain board, near 28th-st. and 9th-av. Address, stating terms, which must be reasonable, J. U. FISHER, No. 45 West 28th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS ON SECOND AND third floors to let, with board, at No. 106 West 43d-st.; house has all conveniences. No moving in May.

BOARD AT NO. 134 EAST 16TH-ST., LATE MRS. FAULKNER'S.—To let, with board, a suite of rooms.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL open, on May 1, a first-class boarding-house, located one mile southeast from Williamsbridge, on the Harlem Road; the location is very pleasant and healthy, fine grounds attached, and excellent stable accommodations. The ticket agent at Williamsbridge Station will give directions to parties desirous of visiting the place.
E. W. TAYLOR.

BOARD, WITH PLEASANT ROOMS, CAN be had from 1st July for both families and single persons, at Amenia, on the Harlem Railroad, 3½ hours from New-York, ten minutes from depot; location charming and proverbially healthy; grounds finely shaded. References: Caldwell & Co., No. 82 Cedar-st.; J. B. Barker, No. 404 Pearl-st.; J. A. Gilbert, No. 23 Park-row; H. C. Dauchy, with Pardee, Bates & Co., No. 343 Broadway. Address G. W. CENTER.

A FEW FAMILIES CAN ORTAIN BOARD at a Summer boarding-house among the mountains, 6½ miles from Cornwall and Turner's Station, New-York and Erie Railroad. For particulars apply to J. H. WRIGHT, No. 835 Broadway, R. W. SEAMAN, No. 287 Washington-st., or ISAAC B. TITUS, Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A family of four (private table preferred) in a strictly private family, on the east bank of the Hudson, south of Tarrytown; for good accommodations a liberal price would be paid; or would hire a first-class moderate-sized place. Address COMFORT, Box No. 645 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FIRST-CLASS BOARD and accommodations can be obtained in Goshen, Orange County, N. Y., at a house pleasantly located within five minutes' walk from the depot. Address Mrs. F. READ.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FIRST-CLASS BOARD and accommodations for a few persons can be obtained in a pleasant and healthy village on the line of the New-Haven Railroad. Terms moderate. Address F. S., Box No. 1,843 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—PERSONS DESIRING a pleasant house for the Summer months, in a healthy village, near a fine lake, can be accommodated by calling at No. 144 Macdougal-st., near Fourth-st., for one week from date.

SUMMER RESORT.—REPLEY FEMALE College will be open for boarders during July, August and part of September. Terms moderate. For particulars address Rev. J. NEWMAN, D. D., Poultney, Vt.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN IN the country, within one hour's ride or sail of the City; terms reasonable. Address F. E. W., Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN FIND a first-class home in a private family for the Summer at Astoria, by addressing R. J. S., Box No. 290 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE HAD AT SING Sing, in a pleasant location, 10 minutes' walk from the depot, by applying at No. 22 West 9th-st.

HOTELS.

ASHLAND HOUSE, 4TH-AV. AND 24TH-ST., a private family hotel, with all the conveniences and improvements of a superior establishment, at moderate cost. Accommodations for families who contemplate boarding and desire a home may be obtained during the coming month. Transient board $3 per day.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS, FLOOR-TILING monuments, headstones, &c., can be purchased at wholesale prices from a large and well-assorted stock.
FISHER & BIRD, Steam Marble Works,
Nos. 97 to 103 East Houston-st.

MARBLE MANTELS OF THE BEST FINISH and of modern designs, offered cheaper than elsewhere at SIMON KLABER'S Marble Manufactory, No. 54 1st-av., near 3d-st., New-York.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS—SUPERIOR in appearance, more durable, and at half the price of marble. T. B. STEWART, No. 605 6th-av., and 1,310 Broadway, between 35th and 36th-sts., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York; mantles put up in the country. Cut this out.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

JAMES GOOLD & CO., ALBANY, NEW-YORK,
Manufacturers of
CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS,
and
RAILROAD CARS.
Established 53 years.

FOR SALE—A CHESTNUT-SORREL FILLY, five years old, sired by Red Eye; her dam was raised by Gen. Harding, of Tennessee, and she was sired by Glencoe, of Kentucky. A more thoroughbred animal, or of more fashionable stock, is not on the turf of America to-day. Can be seen at WILSON'S stable, corner of Bleecker and Crosby sts.

COUPE ROCKAWAY, WITH POLE AND shaft, for sale; price, $2 0. Inquire of THOMAS LYNCH, at Geary's stable, No. 21 East 18th-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 17, 1866.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st., corner of Irving-place.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GERMAN OPERA—FAUST. Cast including Joseph Hermans, Franz Himmer, Mme. Johanna Rotter, Mlle. Sophia Dziuba, Heinrich Steinecke, Wagner, Lehman, Marta, Mme. Berger.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, THE LAKES OF KILLARNEY and AN HOUR IN SEVILLE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE HUNCHBACK. Characters by Miss Bateman Miss Ida Vernon, Messrs. J. C. Cowper, Charles Pope, George Brooks, J. W. Blaisdell, E. Barry, Holmes, Lewis and Beadie.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, DON CAESAR DE BAZAN. Characters by Messrs. Lester Wallack, Charles Fisher, John Gilbert, Ward, Miss Ione Burke, Miss Madeline Henriques and Mrs. John Sefton.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾, 3 GUARDSMEN. Cast including every member of the company, and I LOVED HIM AT FIRST SIGHT.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾, CATARACT OF THE GANGES; or, THE RAJAH'S DAUGHTER.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, the pantomime of JACK AND GILL.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
AUSTRALIAN BIRD SHOW. THIS AFTERNOON at 2. EVENING at 7½ o'clock. MOSES; Or, ISRAEL IN EGYPT. MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c. THE SPHINX. WILD AUSTRALIAN CHILDREN. 100,000 CURIOSITIES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, ROBINSON, THE GREAT HORSEMAN, with his juvenile protege, CLARENCE, will assist in brilliant FETE DE JOUR.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock—The Ethiopian Fun Makers in their eccentricities: CHALLENGE DANCE, SHYLOCK; Or, THE JEW OF CHATHAM-STREET.

GEO. CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS,
Adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel.
THIS EVENING, SONGS, BURLETTAS, COMICALITIES, PLANTATION DANCES, and the farce of MASQUERADE BALL.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
THIS EVENING—BLIND TOM.

STUDIO BUILDINGS,
No. 15 10th-st.
THIS DAY, NEW PICTURES.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN BAPTIST.
Lexington-av., corner 35th-st.
THIS EVENING, GRAND CONCERT; at which Mme. Clara M. Brinkerhoff, Miss Harrison, Messrs. Mora, Centemeri, Leggat and other eminent talent will assist.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY.
THIS DAY and EVENING. PAINTINGS.

ADVERTISING OF THE CITY PRESS.

The Times the Great Organ of the Business Public.

Annexed is the aggregate amount of advertising returned to the Revenue Department, (according to the *Herald's* figures,) for the thirteen months ending Dec. 31, 1864, and for the year ending Dec. 31, 1865, by The Times and the *Herald* respectively:

Paper.	1864. No. of Lines.	1865. No. of Lines.	Total. No. of Lines.
Times..........	1,645,413	1,896,080	3,541,493
Herald..........	1,443,837	1,655,480	3,099,317
Times excess.	201,576	240,600	442,176

This shows THE TIMES to be, by its extensive and comprehensive circulation among business people, its larger sheet and clearer print, the chief organ of the advertisers of the Metropolis, and the medium of communicating their wants to the public.

Note.—The number of lines in the *Herald* columns averages about 260, counting short and long advertisements. It seems, then, that The Times published, in 1865, *nine hundred and thirty-six columns* more advertisements than did the *Herald*. That fact conclusively decides which paper is the chosen Business Organ of the People.

Second Note.—The following "note" appears in the *Herald* of the 12th inst.:

> "The Times, in order to make a show of business, publishes a statement pretending that it is from the official returns to the Revenue Department. This statement is made up in the Times office to suit its own purposes. No returns of the kind have ever been made to that Department. Our table, given above, is taken from the official books, and is strictly correct in every particular."

All the "pretending" we have made has been to *take the Herald's own returns*. If they are not accurate, the fault is certainly not ours. We simply showed by exact deduction from their own figures *how much* advertising each paper printed, and were very careful to be within the limit. The fact that the Times last year printed *nearly one thousand columns* more advertisements than did the *Herald* cannot be denied, that is if the *Herald's* revenue figures are correct. We point to *actual* advertising, as measured up from our files; our neighbor *infers* so much advertising from certain returns that might as well represent anything else.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Times, per annum......................	$10
The Daily Times (Sunday Edition included)..........	$12
The Semi-Weekly Times, one year..................	$3
The Weekly Times, one year.......................	$2

These prices are invariable. Club rates are discontinued. We have no traveling agents. Remit in Checks or Post-office Money Orders if possible.

Address
H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
Times Office, New-York.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The *City of New-York* brings one day's later news. There is no material change in the aspects of the Austro-Prussian misunderstanding. It is said that the French troops in Mexico will be withdrawn in three detachments, in November, March and November, 1867. The rumor that the United States Government was in negotiation with Denmark for a port in the island of St. Thomas is officially contradicted at Copenhagen.

CONGRESS.

Mr. Ramsey presented a bill to establish assay offices in certain Territories and Western States. A joint resolution was offered to discontinue the branch Mint at New-Orleans, and to appropriate its machinery to the completion of the Mint in Nevada. The bill to rescind the order of President Lincoln, designating the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad a branch of the Pacific Railroad was taken up, but its consideration took the form of a personal and bitter altercation between Senators Conness and McDougal, from California. A bill was introduced by Mr. Johnson to authorize the establishment of a Navy-yard and naval depot at Annapolis.

In the House, Mr. Ward introduced a bill authorizing payment to the State of New-York of $877,628, in payment of claims of the militia who served in the war of 1812. Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, introduced a bill authorizing non-residents to have deeds recorded. Mr. Hayes offered a resolution of inquiry relative to the punishment of claim agents in certain cases. Mr. Ingersoll offered a resolution of inquiry into the expediency of establishing by law the eight-hour system of labor. The concurrent resolution prohibiting the sale of spirituous liquors in the Capitol building and grounds was next taken up, and the House insisting on its amendment to extend the resolutions to the other public buildings and grounds in the District, a Committee of Conference was asked for. The Army Bill was next taken up.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate the following bills were passed: Incorporating the New-York Board of Fire Underwriters; authorizing the formation of the Rockaway Beach Land Improvment Company; amending the revised statutes relative to brokers—it fixes the price of brokerage, except on special contracts, at the rate of 50 cents for $100; providing for refunding to various banks and Insurance Companies taxes paid in 1863 and 1864 on Government securities. Mr. Hoyt moved to amend by making the bill applicable to New-York—the motion was carried. Mr. Low moved to amend by proving that only so much shall be refunded as there is a legal liability to pay—motion lost by 18 to 14; the bill was then passed. The bill appropriating $3,000 for the relief of Gen. Ward B. Burnett passed to a third reading; also the bill incorporating the Harlem and Port Chester Railroad Company.

GENERAL NEWS.

Among the mass of testimony submitted yesday, from the Committee on Reconstruction was that of Hon. Alex. H. Stephens. He thinks that an overwhelming majority of the people of Georgia are exceedingly anxious for the restoration of the Government, and for the State to take her former position in the Union and enjoy all her rights, and adjust all her obligations as a State, under the Constitution of the United States as it stands amended. His opinion is, and the sentiment of the people of Georgia is that the exercise of the right of secession was resorted to from a desire to render their liberties and institutions more secure, and from a belief on their part that this was absolutely necessary for that object. He thinks that the people are perfectly satisfied with the experiment, and that they will never resort to that measure of redress again. He believes that the only hope for their liberties now is the restoration of the Constitution of the United States, and of the Government under the Constitution.

Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, in a letter in which he consents to become a candidate for the position of President of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, says: "The position, to me, would be the most agreeable one I could think of. No position would suit me better than the Presidency of a respectable Railroad Company, and I should prefer the Mobile and Ohio Railroad to any other. The majority of the troops commanded by me during the war were from the Gulf States; and my best and warmest friends reside there. I have a strong desire to pass my remaining days in the Gulf States in the midst of those who have shown themselves to be my best and most steadfast friends."

The opinion of the United States Supreme Court in the National Bank tax cases from New-York, affirming the authority of the State to tax the shares of national banks in the hands of individual holders, as personal property, will be found in the law column. The judgment of the Court is based upon the theory that these shares in the hands of individual owners, are not of the capital stock of the banks, but simply the private property of the holder and subject to his disposal; that the capital stock of a corporation is only such property, funds or securities as are subject to its control, in its corporate capacity.

Judge Busteed, of the United States District Court at Mobile, has rendered an important decision. A young man, a minor, while a passenger on board one of the Mobile and New-Orleans steamers, engaged in cards and lost, as charged, to a professional gambler, a considerable sum of money, really the property of his mother. It is also stated that suit had been instituted for the recovery of the money, not against the gambler, but the Captain of the boat. The case has been heard and decided in favor of the plaintiff.

Edwin Forrest has accepted a tempting offer to go to California, and sailed in the *Costa Rica* on Wednesday last. The Philadelphia *Press* states that the terms offered by Mr. Maguire, who has engaged Mr. Forrest, were the most extraordinary ever made to any actor either in this country or in Europe, not only in a pecuniary point, but were such, that on arriving at California, Mr. Forrest was not bound to act, if he did not feel disposed to do so; while Mr. Maguire made it binding on his own part. Mme. Ponisi, Miss Lillie and Mr. McCullough accompany the tragedian.

A dispatch received yesterday from our Consul at Halifax destroys the sanguine hopes excited by previous accounts that the alarming sickness on board the steamship *England* was ship-fever, and not cholera. A consultation of physicians confirms the first rumors, and the disease is pronounced Asiatic cholera. Not a single case of sickness has occurred among the cabin passengers.

Letters received in Boston from Prof. Agassiz's expedition report that up to February he had discovered 1,400 new species of fish and other animals—a number far greater than he had any reason to expect.

The celebration by the colored people of Norfolk, yesterday, of the passage of the Civil Rights Bill was attended with a street fight, involving the death of one white man and mortal injuries to two others.

The Adjutant-General of Maine has been ordered by Gov. Cony to proceed to Calais to see that the laws of the State are not violated through the Fenian demonstrations on the border.

Hon. Charles A. Shaw, of Biddeford, Maine, has been appointed as Commissioner from that State to the French Exhibition.

Mr. John R. Hood, one of the absconding Tennessee legislators, has been expelled from the body of which he was deemed an unworthy member.

Gov. Hamilton has written a letter refusing to run in the coming election as candidate for Governor of Texas.

LOCAL NEWS.

A farewell meeting was held in the Broadway Tabernacle last evening. Rev. J. P. Thompson, D. D., pastor, is to sail for Europe in the steamship *Cuba*, tomorrow, and the neighboring pastors, also Rev. Dr. Bacon, of New-Haven, and the congregation took occasion to express their good wishes and promise their prayers and constant remembrance of the departing pastor of the Tabernacle during his absence. Happy addresses were made by Rev. Dr. Thompson, Rev. Dr. Budington, Rev. Dr. Bacon, Rev. Mr. Beecher, Rev. Mr. Holmes, of Jersey City, Rev. Dr. Storrs and Rev. Dr. Badger. Owing to the dampness of the weather, the audience was not very large. The choir of the church performed some tasteful selections. The number of communicants received in the Tabernacle Church during its existence of twenty-five years has been 1,500, of which 450 were on confession of their faith. Nearly 1,000 of the foregoing number were received under the present pastorate, 330 of whom were received on confession of their faith. The Tabernacle is now entirely out of debt.

Mr. Justice Clerke, of the Supreme Court, yesterday, decided the motion made by the Hudson River Railroad Company *vs.* Thomas M. North, an Attorney and Counselor of the Court, and who, for some time past has been employed by that Company in a professional capacity. The facts have already been published in our columns. The Court has decided that the Attorney, North, has no lien for costs in actions between the Company and other parties, not actually collected by the Company; that he has a lien, however, for any arrears of his annual compensation remaining unpaid, and also for any money which he has disbursed in any actions that he has prosecuted or defended on behalf of the Company. If the parties cannot agree as to the amounts due for costs and disbursements, a reference is to be had before Chas. A. Peabody, Esq. Mr. North, it seems, was employed at a stipulated salary by the Company.

The annual meeting of the Tammany Society was held last evening at Tammany Hall for the election of officers and the transaction of other business. Grand Sachem James B. Nicholson presided. The opposition and successful tickets were the same, with the exception of the names of Douglas Taylor and George W. McLean, which were substituted in the place of John T. Hoffman and John J. Bradley. The following officers were elected: Sachems—John T. Hoffman, Charles G. Cornell, Peter B. Sweeny, John Kelly, Matthew T. Brennan, William M. Tweed, Isaac Bell, James B. Nicholson, John J. Bradley, William McMurray, Daniel E. Delavan, Emanuel B. Hart, Nathaniel Jarvis, jr. Treasurer—Henry Vandewater. Secretary—Wilson Small. Sagamore—Geo. W. Roome. Wiskinskie—Stephen C. Duryea.

The matter of the Receivership of the Columbian Marine Insurance Company, came up yesterday in the General Term of the Supreme Court, on an appeal from a Special Term order, which requires the Receiver to pay out of the funds of the Company, in preference to all other demands, the tax of the Company for 1865, which together with interest and expenses amounted to $102,291 92. Counsel were about commencing the argument, when it was suggested by the Court that in any event this case must go to the Court of Appeals; the Justices of the General Term thoroughly understood the questions of law in dispute already, and to save time and expense it was finally directed that the case be taken to the highest Court in the State, without unnecessary delay.

The celebrated will case of Madame Jumel, was several weeks ago called in its regular order on the calendar, and then set down for trial in the Supreme Court Circuit, for Monday, April 16. In accordance with this understanding, counsel, parties, witnesses, &c., crowded the court-room of that branch yesterday morning, in an unusual manner. When the cause was called, counsel for the defendants moved to postpone the trial. After a long discussion, pro and con, the presiding Justice, Bockes, of Saratoga County, said he had learned that the trial would necessarily occupy more than a week, and as he would be compelled to attend a General Term in his own district the latter part of the month, he could not conclude the trial if he began it; he would therefore direct that an order be entered putting this cause at the head of the calendar for the May Term.

Hon. James Brooks, last evening, was the guest of the members of the Manhattan Club, at their rooms, Fifth-avenue. The dinner was in the best style of the Club. The chair was occupied by Richard Schell, Esq. Mr. Brooks' health was drunk with enthusiasm, and responded to in eloquent terms. Letters of apology were read from Charles O'Conor, Herman J. Redfield and John P. Stockton, Esqs., and speeches were delivered by Gen. Slocum, Erastus Brooks, Esq., and others. The affair was kept up till a late hour. About midnight a venerable member said, with the old lady on her golden wedding day, "We are just beginning to enjoy ourselves."

The Board of Aldermen yesterday adopted a resolution instructing the Corporation Counsel, in view of the fact that the City railroad companies have failed to afford the necessary facilities for travel, to take the necessary proceedings against them to set aside and abrogate the grants made to them by the City. The resolution from the other Board, appointing a joint Committee to inquire into the expediency of providing temporary dwellings for the poor, was concurred in. The Coroners were directed to advertise a description of all unknown persons on whom they hold inquests in the Times and *News*. Adjourned to Monday next.

The Board of Councilmen, yesterday, adopted a resolution to the effect that as the charters of the various City railroad companies require them to run cars at all hours of the day and night, and as they have failed to comply therewith, that the Corporation Counsel be instructed to take measures to have their charters revoked.

Three young lads named David H. King, Jas. Davis and William Downes were committed for trial yesterday, by Justice Hogan of the Tombs Police Court, they having confessed to the theft of $5,000 in gold from Messrs. Morris & Braine, of No. 7 Broad-street. King was the errand boy for the firm and received a gold certificate for $5,000 to deliver to another firm. The two other boys received it from him and on getting the same cashed went to Philadelphia where they were arrested by Detectives Farley and Dusenbury.

James Dunn and Patrick Williams were yesterday committed for trial in default of $3,000 bail each, by Justice Dodge, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, on a charge of rape, preferred against them by Mary Hoertz, of No. 316 Tenth-avenue. David Tumey, a German, aged 45 years, was arrested on a similar charge, having committed an indecent assault upon Louisa Cronhardt, aged 5 years. He was committed for examination by Justice Shandley.

The meeting of the New-York Bar, called for the purpose of taking some appropriate action in consequence of the death of the late United States District-Attorney Daniel S. Dickinson, will be held on Wednesday, April 18, at 12 o'clock M., in the United States District Court-room. The venerable Judge Betts will preside.

John Kane, *alias* Charles Tylar O'Donnell, *alias* John Hennessy, was arrested yesterday, on a charge of forgery, he having given Adams Express Company a check for $289 39 on the City Bank of Hartford, Conn., to be sent to that city for collection. Kane was committed for trial in default of bail.

An inquest was held yesterday, by Coroner Gamble, on the body of John Donovan, whose death was the result of a fall down stairs at a marble manufactory in East Houston-street. A verdict in accordance with the facts was rendered.

A proposition is before the Brooklyn Board of Aldermen to lay an additional main and pipes from Ridgewood Reservoir to the city, at a cost not exceeding $1,000,000.

Produce was in fair demand yesterday, and generally firmer, though somewhat irregular. Merchandise quiet and depressed. Freights were dull.

Transactions in beef cattle are unusually lively. Still beef does not sell for any higher prices than were paid for animals of the same quality one week ago. The beef market is decidedly better than it was last week, as there are about 1,000 more cattle offered than arrived the previous week, and sales are quicker and demand more active, notwithstanding the cold storm, which usually tends to produce a dull market. Milch cows are doing no better, and trade is dull. Calves are in moderate request, and prices are easy. Poor calves sell slowly and cheap. Trade is lively at the sheep market, and prices firm at the quotations of last week, with an upward tendency for fat sheep. Fat lambs are in good request at large prices. Transactions between dealers in live hogs are moderate, the arrivals somewhat less than the usual weekly receipts, and prices are easy, with no prospect of an upward tendency.

The Mexican Question.

The Mexican question seems to have passed into a new phase. The French Emperor has promised to withdraw his troops from the support of Maximilian, and to remain entirely neutral in his struggle with the Mexican Republic, upon the understanding that the United States shall remain neutral also. As a matter of course there can be no difficulty in having such an understanding. Our Government has so often asserted the principle of non-interference in the internal affairs of other States, and has so steadily practised that principle in its own conduct, as to render superfluous any question upon the subject. Indeed the main ground upon which we have based our hostility to the action of the French in Mexico has been this very principle of non-intervention. We have held, and still hold, that the people of Mexico have a perfect right to determine, without the interference of any foreign power and without coercion from any quarter, what form of Government they will establish for themselves, and we have insisted that France shall not violate this principle.

Napoleon, therefore, has undoubtedly received every assurance he could desire from our Government upon this point, and he will be under the necessity, therefore, in accordance with his own engagements, to withdraw his troops at once from Mexico.

But meantime we learn from Europe that this engagement is not likely to be performed, without what looks like a substantial violation of the good faith which it implied. The *Moniteur* gives us to understand that the Emperor of France has made an arrangement with the Emperor of Austria—or that Maximilian has done so under his auspices—by which *Austria* is to supply the Mexican adventurer with troops to replace those which may be withdrawn by France. The statement is made, in a semi-official form, that 6,000 Austrian troops are thus to be sent to Mexico every year as a consideration for the relinquishment by Maximilian of his rights of succession to the throne of Austria. It is not easy to see where Austria is just now to get the troops, or the money to pay them, for this expedition; but we are given to understand that such an arrangement has been made, and that practical steps have already been taken to carry it into effect.

Now it is not to be supposed for a moment that we can permit Austria to intervene in the affairs of Mexico any more than France. Austria is just as much bound to the principles of non-intervention as France or the United States. She has no more right to send armies to overthrow the Mexican Republic and to establish in Mexico an imperial *régime*, than has the Emperor Napoleon. Nor can we pay the slightest heed to any arrangement she may have made on this subject with France or any other nation, or with Maximilian. She has no right to make any bargain which affects our rights or interests, or which violates a principle of international law essential to our safety. If Napoleon has seduced her into an engagement which releases him from an onerous obligation, and relieves him from a perilous position at home, so much the better for him; but we are in no sense parties to it nor compromised by it. If Austria has assumed engagements which she cannot perform, that is her business and not ours. She must settle any questions of this kind which may arise with the French Government—we have nothing whatever to do with them.

It is quite time for our Government to take decided and energetic measures upon this subject. It has thus far consulted the public temper, as well as the dictates of wisdom and the public welfare, in dealing with the matter patiently and cautiously. While at no time has it departed, in the slightest degree, from the principles of absolute non-intervention, nor failed to impress upon the French Government the absolute necessity of withdrawing its army and abandoning all thought of sustaining the Government of Maximilian by force, it has consulted steadily and considerately the convenience of France as to the time and mode of enforcing its demands. But it must not suffer any transfer of this service to Austria or any other Power. Neither France or any other Power should be suffered to land another soldier on the soil of Mexico for the purpose of sustaining an alien Government hostile to the Republic and to the will of the Mexican people. France had some show of ground for war with Mexico, and could plead the necessity of redressing wrongs and enforcing claims as an excuse therefor. But Austria can make no such pretence. If she sends troops there at all, it must be for a purpose which we cannot recognize as lawful, just, or consistent with our own security; and the landing of the very first regiment should be disputed by the men and arms of the United States.

The Contending Hosts.

The "grand advance guard" of the O'Mahony Fenians, under the generalship of the redoubtable Killian, are making comic history in a style of which Gilbert A'Beckett never dreamed. A quiet vein of the grotesque, verging on the ludicrous, and rising now and then to the laughable, was all of which that funniest of funny historians was capable. But the Fenians and their dispatches, as manipulated by Killian, beat A'Beckett's inventions hollow. From the far-off corner of Maine comes an unceasing peal of uproarious fun and folly, the only drawback to which lies in the fraud that taints the whole affair.

In the first place, there was to be a surprise and easy capture of some tangible point of British territory, to which end Gen. Killian advertised in the newspapers that he was on the road thither. So valiant a hero scorned the idea of doing anything except in the most polite and public manner, and, therefore, he invited the British army and navy to gather in sight of the spot, and calmly witness his conquest.

In the next place, it was necessary to convey to a wondering world some distinct evidence of the mighty rush of armed Fenians to the scene of the predicted triumph. Dispatch number one told us that thirteen stalwart Irishmen had gone by steamer to Eastport, leaving their arms and ammunition to be conveyed by a schooner advertised to sail on the next day. Dispatch number two announced the journeyings of nineteen more soldiers of the same stamp, of whose weapons nothing was said. Dispatch number three signalized the arrival of another equally extensive band, one half of whom were said to be general officers, deeply in love with the skill and prowess of the illustrious Killian. But we will not recapitulate too minutely. Each succeeding day brought tidings of the same sort; Killian gathering a mighty host at the rate of a baker's dozen daily, and contemplating some prodigious deed, of which the wide-awake Provincials were regularly apprised beforehand, that they might render its accomplishment impossible.

After having thus whetted the public appetite, and prepared all of us for some decisive blow, Killian transmitted over the wires on Sunday an intimation that "five armed Fenians" had captured a British flag on Indian Island. Here was something to be proud of. Here must have been fighting, with a vengeance. And then the astounding result—"five armed Fenians" overpowering a regiment of New-Brunswickers and carrying off the flag, after performing prodigies of valor! The information for the moment astounded us. Our appetite for breakfast vanished as we glanced along the electrifying lines, and we were ready on the spot to do homage to the genius of O'Mahony for planning such a campaign, and the power of Killian for carrying it to a triumphant issue. Further study, however, converted our new-born admiration into intense disgust. For we discovered that there was no fight—no resistance—no capture; the whole affair amounting simply to the carrying away of a revenue flag, which had been hoisted as a thing of course, and the securing of which might, therefore, have been performed as easily by one smart Yankee schoolboy as by the "five armed Fenians," upon whose prowess Killian dwells with evident pride. "Go to Indian Island to steal a flag, and then proclaim a victory," we said to ourselves; "why five stevedores might any day or night do the same ten times over without leaving New-York."

These mighty movements of the O'Mahonyites, however, are evidently unpalatable to the Sweeny faction, whose glories are thus eclipsed by the warlike Killian. Something must be done to sustain Roberts in the Presidency and Sweeny as the great Fenian Generalissimo. What shall it be? The capture of one of the Thousand Isles? A descent upon Manitoulin in Lake Huron? A feint to threaten Goat Island in the Niagara? Martial reader, be more moderate in your exactions. Messrs. Roberts and Sweeny are going—yes, are positively going, are advertised to go, and unquestionably will go—to *a public meeting* to be held in this City to-morrow evening! That is all. They don't intend to march to the battle-field until the Fenian bonds have been sold, and when none of these are left, there will be no reason for fighting.

Just now, the odds are in favor of O'Mahony and Killian and their bonds, as against Roberts and Sweeny and their bonds. The people are tired of talk, and demand decisive action. Having carried off an unprotected, undefended flag, Killian is at least a league ahead of his rivals. Roberts and Sweeny must talk lightning to-morrow night if they would overtake him.

The Cholera at Halifax.—The medical men at Halifax agree that the disease which has committed such ravages among the passengers by the steamship *England* is Asiatic cholera. The United States Consul telegraphs to that effect, and the United States Consul *has done right*. The idea of warding off the dreaded visitor by giving it the name of "ship fever," or any other fever, is mere silliness. We shall have the cholera here, sooner or later, and we had better make up our minds in view of that disagreeable fact. We had better, moreover, try to be temperate in eating and drinking, and withal cleanly—avoiding as far as possible a surrender to the Doctor under a mere pressure of gripes.

Much street cleaning yet remains to be done; but there is improvement visible on all hands, under the vigorous administration of the Health Commission.

The Jumel Will Case.

On the heights of the west bank of the Harlem River stands a fine old mansion, dating back long before the days of the Revolution; a house in which Washington, Lafayette and their cotemporaries wrote their dispatches during that dark period when the British landed and occupied the City; a house from which one may now overlook the steeples of this busy town, the pleasant hills of Westchester, and the distant waters of the Sound.

In this picturesque spot lived, since 1803 or 1804, Mme. Jumel, whose eventful life ended nigh a year ago at a very advanced age; whose eventful story, could it be written, might be more interesting than any romance. An obscure but beautiful Yankee girl, she had come to be the wife of the rich Jumel, a Frenchman driven away from St. Domingo during its horrors. Full of ambition and talent, she did and dared many things which made the timid and the prudent stare, which set the tongues of the envious and the curious a wagging, and made her as famous and as brilliant as any woman of her time. One of the episodes of her later career was her marriage with Aaron Burr, which was soon terminated by a separation, but which identified her with one of the most remarkable men of the country. From her marriage to a French gentleman and a rich one, she came to know Louis Philippe, Talleyrand and all the rest of those remarkable men who had refuge in this country from time to time, and when afterward she visited France, with her husband, she had access to the Court circle, which then few Americans ever entered, and where she made her mark. For a time she was a star among the beauties of the Court, and if to be talked about, to be envied, is to be happy, then Mme. Jumel was as happy as mortal woman well could be. But for the past fifteen years she has been growing very old, and has spent her time in the retiracy of her own home, with few intimates, and little intercourse with the world—her companions and friends being her niece and adopted daughter and her children. These she had taken to France to be educated. There one of them was married by the agency and consent of the madame. The landed estate she received from Jumel she had held on to with a tenacious grasp, until in the progress of time it had become a property of immense value—some estimate it at a million of dollars.

But now it has to be fought over, and out of it is to come the "great Jumel will case," in which will be arrayed some of the most distinguished lawyers of the New-York Bar.

It appears that in her old age, when past ninety, Mme. Jumel made a new will, cutting off her relatives and adopted child and her children, giving her entire property to various public charities, with the single exception of her pastor, who was to have an equal share with the other devisees. These relatives and heirs who have lived with her some forty years, naturally do not respect this paper, and they claim that she had became incompetent to make a legal will. They are inclined to charge undue influences, and they demand that this paper shall be set aside as null and void, so that they may enter in and enjoy the good things which they think they had a good and reasonable right to expect.

On the other hand the devisees take quite the opposite view—they think no woman was in a better frame of mind than Mme. Jumel, and that the very judicious bequests made to them entitle her sanity to the greatest respect. They claim, too, that Mme. Jumel's relatives are no relatives at all, and have no right to any part of her property, and that it is altogether wrong and improper to set up the claims they do. Here the issue is joined, and on Monday morning the respective forces were marshalled in presence of the Judge of the First Division of the Supreme Court—Mr. O'Conor and Judge Pierpont for the relatives, Mr. Austus Smith and Mr. Stoughton for the will. The presence of a room filled with the legal profession testified to the interest the case was exciting; but a short contest on the part of the devisees of the will to have the case postponed, on the part of their opponents to have it go to immediate trial, resulted in its postponement to the May term, when it is entitled to preference over all other cases. We shall then look for curious and interesting developments.

Where, Oh Where?—Where in the world is that Fenian ship which left the northeastern coast of Maine a week ago on a secret "expedition?" It cannot possibly have landed its load at any point on the island of Campo Bello, nor of Newfoundland or Nova Scotia, nor on Prince Edward Island or New-Brunswick. The question, therefore, arises, was the "secret expedition" to *Ireland?* Did the solitary Fenian ship set out to challenge the British Navy? Did it go to "bombard London?" If the vessel had been a monitor, and if the gallant Admiral Porter had been in command, we should have had no difficulty in believing these things. But as the ship was built of wood, and propelled by wind, and commanded by a Fenian, and as it had no armament but a few muskets, we can hardly credit them. But we shall eagerly wait for the telegraph to give us news from it.

Collector Smythe.

After a series of announcement and many disappointments the name of a New-Yorker has been sent for confirmation as Collector of this port to the Senate. The fortunate individual, whose days will henceforth be a continuous scene of turmoil, whose nights will belong rather to his political friends than to his family, is Mr. Henry A. Smythe. Mr. Smythe is not a politician, and has no very marked political affiliations. He is a Republican of the deepest hue, a friend to President Johnson, and an active and consistent member of the party. Formerly he was a merchant; now he is President of the Central National Bank, his friends being among the best and most reputable of our successful merchants. His appearance at the Custom-house will necessitate no immediate change. The faithful and accomplished Deputy, Mr. Clinch, who for some twenty years has run the works, still retains, and probably will so long as he lives, his honorable and responsible position. The other deputies will, according to custom, be resworn, and such changes as must be made will not be suggested for some time yet.

Amusements.

German Opera.—Mr. Grover returns to the charge this evening, and with a fair chance of carrying his point. The company is neither stronger nor better than last season, but the *repertoire* is interesting. In what fashion nine grand operas can be presented on eight evenings we are at a loss to imagine, but this is Mr. Grover's affair, not ours. A *matinée* may probably bridge over the difficulty. The operas announced are in the highest degree interesting. They are to-night, "Faust;" to-morrow, "William Tell," with Mr. William Formes as the hero; thereafter, the "Merry Wives of Windsor," "Les Huguenots," "Fidelio," "La Dame Blanche," "Fra Diavolo," the "Magic Flute," and the "Tannhauser." Every one must concede that this is a liberal programme. The prices adopted by Mr. Grover are the ordinary theatre rates, to which nobody can object. He has provided an unusually strong chorus and an orchestra of fifty players. The *ensemble*, it is safe to affirm, will be good. Grafulla's Seventh regiment band has been secured for military fanfare and pageant of the fourth act of "Faust." For the rest Mr. Hermann is the *Mephistopheles;* Mr. Huminer the *Faust*, Mad. Rotter the *Marguerite*, Mlle. Dziuba the *Siebel*, and Mr. Steinecke the *Valentin*.

Italian Opera.—There will be a grand *matinée* by M. Maretzek's artists at Wallack's Theatre, on Saturday next, for the benefit of Signor Massimiliani. Mme. Carozzi Zucchi sustains her great *role* of the Druidess, and will be supported on this occasion by Mlle. Stella, a young *debutante*, of whose admirable voice we have heretofore had occasion to speak. Signor Massimiliani is the *Pollio*, and Signor Bellini the *Oroveso*. It would be difficult to find a better cast for this superb work. We trust sincerely that Signor Massimiliani may be fully gratified with the result of his benefit.

Academy of Music.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kean bade farewell to their American friends last evening. The attendance, although marred by the uncertain weather, was in every way gratifying to these justly renowned artists. It was far too large for enjoyment. We have had frequent occasion to observe in these columns that the Academy, notwithstanding its fine accoustical properties, is illy adapted for dramatic purposes. It was built for continuous sound, and is too slow in its reverberations for speech. The scenery of the concern, we may further add, is destructive of all sense of dramatic illusion. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kean have been most unfortunate in their experience of New-York theatres. Secure in their art positions, they have ventured to play at two of the most trying houses in the country—the first overtesting human patience by the mediocrity of its company, the second overtaxing the voice and so destroying effects which have only been secured with years of study. There has, in consequence, been little satisfaction to us in the performances of these artists, whose traditions point to honorable completeness more than to individual display. Perhaps, however, the object of the trip has been fully attained. Playing to good houses at greatly advanced prices, and with a company and management beneath consideration, it is possible that the pecuniary result originally contemplated was fully accomplished. We trust sincerely that it is so. Mr. Kean, we fear, can take with him no pleasant *souvenirs* of an art character, except in such ornamental form as a banker's draft may present. And we need be disturbed with no sentimental regrets at his departure. We have paid him the price that he asked, and the account is closed. Nothing could be gained by his remaining in America. The "peaceful pursuit of lucre" can only be interesting to individuals; to art it speedily becomes wearisome.

The pieces performed last evening were "Louis the Eleventh" and the "Jealous Wife." Both exhibit Mr. Kean to the best advantage, but it is only in the last that Mrs. Kean has a fair chance. Miss Chapman, Mr. Cathcart and Mr. Everett supported, as heretofore, the two central actors. We have already spoken of the performance, and have nothing to add on the present occasion except to wish two great artists a pleasant return to their native land.

Niblo's Garden.—Notwithstanding the inclement weather, there was a brilliant and fashionable audience at this establishment last evening, when Miss Bateman made her *rentree* as *Julia*, in Sheridan Knowles' play of the "Hunchback." The lady was received with that hearty expression of good will which a New-York audience can so heartily and gallantly bestow. Her performance merited the warmest approval. It is not in the sensational drama, for which the public clamors, that we can note the progress of this beautiful young American artist. We had occasion, last season, to refer to her excellent performance of standard parts. In Knowles' somewhat pleonastic play, she appears to decided advantage. The contrast between the demure country-bred girl and the giddy city belle, was admirably preserved. In the scenes where the consequences of her idle distraction are apparent, she displayed a rare and effective earnestness, and "acted" with propriety of movement and delicacy of expression. We have not indeed seen the character of *Julia* so well impersonated for many years.

Miss Bateman was ably supported by Miss Ida Vernon as *Helen*. We are glad to see this lady at Niblo's Garden. The company sorely needs reenforcing, and the work is well commenced with such an artist. Mr. J. C. Cowper appeared to advantage as *Master Walter*. The gentleman's style is a little vehement, but the part is choleric. Mr. Charles Pope—a thoroughly good actor—was the *Sir Thomas Clifford*. The play has been produced carefully, and will undoubtedly enjoy a run.

Wallack's Theatre.—To-night the celebrated drama of "Don Cæsar de Bazan" will be produced for the first time at this theatre. Mr. Lester Wallack plays the *rôle* of *Don Cæsar*, and the remaining characters are cast to the entire strength of the company. The scenery, costumes, appointments, &c., are entirely new.

Miss Rushton's Theatre.—Miss Lucy Rushton, whose efforts have not been rewarded with pecuniary success, who has indeed suffered very cruel losses, will be the recipient of a complimentary benefit to-morrow evening. It takes place at the old theatre, and consists of Shakespeare's comedy of "As You Like It," for which a special company has been secured. Miss Rushton appears as *Rosalind*. We trust sincerely that the entertainment may realize the best expectations of the fair *beneficiare*.

Opening of the National Academy of Design.

In company with several thousand (more or less) fellow sufferers we attended the "Private View" afforded the press and friends of the members of the National Academy of Design last evening. The only occasion on which these exhibitions are crowded is that set apart for a private view, and the best wish one could express for the success of the institution would be that all of its displays might be as select and private as the one of which we write—always provided that everybody paid for a ticket.

A superb band gave forth harmonious sounds, while the thronging fashionables paced leisurely through the stifling saloons, the majority of them finding it more convenient to use their tongues than their eyes.

Many very beautiful pictures hung upon the walls, and in spite of the very poor gas arrangements, made an exceedingly creditable show. The two prominent pictures, about which everybody crowded when opportunity afforded, and concerning which it was deemed the correct thing to talk, were Weir's grand portrait of Parrot's West Point foundry and Gignoux's wondrous view of Mont Blanc. The latter we have already spoken of as the best of Gignoux's many magnificent successes; the former is justly regarded as one of the best works of the year, whose fidelity in detail, peculiar felicity of color and general excellence of treatment make it worthy of the honor Mr. Knoedler proposes for it. It will shortly be taken to Paris for engraving, and cannot fail to receive the favorable judgment of artists and connoisseurs.

Johnson, Whittredge, Gifford, Kensett, Church, Elliot, Baker, Stone, Wm. Hunt, of Boston, Homer, Hennessy, Suydam and Cropsey are favorably represented by works of which we cannot even give a suggestion this morning.

So far as a crush and a jam make a success, the private view was memorable; so far as an exhibition of a few choice and many fair pictures make a success, the exhibition of this year is an eminent illustration.

The Schooner J. L. Diess.

Philadelphia, Monday, April 16.

A Cape May dispatch says that a bottle drifted ashore there on the 12th instant, containing a paper with the following written on it:

> "Schooner *J. L. Diess*, of New-York, lost March 16, 1866; all lost but Ned. Conkling and Silas Rodgers. Please report if found."

The White Mountain Telegraph.

Littleton, N. H., Monday, April 16.

The American Telegraph Company are making arrangements to extend their White Mountain line from this village to Whitefield and Lancaster. They hope to have the extension completed and offices opened by the 15th of June.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK

The Austro-Prussian Situation Unchanged.

Removal of the French Troops from Mexico.

Our Government Not Treating for a Port at St. Thomas.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

The steamship *City of New-York*, from Liverpool on the 4th, *via* Queenstown on the 5th inst., arrived at this port yesterday morning, bringing one day's later news from Europe.

The steamship *Hibernian*, from Portland, arrived at Londonderry on the 5th inst.

Austria and Prussia.

Liverpool, Thursday, April 5—P. M.

The Austro-Prussian situation remains without change. There is nothing to confirm the pacific news of Tuesday.

Withdrawal of French Troops from Mexico.

The French troops are to be withdrawn from Mexico in three detachments; the first in November next, the second in March, and the third in November, 1867.

The United States Not Seeking a Port in St. Thomas.

It is officially denied at Copenhagen that the American Government is in treaty for a war port at St. Thomas.

Great Britain.

The official Board of Trade returns for the month of March show the value of the British exports to have reached £15,116,063 sterling, an increase of about 33 per cent. upon the same month last year.

The revenue returns for the year ending March 31 show the total receipts to have been £67,812,292 sterling, a decrease of £2,501,144, which is much more than accounted for by the reduction in the taxes. The returns are considered highly favorable, the revenue being in excess of the estimates.

France.

The London *Morning Post*, in its city article, says that the latest news from Mexico indicates that the embarkation of French troops from Mexico, to the number of five thousand men, will commence toward the month of October, by which time, it is understood, an equal number of Austrian volunteers will have arrived at Vera Cruz.

The *Memorial Diplomatique* has reason to believe that the last mail from Mexico brought intelligence of one result from Baron Saillard's mission—the adhesion of the Mexican Government to the proposition of France for the successive return of the French troops. Baron Saillard arrived in Paris on the 2d.

Details are published of some recent sharp fighting in Algeria, between the French troops under Col. de Colomb, and the native tribes under So-Hamed. The natives were vigorously repulsed, with considerable loss. The French had nineteen men killed.

The Paris Bourse on the 3d inst. was firmer, Rentes closing at 67.70, but unsettled.

Commercial Intelligence.

Liverpool, Thursday, April 5—P. M.

Cotton was firmer on Wednesday and prices advanced ⅛d. On Thursday (to-day) the market is easier and the improvement partially lost; sales on Wednesday, 10,000 bales, and to-day 8,000. Speculators and exporters took 5,000.

Breadstuffs quiet but steady.

Provisions dull.

London, Thursday, April 5—P. M.

Consols 86⅛@86⅜.

United States Five-Twenties, 72¼@72¾.

Erie shares 56.

Illinois Central shares, 81@81½.

BUENOS AYRES.

The Allies to Move on Humaita on the 10th of March—The Allied Commanders Hold a Council of War—No Lack of Arms in South America—Troubles of a Confederate—A Chilian Privateer Chasing a Spanish Ship into Maldonado.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Buenos Ayres, S. A., Wednesday, Feb. 28, 1866.

I take the last hour of an open supplemental mail to give you later news from the seat of war.

Admiral Lamandare arrived on the 23d of February at the fleet, and infused the first signs of life noticed for the last four months. Orders are issued for all things to be in readiness for an important move on the 10th of March. The most vigorous preparation is going on by river and by land. Repairs on board, cattle, mules, wagons on shore, show that a movement is near.

On same day the Admiral, Dr. Rawson, who is Minister of the Interior, Gen. Flores and Gen. Gelly y Obes, all started for a council with the Commander-in-Chief.

Two raids have been made by the Paraguayans since my last writing. One occurred on the 17th of February, when three steamers, filled with infantry soldiers, landed three miles above El Pasode de la Patria, and had an unmolested holiday. The scene of their sport was the abandoned camp of Gen. Flores, where they found but little of any value. Again, they crossed on the 20th February, and with 3,000 infantry and 200 artillery, played away some hours at the deserted town of Ytati, throwing shells and hot balls.

It is believed that President Lopez himself is at Paso de la Patria, where he is fortifying with great industry.

The contributions of men from the various Provinces have now nearly all arrived. Recently 300 arrived enlisted in Europe. As usual there was a mutiny when they saw their duty and destiny. After such men sleep awhile on the damp ground, exposed to heavy dews and tropical suns, eating bad beef without bread and drinking inpure water, they send half their number to the hospital. The diseases that attack them are dysentery, rheumatism, and consumption. They do not speak Spanish, know nothing of managing horses or oxen, and do not swim. In all these particulars they lack indispensable qualities of good Argentine soldiers. They ought also to be able to live on fresh beef, sleep without tents, wade, swim, fight, or run, according to circumstances.

Lopez is so accurately informed of all the proceedings of the Allies that it is believed that many of the Paraguayan deserters who come across are spies, and more caution is now observed. The statement made in the papers here of day before yesterday that Mr. Thomas, of Baltimore, had sold 3,000 breech-loading rifles to the Argentine Government, proves incorrect. He asked a high price, and President Mitre recommended their purchase, but they are not yet sold, and they could be bought for less than half the sum to-day.

The sudden close of the American war has left vast manufactories of arms idle, with heavy stock on hand. Various houses of Europe have sent here arms enough for all South America, that could be bought to-day at very low rates.

Our Confederate friends see trouble here occasionally. One from the defunct navy refused to take off his hat to the passing *host*, and the priest walked up to him and ordered him to do it. On refusing he was ordered to kneel, and still refusing, a policeman was called, and he then took off his hat and knelt down, but it was too late. He was walked off. He afterward said he "never knew before how inconvenient it was to have no Consul."

Another, who has honorable papers of scholarship and graduation at Annapolis, and of some six years' service, and *dis*honorable papers of Confederate service for the whole war, found that after spending an evening with a few friends, one finds lodging in the calaboose. There he remained four or five days, until at the intercession of some of our best Union men who heard of his locality, he was released, perhaps wiser, but certainly sadder and soberer.

The French paper for two weeks has teemed with violent attacks on the Provincial Bank of this city. It has called out the unanimous support and sympathy of the foreign merchants, and any desirable amount of gold has been offered the bank to resist a run, which had already begun. The editor was fined $400, silver, and the writer is yet to answer to a prosecution. The bank is believed to be quite solvent, and it has the guarantee of the Province, so a failure is impossible.

There is a rumor that a Chilian privateer has chased a Spanish ship into Maldonado, on this coast. It is not yet certain. We did not know that any Chilian cruisers were in these waters.

The War on the Parana—Affairs in Monteideo.

From the Buenos Ayres Standard, Feb. 24.

As yet the armies have not attempted to cross the Parana and invade Paraguay, but we are on the eve of great events. Admiral Tamandare, having concluded all his arrangements, has at last left for headquarters; he has under his orders the most powerful fleet ever seen in these quarters; and President Mitre who is the Commander-in-Chief of the allied army, commands the greatest force ever assembled in South America. Paraguay, on the other hand, seems determined to hold out to the last; and in the daring incursions which the enemy's vanguard makes, shows the resolute resistance which the allies will have to encounter.

On the 31st ult. the enemy crossed the river in canoes, and attacked the vanguard of the Argentines. The full particulars of this fight will be found in another column. On the the 10th inst., the enemy again crossed the Paraná, at the Paso de la Patria, and attacked the allies. The particulars of this last engagement are not yet to hand, but in this encounter also the enemy was repulsed with loss. The inactivity of the Brazilian squadron during these sanguinary engagements has given rise to the most serious complaints, and some of the papers in Buenos Ayres have attacked the conduct of the Brazilians with much severity; but now that the Admiral has left for Corrientes, it is to be hoped the fleet will make a combined movement with the land forces, and deliver a decisive battle at the Paso de la Patria, where the enemy awaits the combat.

How long this war will last, it is utterly impossible for us to predict, as up to the present the movements of the allies have been so slow, and of the enemy so rash, that until President MITRE has crossed with his army into Paraguay, no correct opinion can be formed. If the Paraguayans hold true to LOPEZ, the war must necessarily be tedious and expensive, as the subjugation of such a country is hazardous and difficult; but if, as is generally supposed, the people, on the entry of the allied army, sympathize with its efforts, the first defeat of LOPEZ will terminate the war. The passage of the Parana will, we understand, be undertaken at once. It will, in all human probability, cost the allies torrents of blood, but when once effected, the most difficult part of the campaign will be accomplished, and the power of LOPEZ will be on the wane.

The occupation of Corrientes by an immense army has caused a great increase in our river trade. Buenos Ayres supplies the troops with everything; every steamer from Corrientes brings us heavy specie remittances, and in this respect our city is a decided gainer by the war. The river Paraná is crowded with English steamers, and yet no bottom can be got for half the cargo offering for the river ports. At all the river towns shipcarpenters are busy making small schooners; and at the Boca, every day for the last month, small vessels for the river traffic are launched.

In the interior Provinces everything is quiet, the contingents have marched to the war, and the local Governments are busy with industrial projects. The mines in San Juan are now systematically worked, and Major RICKARD's company is regularly remitting silver to the River Plate. Sr. KLAPPENBACK's silver mines are also giving a splendid yield. In Cordova great attention is paid to the breeding of Angora goats, those already imported having giving excellent results. Santa Fé, which a few years ago was a "pampa" waste, is now subdivided into estancias, and two-thirds of the surplus sheep of Buenos Ayres are driven up to this Province. The Governor, Sr. ORONO, who is a most go-a-head man, is unceasing in his efforts to increase emigration and develop the resources of the Province.

An expedition to the Gran Chaco will shortly take place, headed by the Goveenor. The party will consist, for the most part, of English and Americans. Some lands conceded to emigration companies have to be surveyed, and we look forward with pleasure to this noble effort to explore a country, comparatively speaking, unknown to white men.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Smart Skirmishing on the Niagara Ship Canal Bill—Its Fate Becoming Doubtful.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Monday, April 16.

The Senate has been in session till a late hour to night, engaged in an animated debate over the bill to incorporate the Niagara Ship Canal Company, upon which more than half the Senators in the circle have taken occasion to express themselves, many of them displaying an amazing ignorance of the laws of commerce and trade. An amendment was adopted, on motion of Mr. WILLIAMS, by a vote of 13 to 12, providing that the bill shall not take effect until the State shall have enlarged one tier of locks on the Erie and Oswego Canals. This is considered on all sides as a deadly stab at the bill. Senators WOLCOTT and GIBSON protested against it as being an unfair and cowardly attempt to kill the bill indirectly, but nevertheless it prevailed. Senator SESSIONS moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill indefinitely.

This motion was lost by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Bennett, Crowley, Folger, Hoyt, Humphrey, Kline, La Bau, Parsons, Sessions, Wilbur, Williams.

NAYS—Messrs. Andrews, Barrett, Campbell, Chambers, C. G. Cornell, Gibson, Godard, Lent, Low, J. Murphy, O'Donnell, Pierson, Stanford, Sutherland, Wolcott, Wood—16.

The friends of the bill will make an effort to get rid of the amendment, but the chances seem to be against their final success. PERSIMMON.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Monday, April 16.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the New-York Board of Fire Underwriters; to improve Grand-street, Brooklyn; to close a portion of Lefferts-street, Brooklyn; for the improvement of Third-street, Brooklyn; authorizing the draining of low lands in Fishkill; authorizing the formation of the Rockaway Beach Land Improvement Company; amending the charter of the Southwestern Mining and Land Company—lost.

Amending the Revised Statutes relative to Brokers. It fixes the price of brokerage, except on special contracts, at the rate of 50 cents per $100.

Incorporating the North River Savings Bank.

Providing for refunding to various banks and insurance companies taxes paid in 1863 and 1864 on Government securities.

Mr. HOYT moved to amend by making the bill applicable to New-York.

The motion was carried.

Mr. LOW moved to amend by providing that only so much shall be refunded as there is a legal liability to pay.

Motion lost by 18 to 14.

The bill was then passed.

BILLS ADVANCED TO THIRD READING.

For the relief of Gen. WARD E. BURNETT. It appropriates $3,600.

Incorporating the Harlem and Port Chester Railroad Company.

To appoint Commissioners to locate an Asylum on the Hudson River. Recess.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Terrible Explosion—Great Loss of Life.

SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, April 16.

A terrible explosion of what was supposed to be nitra glicerine, occurred at a 1:15 o'clock to-day, near WELLS, FARGO & Co.'s building. The explosion shook the earth like an earthquake for a circle of a quarter of a mile.

SAMUEL KNIGHT, Superintendent of WELLS, FARGO & Co.'s Express, died in half an hour of injuries received. G. W. BELL, Supervisor and Assayer, was instantly killed. Mr. WALLUT, WELLS, FARGO & Co.'s Assayer, JOSEPH ELLIOTT, JOHN GALLAGHER, FRANK WEBSTER and WILLIAM JUSTIN were also killed.

Eight dead bodies were so mutilated that they could not be identified. Louis McLane, Capt. Eldridge, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Judge Hoffman, were bruised and cut. Felix Lamax, D. Stacy, Jefferson Taylor, H. Blane, clothing dealer, Capt. J. Ayres, Fred. Leiz, Faank Moran and others, were injured, but not fatally. Some will never be identified, as fragments of human flesh, bones and brains were found nearly two blocks distant.

Montgomery, Sacramento and California streets were lined with broken glass, scarcely a window for several hundred feet remaining whole. WELLS, FARGO & Co.'s horses, and everything in the vicinity, animate or inanimate, were blown into fragments.

The damage is estimated at least $200,009. WILLIAM HEVENS, a book-keeper of the Pacific Mail Steamship Compady, is ascertained to be among the killed. The cause of the explosion is a mystery; the freight agent of the Pacific Mail Company says that two boxes, each measuring about four cubic feet, were taken from the steamer's dock to the place where the explosion occurred. One box was consigned to Idaho City and the others to Los Angelos. Both were stained with oil. The contents are not known. Forty men are now engaged in removing the ruins.

From Havana.

HAVANA, Wednesday, April 11.

Gen. SCOTT and Dr. SHELDON left by the steamer to-day for New-York. The illustrious octogenarian has received marked attention from his fellow-citizens during his short stay here.

Gen. DULCE is still at the Isle of Pines, avoiding the cares of State and awaiting notice of the acceptance of his resignation.

The Philadelphia Slaughter.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 16.

The Coroner's Jury, after an investigation of the murder of the Deering family, found a verdict charging ANTOINE PROBST, now under arrest, with the murder of all the eight victims.

Reinforcement of Car-Drivers.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Monday, April 16.

An agent of the New-York City Railroads arrived here to-day, and immediately hired a gang of men to proceed to New-York, to act as drivers on the cars, A large squad left here on the midnight train.

The Recent Decision of Judge Underwood at Alexandria.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,
ALEXANDRIA, Va., April 14, 1866.

To the Editors of the National Intelligencer:

GENTLEMEN: In your paper of this morning I observe a very incorrect and perverted report of one of my recent opinions in a *habeas corpus* case.

In that opinion I did not express a doubt of the legality of the late Peace Proclamation, nor was its legality called in question by any one connected with the case; nor did I express the opinion that the writ of *habeas corpus* could not be executed in one State while the rebellion was not suppressed in another, but the very contrary opinion.

My opinion simply was, that the late Peace Proclamation did not pretend to revoke the previous proclamation of President LINCOLN suspending in certain cases the writ in the States lately in insurrection, and I stated that the Peace Proclamation did not include Texas; and that it had not and was not intended to have so broad and general an application as the petitioner supposed, and therefore refused to grant his prayer. JOHN C. UNDERWOOD.

THE CAR-DRIVER'S STRIKE.

No Compromise Effected—New Drivers Employed—"Dummy" Cars to be Employed—Meeting of the Strikers—Resolutions Adopted—The Police to be Removed from the Cars.

Yesterday the prayers of the old drivers were answered so far as they referred to the weather, for it was a wet, rainy, sloppy, slippery disagreeable day. This state of things conduced to the confusion of the new drivers, to the damaging of the property of the various companies, and to the exultation of the strikers. The antagonistic parties to the strike remain inflexible in their purposes, the one determined to have more wages, and the other stubbornly refusing the increase, and there is little prospect of their effecting a compromise. It is impossible for the companies to run their usual number of cars, but yesterday there was a marked improvement in the traveling facilities which they offered the public. Some of the roads were worked to about one-half their capacity, others more and some less. Were it not for the terrorism thrown over them by the Association of old drivers, no difficulty would be experienced in finding new men to drive every car at the old standard of wages. Let a new hand, however, start upon a trip, and he is at once threatened with such degrees and varieties of violence as would insure his speedy extermination. Collectively, the strikers preach good order and the preservation of the peace, but individually and in squads their practice is otherwise. Several of the new drivers have been assaulted while upon their cars, and others while going to and from their homes. None of them have been seriously injured, nor have any of the assailants been captured. The policemen began to feel that it was tiresome business riding in couples upon every car. So at noon yesterday the programme was changed, and one policeman furnished to each alternate car only. Those drivers who went through alone stood their ground bravely, notwithstanding the fact that old drivers would jump upon the cars and threaten them with future chastisement if they did not instantly desert. No injunctions were served upon the Directors, as had been threatened, for non-compliance with their charters, and consequently no interruption to the business of the roads occurred further than that occasioned by scarcity of drivers. Several of the roads—in fact, all those lately incorporated, we believe—have the right, according to their charters, to run their cars through the streets with steam-power. Arrangements are being made with a view to placing "dummies" upon these roads at once. In a few days we may expect to be greeted with the grease and cinders, the noise and the dirt, of these non-striking drivers. They have been found to work satisfactorily in the upper portion of the city, but it is a question whether or not they can be driven with safety in the crowded thoroughfares below Fourteenth-street. Great annoyance and confusion would doubtless result among pedestrians, carriages, drays, wagons, etc., but the railroads claim the right to introduce them, and contend that they can do so at a less expense than they would incur if they acquiesced in the demands of the strikers. In short, it is asserted by the Directors that it is beyond the bounds of possibility for them to pay the prices asked and not run in debt. The two dollars per day which they have been paying their drivers, while it does not approach the rates of mechanics, is, they allege, considerably more than is paid generally to common laborers, and it is thus that drivers are classed. The directors of the various roads may be said to have formed a combination among themselves to resist the united action of the drivers. Their action is unanimous, and they are confident that they will speedily have their cars running with their accustomed regularity.

The old drivers still congregate around the depots, are much excited, but are generally sober and behaving in an orderly manner highly creditable to them. They have, at their meetings, resolved to stand firm, but nearly one-half of them would to-day resume their places at the old price, were it not for their fear of violence at the hands of the other members of the Association. Many of them are wavering, and are only deterred from earning an honest support for their wives and little ones, as they formerly did, by fear of encountering the jeers and abuse of those who were their fellow laborers. Disaffection has sprung up in their ranks, and with it a most hearty abuse of their leaders. Some of them have already visited the camp of the enemy in the hope of making peace, and resuming once more their honest labor. It is remarkably hard for those who have families to see their wives and little ones suffering for the necessaries of life while they remain idle, and while the means of providing for them is within their reach. The case grows more desperate with them every day, and many are anxious to abandon the cause, which, they say, is led by young and reckless men, without families, and who care nothing for the sufferings of others. Committees were out yesterday soliciting subscriptions from citizens to enable the drivers to continue the strike, but as yet the needy ones among them have derived little or no assistance from the Association. The fact that so many of them are desirous of returning to their old situations would indicate that they were not particularly dissatisfied before. They are encouraged in their strike by the conductors, stable-men and other employes of the different roads, all of whom expect to obtain the same increase of pay that shall be given to the drivers. The drivers are the cat's-paw which they are using to pull their chestnuts out of the fire.

The public grumbles and growls about being jammed and packed into half the number of cars that used to be provided for its accommodation, and indulges in many hard words in reference to "railroad monopolies," "soulless corporations," &c. New-Yorkers are never happy unless they have a grievance, and in this strike of the car drivers they have found one which incommodes them most seriously. In consequence of the rain yesterday, everybody wanted to ride, as is usual on rainy days. But everybody couldn't, so a great many persons were compelled to walk long distances, to get wet, and tired, and cross, and were in anything but an amiable frame of mind on reaching their respective homes. Pedestrians in the mud envied those more fortunate wretches who were hanging on by their eyelids to the car windows, and by their toes to the car platforms. To ride in any manner yesterday was better than to walk. On one of the roads the conductors were converted temporarily into drivers, and their places filled by officers of the road. Many conductors, however, resigned their situations rather than submit to the change. The conductors being employed by the day, lose all the time they are not running, so that the strike affects their pockets quite as much as it does the drivers. No cars were run after 7 o'clock last night, the companies fearing that a disturbance might be created by their doing so. To-day the policemen will be withdrawn entirely from the cars. Some of the drivers will not run without their protection, so that the probability is that there will be fewer cars in the streets to-day than there were yesterday.

A meeting of drivers was held last evening at Landmann's Hall, corner of Sixty-ninth-street and Third-avenue. There was a large attendance, all the street railroads being represented. The meeting was called to order by the President, Mr. LEVIN, who spoke briefly in a manner most encouraging to the strikers. He announced that some overtures had been made to the drivers by the companies, with a view to a compromise, and he thought that, if they stuck together for a day or two longer, the companies would come to the terms required. Several other speakers addressed the meeting, setting forth that the present strike was but a representative one, in which all workingmen were interested. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, We the car-drivers of the City of New-York, owing to the increased cost of the necessaries of life, being obliged to demand a higher remuneration for labor; and

Whereas, This demand, though pronounced by the public to be reasonable, and not at all exorbitant, has been obstinately refused by the directors of the several roads, which compels us to resort to a strike as the only alternative by which poor laborers who have to deal with rich employers can obtain that fair wages which the demand for their labor and the wants and necessities of their families would justify; and

Whereas, The entire community having most generously manifested its sympathy in our behalf, notwithstanding this our strike subjects it to a great and embarrassing inconvenience; and acknowledging with deepest gratitude this kind sympathy, and in consideration for the same, be it

Resolved, That the business interests of the community may no longer suffer by the consequences of this strike, we propose to the Directors of the several roads to submit the issues of this strike to the arbitration of twelve gentlemen—whose decision we promise to accept and be governed by—six of such arbitrators to be named by the car drivers and six by the managers of the roads, it being understood that none be appointed by either party who is now a car driver or a director of any road.

Resolved, That as an earnest of our desire to bring this to a speedy adjustment, we hereby name the following gentlemen to act in behalf of the car-drivers: Messrs. J. Reid, E. P. McDermot, J. Ennis, J. H. Foy, P. Neveille, and —— Taylor.

Resolved, That a committee of two be appointed to notify the Presidents of the several roads of the adoption of the foregoing resolutions, and that the aforenamed gentlemen, in behalf of the car drivers, will be ready to meet a like committee on behalf of the companies, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at any place said companies may designate.

The Committee appointed to wait on the Presidents of the various roads consists of Mr. E. L. MITCHELL, of the 8th-av. line, and Mr. W. H. H. JONES, of the 6th-av. They will perform the duty assigned them this morning, and it is to be hoped that some satisfactory result may follow this peace offering put forth by the strikers. Another meeting of drivers will be held on Wednesday afternoon, at the City Hall Park. A meeting of citizens, sympathizing with the drivers, was held at Harlem last evening, which was addressed by C. E. BIRDSALL and others.

Heavy Sales of the New-York Merchants.

It is a matter of mercantile curiosity and interest to notice the amount of sales the last ten months by some of our largest houses, as taken from the official record and reported in the daily papers. At the head of the list, in the Fourth District, is H. B. CLAFLIN & Co., whose sales are sworn to as being $42,606,715; next on the list is A. T. STEWART & Co., (wholesale exclusively,) $39,391,683, which is apart from a large package business done by them in Philadelphia, amounting to several millions, on which they pay the Government tax there; also a large retail business of many millions on Broadway and Tenth-street, which in the aggregate make their entire sales much the largest by many millions of any dry goods house in this country.

Next on the list is ANTHONY H. HALL, $10,373,000; GEORGE A. WEEKS & Co., $10,000,000.

In the Fourth District there are some twelve houses whose sales were from $5,000,000 to $8,000,000; twelve from $3,000,000 to $4,000,000 each, and of the list of a hundred names only three had sales of less than a million.

Obituary.

The friends of Rev. SAMUEL L. TUTTLE will be surprised and pained to hear of his death, which took place at Madison, N. J., yesterday morning. Mr. TUTTLE was about 50 years of age, and was well known throughout the central part of New-Jersey as a faithful pastor. Two or three years ago he received the appointment of Assistant to the Secretaries of the Bible Society, and at the time of his death he was discharging the duties of that position. His disease was inflammatory rheumatism.

DEATH OF GORDON CUMMING, THE AFRICAN LION-HUNTER.

The merciless slayer of African lions, Mr. GORDON CUMMING, has at length fallen a victim to a more terrible destroyer. He died at Inverness, Scotland, on the 24th of last month. He was born on the 15th of March, 1820, and was the second son of Sir WILLIAM GORDON CUMMING. He early showed a passion for hunting, and became an adept at deer-stalking in the highlands of Badenoch. Afterwards he was in the British army for some years, and left it about the year 1845. Between October of that year and March, 1849, he made several hunting forays into the interior of Africa, the marvelous accounts of which he published in his "Hunter's Life in South Africa." With his acknowledged skill as a hunter of lions was joined a less commendable passion for the indiscriminate slaughter of more harmless game, and an ability in telling large stories really remarkable. On his return to England he made considerable profit by the exhibition of the trophies of his hunting expeditions. Of late years he has confined his attention mainly to the game in the Scotch highlands.

Metropolitan Board of Health.

President SCHULTZ is to meet the street-cleaning contractors again at 9 o'clock this morning, and the contractors are probably to decide whether they will retain or surrender their contract. They will, of course, retain it, notwithstanding the action of the Board of Health threatens to reduce their profits below $250,000 a year; for to make their dividends satisfactory, they need only cut off a score or more of the politicians who, secreted behind the scenes, share in the profits, and the $25,000 annually which they have appropriated for the payment of counsel fees, if expended on their new street-sweeping machines, will go a long way in cleaning the streets, as the Board of Health may demand. It has been said that the sureties of Messrs. BROWN, DE VOE and KNAPP have made arrangements to take the very suspiciously drawn contract in the event of Messrs. B., DE V. and K's failure; but it is again said, on the other hand, that Messrs. B., DE V. and K. are merely agents of the real contractors, and that they are paid $6,000 a year each to manage the street-cleaning.

A Letter from Dr. Sayre to the Board of Health.

No. 795 BROADWAY, Saturday, April 14, 1866.

Dr. John O. Stone, Metropolitan Health Commissioner:

DEAR SIR: I observe in your report of yesterday, which is printed in all the morning papers, that you state: "The *Atlanta* arrived last November with cholera, which she had brought from Southampton, and from the 22d of November to the 20th day of December there were 24 deaths on Ward's Island, in one particular hospital," when the disease attacked the convalescents from fever. This statement is erroneous, as there was no case of cholera during the period mentioned, in any of the various hospitals situated there, and, as I am informed, none have occurred since.

This question is one of such vital importance to the community, as well as to the Profession at large, that the greatest possible accuracy should always be observed in every official statement, for the benefit of the future historian, in making up his vital statistics; and it is for this reason that I write immediately on reading your report, in order that you may make the correction as soon as possible, and ask you to give it an equal publicity with the erroneous statement.

Upon the report that there were some cases of cholera at Ward's Island in November last, I visited all the hospitals there, in company with Dr. J. M. CARNOCHAN, Surgeon-in-Chief, and the Commissioners of Emigration, and carefully examined every case there sick with supposed cholera, and found the peculiar symptoms of cholera, muscular cramps, loss of elasticity in the skin, rice-water discharges, suppression of urine, &c., &c., absent in every case. We then took careful testimony of all the cases which had died of the supposed disease, and satisfied ourselves that no case of cholera had occurred there, and so reported to the Commissioners of Emigration, and also to the Commissioners of Health. A case was also reported in the Seventh-avenue, and another in Brooklyn, neither of which, upon examination, proved to be cases of cholera. I observe another case has been reported to your present Board within a few days from Delancey-street, and published in all the daily papers, as a case of cholera, and yet upon a *post-mortem* examination by Drs. HARRIS and SMITH, it was proved to be another disease. We can, therefore, safely assert that no case of cholera has as yet appeared in this City during the present epidemic, and in my opinion none will appear, unless you permit it to land from some of the numerous vessels which may bring it to our shores, or, landed at some other port, may come to us by internal communication. It never has been generated on this continent, and has never existed here except when it could be distinctly traced to the vessel, by which it was imported in every instance, and I therefore hold that those in authority are responsible if they ever permit it to land.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
LEWIS A. SAYRE, M. D.
Late Resident Physician.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

ALLEGED FORGERY.—JOHN KANE *alias* CHARLES TYLER O'DONNELL *alias* JOHN HENNESSY, called a few days ago at the office of the Adams Express Company, No. 59 Broadway, and gave Mr. HENRY W. COLLINS, a clerk, what purported to be a check on the City Bank, of Hartford, Conn., for $289 39, and drawn by "JOHN HENNESSY, Treasurer of the Traders' Insurance Company, of Hartford." KANE asked that the check be forwarded to Hartford for collection, and said he would call again. The clerk, supposing that the check was genuine, gave KANE a receipt, and the document was forwarded to its destination. On the 14th inst. a telegraphic message was received by Mr. COLLINS, from the President of the Hartford Bank, declaring the check to be a forgery. KANE called at the Express office yesterday, when he was arrested by Officer OTTIGNON, of the Broadway Squad. When the prisoner was arraigned before Justice HOGAN, of the Tombs Court, he was committed for trial in default of $1,000 bail. He pleaded not guilty.

FATAL RESULTS OF A FALL.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner GAMBLE over the body of JOHN DONNOVAN, who expired at his late residence in One Hundred and Tenth-street between First and Second-avenues. It appeared from the evidence adduced that the deceased was a workman in the marble manufactory of Messrs. FISHER & BIRD, in East Houston-street, near the Bowery. On the 7th inst., he fell down a flight of stairs, while laboring under the effects of intoxicating liquor, when an officer conveyed him to the Station-house. He was arraigned the next morning before the Essex Market Police Court and discharged. When he reached home he became insensible and lingered until Sunday evening, when death ensued. Deceased was a native of Ireland and 25 years of age.

PROPOSED ADVANCE IN THE RATES OF INSURANCE.—The Fire Insurance Companies of this City have resolved to increase the rates of insurance, and a Committee composed of Messrs. Pinckney, Oakley, McDonald, Hart, Hinshaw, Hodges, Crowell, Ballard, Garrigue and Murray are now at work arranging a new tariff of rates. At the next regular meeting of the Board of Fire Insurance Companies, on Wednesday next, the Committee will report, and it is probable that a new tariff will then be adopted.

OBITUARY.—Capt. HENRY A. WETMORE died in this City on Sunday, the 15th inst., after a long and painful illness, contracted while in the service of his country. He became identified with the war in 1861, entering the service as First Lieutenant, Company K, Sixth New-York Cavalry, Col. THOMAS C. DEVIN, Commanding. During the Peninsular campaign he was detailed as Acting Aid on the staffs of Gens. RICHARDSON, SEDGEWICK and SUMNER, and at Fredericksburgh and Chancellorsville, on that of Gens. COUCH and HANCOCK. His funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 50 Sixth-avenue, to-day (Tuesday) at 4 o'clock P. M.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—Gen. H. C. Jarrett, Baltimore; Gen. B. W. Thayer, Massachusetts; Hon. Henry Wilson, Massachusetts, and Gov. Parsons, of Alabama, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Gen. Thomas, U. S. A., is at the Hoffman House. Hon. E. P. Ross, Auburn; Ex-Mayor Wightman, Boston; Hon. J. A. Clark, New-Mexico; Hon. Wm. Williams, Buffalo; Hon. E. B. Judson, Syracuse; Hon. Jay Cooke, Philadelphia, and Rev. Mr. Parvine, Philadelphia, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

PERSONAL.—Lieut.-Gen. SCOTT arrived here yesterday afternoon in the steamer from New-Orleans.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.—Held by Justice CLERKE.—Nos. 30, 31, 45, 52, 57, 62. Call commences at No. 69.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Held by Justice BOCKES. Court opens at 10 A. M.—Nos. 493, 645, 959, 1,111, 119½, 1,159, 879, 989, 437, 1,357, 1,475, 333, 1,439, 1,463, 995, 675, 1,387, 1,401, 659, 541.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Demurrer No. 4. Issues of law and fact Nos. 150, 156, 190, 191, 192, 193, 172, 220, 171, 167, 194, 203, 204, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part II.*—Held at Nos. 71 and 73 Duane-street by Justice MASON. Nos. 402, 1482, 978, 1380, 742, 724, 1056, 750, 872, 802, 792, 793, 1140, 1246, 624, 1082, 1360, 1008, 538, 1450.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—*Part I.*—Adjourned to Wednesday next. *Part II.*—Nos. 2616, 2442, 2326, 2360, 2064, 2086, 2088, 2090, 2100, 1444, 2116, 2118, 2120, 2122, 2126.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.—Both parts adjourned for the month. The General Term will open at 11 A. M., with a full Bench, to hear cases on appeal.

A Deceptive Malady.

So insidious are the first approaches of Consumption, that thousands remain unconscious of its presence until it has brought them to the verge of the grave. An immediate resort to Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, upon the first appearance of the Cough, Pain or Soreness of the Throat or Chest, would very generally preclude a fatal result, or, in case the Symptoms indicate the presence of Latent Consumption, would tend to subdue the violence of the disease, and thus materially assist in prolonging the life of the patient. Use the Expectorant, therefore, when you take cold, and thus prevent the necessity for its use in more dangerous complaints. Sold everywhere.

Coughs.—The administration of Medicinal preparations in the form of a lozenge is of all modes the most eligible and convenient, more especially as regards a cough remedy. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, giving instant relief in Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Influenza, and Consumptive and Asthmatic complaints.

A Reliable Remedy

For expelling worms, so common with young children, will be found in BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS, or Worm Lozenges, which are pleasant to the taste, and no child will refuse to take them.

The combination of ingredients used in making the COMFITS is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

Brilliancy of Complexion is desirable in a lady; and for the preservation of it BURNETT'S KALLISTON is guaranteed to be a most powerful auxiliary. Inflammation from sunburn and the dryness caused by the wind and air is remedied by its application. It softens the skin, and is admirably adapted for gentlemen's use after shaving. For sale by all druggists.

Kellogg's

U. S. MERCANTILE REGISTER.

☞ SEE column of Publications.

Awnings.—Plain and fancy awnings for stores, offices, dwellings, &c.; bunting flags, banners, hammocks, bags, tents, boat sails, merchandise covers, and canvas articles. C. H. TYLER, Manufacturer, No. 25 East Broadway, New-York. Established 1849.

Seekers of Health and Strength, you are invited to resume those forfeited blessings by a timely resort to HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. You will find them in that immaculate vegetable restorative. But be sure you procure the genuine article. Counterfeits are abroad. Look closely to the trade-mark. Buy only of reliable dealers.

Mauger's Cloth Shipping Tags, most reliable made; at Victor E. Mauger's, 110 Reade-st., N. Y.

Marvin's Patent Door Locks

FOR HOUSES AND STORES.

THEY CANNOT BE PICKED.
THEY HAVE NO SPRINGS.
KEY WEIGHS ONLY ONE-QUARTER OF AN OUNCE.
MARVIN & CO., { 265 Broadway, New-York. 721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
Also, MARVIN'S Patent Fire and Burglar Safes.

Dr. Langley's

ROOT AND HERB BITTERS.

The great blood purifier, the best health restorer, and the most perfect Spring and Summer medicine ever used. They effectually cure jaundice, dyspepsia, liver and bilious complaints, general debility, and all kindred diseases. Sold by all druggists.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Wringers Repaired.

All kinds of wringers repaired, or exchanged for the UNIVERSAL, with cog wheels, which is warranted to be durable. R. C. BROWNING, General Agent. No. 32 Cortland-st., New-York.

Brown's Standard Scales.

Manufacture all kinds, and warrant every scale. Warehouse No. 3 Barclay-st. opposite Astor House.

Finest Ready-made Clothing in America. Gents', Youths', Boys' and Children's, all quite equal to custom work. Just received, 10 cases latest styles French, English and Scotch goods, for the Custom Department. BROKAW BROS., No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

The Cholera is Near You.—Prepare for it by supplying yourself at once with a bottle of HOWE'S HYGIENIC DROPS, a CERTAIN PREVENTIVE and SURE CURE for cholera. Sold by all Druggists, and by DUDLEY & STAFFORD, Wholesale Agents, No. 69 Beekman-st.
S. D. HOWE, Proprietor.

We would call attention to the following valuable property, to be sold at auction by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., this day, (Tuesday,) at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
WEST 46TH-ST.—First-class four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, 16.8x55.

The Force of Union.—The Union Cement Roofing Company repairs old roofs of all kinds, and warrants them for a term of years, and lays new gravel and felt roofing at the lowest prices. Offices, No. 271 Broadway, New-York, and No. 339 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

3,500 Bricks per Hour with only two-horse power are made by the NATIONAL, which is a clay-tempering machine, and the bricks made by it WILL STAND THE TEST OF ALL WEATHER AND CLIMATES.
A. REQUA, Gen'l Agent, No. 130 Broadway, N. Y.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamental, and warranted perfectly dry. Also a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes. MARVIN & CO., 265 Broadway, and 721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

Forty Drops of Metcalfe's Rheumatic REMEDY contain as much virtue as forty bottles of many other medicines, and will instantly cure Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, &c. Try it. For sale by all druggists.

To Safe Buyers.—The depot for the sale of the celebrated Wilder Patent Salamander Safe, the best fireproof safe in the world, warranted perfectly dry, is removed from No. 100 Maiden-lane to No. 8 Courtland-st., near Broadway.

The Burglar Alarm Telegraph protects each window and door of the best house in New-York, invisibly and without damage.
E. HOLMES, No. 198 Broadway.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 cents; Black or Brown; instantaneous; best; cheapest. Depot No. 66 John-st. Sold by all druggists.

W. H. Disbrow, No. 100 Liberty-st., will sell at auction THIS DAY, at 1 P. M., several superior horses, carriages, harness, &c. Catalogues this morning.

Dame's Pulmo-Bronchial Troches for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, &c. DAME & CO., No. 438 4th-av., or C. FOX, 81 Barclay-st.

Dr. Harrison's Peristaltic Lozenges are wrranted a positive cure for costiveness, piles and dyspepsia. Sold by Hegeman & Co., and Casswell & Mack.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine and Buttonhole Machine, No. 625 Broadway.

Howe Sewing Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President. No. 629 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, Hair Dye and Dyeing at BATCHELOR'S, 16 Bond-st.

Family Knitting Machines.—Unequaled for plain and fancy knitting. No. 537 Broadway.

Raven & Bacon's Pianos.—Established 1829. Warerooms No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

OGILBY—RUSSELL.—In Trinity Church, on Monday, April 16, by Rev. Dr. Ogilby, W. S. R. OGILBY, Esq., of New-York, and Miss LOUISA AGNES, only daughter of R. W. Russell, Esq., of Brooklyn.

USHER—LAFLIN.—At Pittsfield, Mass., on Thursday, April 12, by Rev. John Todd, D. D., Hon. BLOOMFIELD USHER, of Potsdam, N. Y., and Miss GRACE M. LAFLIN, youngest daughter of Walter Laflin, Esq.

DIED.

BLACK.—On Saturday evening, April 14, ELLWOOD ASTEN, infant son of William T. and Josephine H. Black, aged 10 months and 26 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 101 East 33d-st., on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

BOLMER.—At Yonkers, on Sunday, April 15, WILLIAM BOLMER, aged 62 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from St. John's Church, Yonkers, on Tuesday, April 17, at 3 o'clock P. M. Carriages will meet the train of the Hudson River Railroad leaving 30th-st. at 2 o'clock.

BRUNDAGE.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 15, JAMES H. BRUNDAGE, Jr., in the 30th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, corner of Clinton and De Kalb avs., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 3½ o'clock P. M.

DOUGHTY.—KATE T. DOUGHTY, at the residence of P. F. Cary, No. 25 West 44th-st., early Monday morning.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

GRISWOLD.—Suddenly, on Sunday evening, April 15, at No. 3 Jefferson-st., Brooklyn, SARAH D., wife of R. D. Griswold.

Notice of funeral in evening papers to-day.

GILDERSLEEVE.—On Monday morning, April 16, THOS. J. GILDERSLEEVE, Jr., in the 29th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend his funeral from the residence of his father, Thomas J. Gildersleeve, on Hewes-st., first house west of Bedford-av., Brooklyn, E. D., on Wednesday at 2 o'clock P. M.

HALPIN.—On Sunday, April 15, MAURICE, infant son of Zach. J. and Hannah M. Halpin, aged 8 months and 5 days.

Funeral will take place this (Tuesday) morning at 11 o'clock, from No. 57 East 73d-st.

HONEYWELL.—On Monday morning, April 16, MARY ANN, eldest daughter of the late John Honeywell.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday afternoon at 2½ o'clock, from her late residence, No. 206 Fort Greene-place, Brooklyn.

KNAPP.—In this city, on Sunday, April 15, 1866, MARY, wife of THERON S. KNAPP, and eldest daughter of O. W. MORRIS, in the 34th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral on Thursday, April 19, at 11 o'clock A. M., from the residence of her father, No. 366 West 32d-st.

KERR.—On Monday evening, April 16, MARY FRANCES, daughter of Robert F. and the late Hannah E. Kerr, aged 5 years and 11 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her father, No. 65 Varick-st., on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

KELSEY.—In Brooklyn, Sunday, April 15, CHARLES KELSEY, aged 45 years.

The friends of the family, also those of his brothers and brothers-in-law, and Nassau Lodge No. 39, I. O. of O. F., and the members of the Order generally, are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 95 Congress-st., Brooklyn, Tuesday, April 17, at 2 P. M., without further invitation.

LANMAN.—On Sunday morning, April 15, DAVID TRUMBULL LANMAN, in the 64th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 6 Carroll Park, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, 17th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

MACKENZIE.—At 10 o'clock Sunday morning, April 15, of inflammation of the lungs, KATE, wife of Alexander Mackenzie.

Funeral service will be held on Tuesday afternoon, 17th inst., at 4 o'clock, at her late residence, Munroe-av., Elizabeth, N. J. Friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

MISPLEE.—At Mattewan, N. Y., on Monday, April 16, Mrs. SOPHIA, relict of the late Nicholas Misplee, of this City, aged 72 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the First Baptist Church, Broome-st., corner of Elizabeth-st., on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 3 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Mattineck, L. I., for interment.

MOSEMAN.—On Sunday morning, April 15, JAMES H. MOSEMAN, in the 44th year of his age, son of the late Willet Moseman.

His friends and the friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 219 Monroe-st., on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, after which his remains will be taken to Rye for interment. There will likewise be a funeral service at St. Peter's Church, Port Chester, N. Y., at 1 o'clock of the same day.

POST.—At Yonkers, on Sunday, April 15, DAVID A. POST, in the 50th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence at Yonkers, this day, (Tuesday,) 17th inst., at 4½ o'clock P. M. Trains leave Hudson River Railroad Depot at 30th-st., at 12 M. and 2 P. M.

STEVENSON.—On Sunday morning, April 15, CATHARINE JANE STEVENSON, widow of Henry Stevenson, daughter of R. R. Frazee, aged 24 years.

Notice of her funeral will be given hereafter.

WETMORE.—In this City, on Sunday afternoon, April 15, HENRY A. WETMORE, late Captain in the 6th New-York Cavalry.

The friends of the family and those of his father-in-law, James W. Pinkney, Esq., are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 50 6th-av., at 4 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, the 17th inst. The remains will be taken to Norwalk, Conn., for interment.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ACROSTIC.

U dare the grand Steam Giant's awful might,
Nor shrink the lightning's life-destroying flight
If Business calls—and it is nobly right
Thus to be brave; it is *American*,
E'en in the jaws of death—his life's true span,
Down, if 'tis destiny's, to sepulchral night!

So, Son of Freedom, take your glorious race
To Wealth and Honor; grasping Time and Space,
Armed still with *Prudence*, nor be quelled by *Chance*
Thrown in your path; but boldly yet advanced,
Enrolling yet another turdy name,
Set on Success' peak, despite of cloud or flame!

Ask you how this shall be? how you no loss
Can meet from *Accident* by Fortune's cross?
Can make another pay the Surgeon's bill?—
In household charges standing intact still!
Do more?—yes, if a great mishap befall,
Enable you for *larger* sums to call,
Nor call in vain; and even *thousands* more
Tend to your family's purse if life itself is o'er?

I'll give reply to every answer—show,
Now on the spot, your course, and bring a glow
Serenely happy to your cheek and heart,
Unknown from any trick of plausible *Art*,
Rife with deception, meant but to betray,
And lead the honest from the *true, sure* way.
No! friend, I am as clear as Heav'n's own day,
Charming the soul by my bright *Business* ray,
Enticing to man's good—but "the *Reply*?" I hear you say,

Con, for the answer my INITIALS!—Done?
O, have you not a *golden* treasure won?

WHAT'S IN FRANK LESLIE'S THIS week. See THURSDAY'S issue.

A. ARNOUX,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Informs his old customers and the public that he is offering his goods at extremely low prices to close his stock, having lost the store corner Broadway and 4th-st.

He will sell anything for the next two weeks to cover cost and Government tax. After that time he will sell his goods without making them up, at such prices as they will command.

ANTHONY ARNOUX,
Broadway, corner 4th-st.

THE GALAXY,
THE NEW ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE.
PUBLISHED FORTNIGHTLY.
PRICE 25 CENTS.
For sale by all Newsdealers.

WONDERFUL EXAMPLE OF AMERICAN genius in FRANK LESLIE'S this THURSDAY.

OUR SPRING STOCK

is now opening, and will be sold at REDUCED PRICES, in conformity with the FALL IN GOLD, and comprises a large assortment of select patterns of

FRENCH CHINA AND PARISIAN GRANITE DINNER WARE,
TEA AND TOILET SETS,
GLASSWARE, CLOCKS, BRONZES AND FANCY GOODS.

Also, a choice selection of

CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES,
FROM ORIGINAL DESIGNS.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, corner of Broome-st.

IMMENSE IMPROVEMENT IN STEAM.
W. C. HICKS' PATENT STEAM ENGINES
save 75 per cent. in space, weight, friction and parts. Adapted to all uses. For circulars, address the HICKS ENGINE COMPANY, No. 88 Liberty-st., New-York.

FURNITURE,
AT REDUCED PRICES,
Of the latest styles, consisting of
PARLOR, DINING-ROOM and CHAMBER SUITES,
in rosewood, walnut and maple, at
F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 EAST HOUSTON-ST.,
Between the Bowery and 2d-av.
Retailing at manufacturers' prices.
All goods warranted.

PUTTING DOWN CARPETS.

This back-aching and laborious work is now shorn of its hardship by the use of the GREENLEAF CARPET STRETCHER. It is an admirable arrangement, stretching the whole length of the carpet and holding it firmly, to be tacked down at leisure. It can be used by the most delicate female, for the labor is reduced to simply driving the tacks. The trade supplied on liberal terms.
E. S. & J. TORRY, Sole Agents.
No. 72 Maiden-lane, New-York.

BUY FRANK LESLIE'S ILLUSTRATED. Out on THURSDAY.

WILBOR'S COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

The friends of persons who have been restored from confirmed consumption by the use of this original preparation, and the grateful parties themselves, have, by recommending it and acknowledging its wonderful efficacy, given to the article a vast popularity in New-England. The Cod Liver Oil is in this combination robbed of its unpleasant taste, and is rendered doubly effective in being coupled with the Lime, which is itself a restorative principle, supplying nature with just the agent and assistance required to heal and reform the diseased lungs. A. B. WILBOR, No. 166 Court-st., Boston, is the proprietor. Sold in New-York by DEMAS BARNES & CO., F. C. WELLS & CO., and W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO.

THE BEST ISSUE IN TWELVE months. See FRANK LESLIE'S this coming THURSDAY.

CATARRH, SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS, LIVER and KIDNEY AFFECTIONS. Nature's Remedials from Plants. WM. R. PRINCE, Flushing, N. Y., for 60 years proprietor of the Linnæan Nurseries, has discovered positive cures for the above, and for all inherited and chronic diseases, rheumatism, nervous debility, all female maladies, and others, resulting from impurity of the blood. Explanatory circulars, one stamp. Treatise on Diseases, 15 cents.

CRUTCHES.—HARTMAN'S PATENT ELASTIC RUBBER PREMIUM CRUTCHES.—The easiest, cheapest, and most approved of the age, preventing paralysis of the nerves. Send for circulars. LOVEJOY & TAYLOR, sole manufacturers, No. 476 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. R. R.
THE MEDICAL BALANCE SHEET.
COST OF CURE.
Illustrated by
FACTS AND FIGURES.
READ AND COMPARE.

There are two especial points connected with the treatment of disease upon which the sick require, and have a right to expect, accurate information.

In the first place they desire to know what medicines will certainly and speedily restore them to health; and in the second place what will be the expense of a complete and radical cure.

By contrasting the moderate cost of

RADWAY'S REMEDIES

with the heavy expense involved in employing a physician, and procuring the medicines he may prescribe, it will be seen that

SEVERAL THOUSAND PER CENT.

may be saved by resorting to the three carefully prepared vegetable specifics known as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS and RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT, which comprehend within their remedial range all types of acute and chronic disease. This can be made manifest by a few illustrations based on facts. To begin with the

READY RELIEF.

Case 985.—Henry R. Morton, New-York City, is seized with severe vomiting and purging, accompanied by cold chills, and violent pain in the bowels. A physician is called. He treats the patient for CHOLERA MORBUS. First visit $3; cost of prescription 75 cents. Second visit, next day, $3. Change of treatment. New prescription $1. Patient still suffering and sinking fast. At this stage the READY RELIEF is suggested. One bottle 50 cents. A teaspoonful in water is given and an application made to the stomach and abdomen. Pain ceases—vomiting is stopped—discharges are checked—system recovers its tone—strength is restored. Patient perspires freely, and falls into a refreshing sleep. Cure complete.

NOW BALANCE THE ACCOUNT.

Physician's bill, $6; prescriptions (utterly useless) $1 75 .... $7 75
Bottle of Ready Relief (which effects a cure, with three-fourths of the bottle spared for other exigencies) 50
Balance in favor of READY RELIEF $7 25

Case 1,169.—Freeman L. Forsyth, Brooklyn, is attacked with Ague and Fever. Medical man called in. Charge $3 per visit. Looks in daily for a fortnight. Prescribes quinine, piperine, arsenic, morphine, &c. Prescriptions costly, averaging $1 per day. No perceptible improvement in patient. Advised to try READY RELIEF and REGULATING PILLS. Relief 50 cents per bottle, Pills 25 cents per box. Half a dozen doses of the Relief, diluted according to directions, break up the fits, and two or three doses of the Pills remove the malarious virus of the disease entirely from the system.

Post the books again:

Physician's account—14 visits at $3 each, $42; prescriptions, $10, (and no benefit) $52 00
Relief, 50 cents; Pills, 25 cents, (a portion of which effect a cure, being a surplus for future use) 75
Balance in favor of READY RELIEF $51 25

Case 2,631.—James B. Hendrick, New-York City, night attack of violent Bilious Colic. Doctor called in. Visit $3. Second visit in the morning $3. Third, in the afternoon, $3. Prescriptions $4. Patient still in agony and pulse and strength failing. At this stage the RELIEF administered, paroxysms of pain arrested, and cure perfected by the assistance of a few doses of the REGULATING PILLS, which carry off the corrupt and acrid humors that caused the attack.

Compare again:

Physician's charge, $9; Prescriptions, $4 .... $13 00
RELIEF and PILLS, (with more than a dozen doses yet on hand) 75
Balance in favor of the RELIEF $12 25

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is a household medicine which no prudent family that understands its value will ever be without. It instantly arrests pain, and its effects as a defusive stimulant, anodyne and nervine in cholera, cholera morbus, bilious colic, spasms, fits, malarious diseases, &c., transcend those of any other preparation known. As an external application for burns, wounds, scalds, bruises, &c., it has no equal.

Pass on to

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.

Case 892.—W. A. Stuart, New-York City, a martyr to chronic dyspepsia, complicated with liver complaint. Physician's bill for one year's attendance, $200. Prescriptions, $100. No improvement. Appetite gone, sickness at the stomach, terrible oppression after eating, bowels irregular, complexion cadaverous, body emaciated, pain between the shoulders and in the right side, great debility, spirits depressed. In this condition patient resorts to a course of the REGULATING PILLS. After the first two doses the distressing symptoms sensibly abate, and the patient, persevering in the use of the remedy, (and adopting such rules in regard to diet, &c., as common sense suggests,) is soon perfectly well. Four boxes, 25c. each, suffice to banish every relic of the complaint.

Contrast the cost:

Medical attendance for one year, $200; medicines, $100; (of no avail) $300
Four boxes of the REGULATING PILLS, at 25c. each, (and a cure perfected) 1
Balance in favor of REGULATING PILLS $299

Case 1,236.—Marcus W. Mount, long a sufferer from liver complaint, has paid, he says, at different times, about $250 to physicians, and he thinks as much more for medicines. Is induced to try the REGULATING PILLS, with occasional doses of the RENOVATING RESOLVENT, to assist in removing from his system the effects of the mercurial treatment to which he has been subjected. Soon feels the benefit of the change. Takes, in all, five boxes of the Pills and three bottles of the Resolvent, and at the end of the course is "as well as he ever was in his life."

Glance at the account current below:

Bills for medical attendance, $250; outlay for prescriptions, $250 (so much money thrown away) .. $500 00
Five boxes of REGULATING PILLS, $1 25; three bottles of RESOLVENT at $1 each, $3—(disease removed) 4 25
Balance in favor of REGULATING PILLS and RESOLVENT $495 75

The REGULATING PILLS possess the alterative, anti-bilious and disenfectant properties of Mercury, without any of its pernicious attributes. They are manufactured in vacuo from concentrated vegetable extracts, and are an absolute specific for all disorders of the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys. They tone the system while relieving the bowels from viscid humors, and control the liver more readily than blue pills or any preparation of quicksilver or its salts or oxides.

And now a few words about the effects of the

RENOVATING RESOLVENT.

Case 1,969.—Zachary N. Lathrop, New-York City, a sufferer from chronic scrofula; has been long under physicians' hands; has twice had the disorder suppressed with blue pill and mercurial ointment, but only to reappear in another and more malignant form; has been repeatedly salivated, and suffers from mercurial disease complicated with the original disorder. Supposes he has paid for medical attendance and costly drugs, such as iodine, hyd. potash, corrosive sublimate, extracts of sarsaparilla, various acids, &c., over $350. Is recommended to give the RENOVATING RESOLVENT a trial. Before the first bottle is finished there is a manifest change in the appearance of the sores with which he is affected. As the medicine is continued they begin to heal, and after a course of six bottles he is a sound man. The mercury is out of his system, and the disease is not *suppressed*, but *eradicated*. Once more pure, uncontaminated blood runs in his veins, and his health and vigor are completely restored.

Strike the balance:

To medical advice and medication, (*worse* than useless) $350
To six bottles of RENOVATING RESOLVENT, at $1 per bottle, by which the priceless blessing of health is restored 6
Balance in favor of the RESOLVENT $344

Case 1,064.—Sergt. B. A. Cole, New-York City, a returned volunteer. Complaint, chronic rheumatism, produced by exposure during the war. Was one month "under treatment" since his discharge. Received during that time twenty visits from his physician. Visits $3 each. Cost of medicines prescribed, consisting of colchicum, gum guiac, quinine, morphine, hyoscyamus, &c.—all expensive—and various embrocations, $1 50 per day on an average. Whole amount paid for prescriptions, $45. Not the slightest change for the better produced. RENOVATING RESOLVENT, and READY RELIEF (as an external application) recommended by physicians as a dernier resort. Result immediately beneficial. Patient convalescent in three days. Within four weeks, pain, swellings, contractions and all other symptoms removed. A radical cure. Number of bottles of RESOLVENT taken, four, and half a dozen bottles of RELIEF used as an external remedy.

Look again at the comparative expense:

Physician's fees, $60; medication, $45—all to no purpose $105
Four bottles of the RESOLVENT, at $1 each, and six bottles of RELIEF, at 50 cents, (every trace of the disease eradicated) 7
Balance in favor of the RESOLVENT and RELIEF $98

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT is the most perfect depurative, and the most powerful restorative that has ever been derived from the vegetable kingdom. It eliminates from the blood every trace of scrofulous or syphilitic virus, eradicates mercurial disease, and is the only preparation which can be depended upon for a thorough cure in tumorous, cancerous, and other consuming diseases of the fleshy fibre. In salt rheum, erysipelas, and all cutaneous eruptions, it is equally efficacious; and as its effect is not merely to suppress symptoms, but to remove their morbific causes, the cures it effects are always permanent, one bottle of it containing more of the active disinfectant and purifying principle of Sarsaparilla than is diffused through *one gallon* of the ordinary extracts of that root.

The above comparative view of the expense of ordinary medication and of the cost of cure through the agency of RADWAY'S REMEDIES, is not in the slightest degree overdrawn. It is founded on testimony in the possession of Dr. Radway, and accessible to all who desire to examine it. The sole object has been to ILLUSTRATE FACTS, in a familiar way, by exhibiting an

ACCOUNT CURRENT

between disease and the stereotyped practice on the one hand, and Dr. RADWAY'S REMEDIES on the other. If, however, the balance is several thousand per cent. in favor of the latter in an economic point of view, it is infinitely greater in a sanitary sense. As regards cost a comparison may be instituted, but *not as regards remedial value*. The superiority of the READY RELIEF, REGULATING PILLS and RENOVATING RESOLVENT, over all other medicines of the classes to which they belong has been made too manifest to be successfully disputed in any quarter, and is too great to admit of computation.

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NEW-YORK, April 11, 1866.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION HELD on the 2d inst. for Directors of this Company, the following-named gentlemen were unanimously elected:

GEORGE C. COLLINS,
DANFORD N. BARNEY,
LUCIUS HOPKINS,
THOMAS MESSENGER,
WILLIAM H. MELLEN,
HOMER MORGAN,
LEVI P. STONE,
JAMES HUMPHREY,
GEORGE PEARCE,
WARD A. WORK,
JAMES LOW,
I. H. FROTHINGHAM,
CHAS. A. BULKLEY,
GEORGE D. MORGAN,
OLIVER E. WOOD,
ALFRED S. BARNES,
GEORGE BLISS,
ROE LOCKWOOD,
LEVI P. MORTON,
CURTIS NOBLE,
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AMOS T. DWIGHT,
HENRY A. HURLBUT,
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WILLIAM STURGIS,
CHARLES J. MARTIN,
JOHN R. FORD,
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A. F. WILLMARTH,
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WILLIAM R. FOSDICK,
DAVID I. BOYD,
LEWIS ROBERTS,
SAMUEL B. CALDWELL,
A. J. WILLS,
WM. H. TOWNSEND,
P. C. VAN SCHAICK,
THOMAS T. BUCKLEY,
JAMES S. STURGES,
OLIVER S. CARTER,
HENRY M. TABER,
CHARLES P. BALDWIN.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, CHARLES J. MARTIN, Esq., was unanimously reelected President and ARTHUR F. WILLMARTH, Esq., Vice-President.
J. H. WASHBURN, Assistant Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 98 Broadway,
NEW-YORK, April 10, 1866.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION, HELD the 3d inst., for sixteen Directors of this Company, constituting the third class, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected to hold office for three years:

CYRUS CURTISS,
GEORGE GRISWOLD,
ARTHUR F. WILLMARTH,
THOMAS HOPE,
ELLWOOD WALTER,
FREDERICK W. MACY,
JAMES PUNNETT,
LEVI P. MORTON,
EFFINGHAM TOWNSEND,
WILLIAM F. MOTT, JR.,
LEOPOLD BIERWIRTH,
GEORGE A. ROBBINS,
ROBERT R. WILLETS,
JAMES B. JOHNSTON,
JAMES THOMSON,
GEORGE NEWBOLD.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, CYRUS CURTISS, Esq., was unanimously reelected President, and CLEAYTON NEWBOLD, Esq., Vice-President.
W. A. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned has been appointed by the Supreme Court receiver of the estate funds and effects of the Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company, pursuant to the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the State of New-York, entitled "Of proceedings against corporations in equity." All persons indebted to said Company are required to render an account of all debts and sums of money owing by them respectively, and to pay the same to the said receiver, at the office of the receiver, No. 31 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, by the 31st day of May, 1866. All persons having in their possession any property or effects of the said Company, are required to deliver the same to the said receiver, by the same day above mentioned. All the creditors of such Company are required to deliver their respective accounts and demands to the said receiver by the said 31st day of May, 1866. And all persons holding any open or subsisting contract of the said Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company, are required to present the same in writing, and in detail, to such receiver, at his office, No. 31 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the said 31st day of May, 1866.
Dated NEW-YORK, April 9, 1866.
CYRUS CURTISS,
Receiver of the Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Co.

LOST OR BURNED—ON THE NIGHT OF THE 28th of March, at the fire No. 816 Broadway, occupied by Dr. Von Eisenberg, Certificate No. 587, for five thousand (5,000) shares; Certificate No. 583, for one thousand (1,000) shares of the Keystone Silver Mining Company of New-York, issued to and standing in the name of David Bush; also four (4) Certificates for one hundred (100) shares each, and one certificate for fifty (50) shares, all of which are in the same Company, issued to and standing in the name of L. G. Bingham, and six (6) Certificates, Nos. 25, 26, 27, 28, 32 and 34, for one hundred (100) shares each, of the Vedder Silver Mining Company of New-York, issued to and standing in the name of W. F. Toombs—the aggregate amount being about one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.) The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating for the same, as transfer has been stopped, and the companies applied to for a new issue. $100 reward will be given to any one who will bring the same to Dr. VON EISENBERG, No. 816 Broadway.
J. E. VON EISENBERG, M. D.

APRIL 2, 1866.
NOTICE.—TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE COON CREEK OIL, LUMBER AND MINING COMPANY. You are hereby notified and requested to attend the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, No. 23 South-st., New-York, on TUESDAY, the 24th day of April, 1866, between the hours of 4 and 5 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting for the reduction of the capital stock of this Company, $500,000 to $20,000.
TRUSTEES.
W. S. CARMAN,
J. C. MILLER,
WM. MACKELLAR,
O. H. P. ARCHER,
P. BURDICK,
J. DAVIS,
J. WEIDENFELD.
A. RAMSEY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN OIL AND MINING COMPANY, No. 22 William-st., New-York.—To the Stockholders of the American Oil Mining Company: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the above-named Company is hereby called, to be held at the office of said Company, at No. 22 William-st., in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of April, 1866, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day, at which meeting it will be proposed to diminish the capital stock of said Company from $1,500,000 to $150,000. JOHN BLOODGOOD, JAMES H. STEBBINS, AUGUSTUS SCHELL, BENJAMIN NATHAN, a majority of the Trustees.
S. M. COCKEIN, Secretary.
Dated NEW-YORK, March 10, 1866.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 4, 1866.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR MANAGERS of this Company will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, the 8th day of May next. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock (noon) until 2 o'clock P. M.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 1st to the 10th day of May next, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board. ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

A VERY DESIRABLE INVESTMENT.—FOR SALE—Any part of fifty thousand dollars coupon bonds of the Virginia Central Railroad Company, issued under an act of Assembly of Virginia, passed December, 1865, authorizing a loan of $800,000, secured by a lien on the net revenues and property of the Company, and due in 1876; interest eight per cent., payable 1st July and 1st January, at the American Exchange National Bank, in New-York. DIBBLE & CAMBLOS, Nos. 22 and 24 New-st.

NOTICE.—AN ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders and Directors of the National Mining Company, of Colorado, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 63 Wall-st., on MONDAY, May 7, at 1 o'clock P. M. CHAS. W. KEEP, Secretary.

CITY OF SAVANNAH BONDS.—COUPONS on Bonds of the City of Savannah, which become due after the 1st of January, 1866, will be paid on presentation at the office of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., bankers.

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COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

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NEW-YORK, April 16, 1866.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
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Coupon, '81	105½	105¾	July, 7-30	100⅝	100⅞
5-20 Regist'd, '62	100½	100½	June, C.I.Nt's, '64	110½	110¾
5-20 Coupon, '62	104¼	104⅜	July, C.I.Nt's, '64	110½	110¾
5-20 Coupon, '64	104¼	104⅜	Aug., C.I.Nt's, '64	109⅝	109¾
5-20 Coupon, '65	104¼	104⅜	Oct., C.I.Nt's, '64	108⅝	108¾
10-40 Registered	92¼	92⅝	Dec., C.I.Nt's, '64	107⅝	107¾
10-40 Coupon	92¼	92⅝	May, C.I.Nt's, '65	105¼	105½
Curr'cy Certifcs	99½	99¾	Aug., C.I.Nt's, '65	103⅝	103½
Gold	125⅞	126	Sept., C.I.Nt's, '65	103¼	103½
August, 7-30	100⅝	100⅞	Oct., C.I.Nt's, '65	102⅝	102¾

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Wells, Fargo & Co's stock.
National Express stock.
National Bankers' Express stock.
Western Union Telegraph stock.
United States Telegraph stock.
American Telegraph stock.
Russian American Telegraph stock.
Insulated Telegraph stock.
Bank, Insurance, City Railroad stocks, &c.
Petroleum and Mining stocks.
National, State, Town and County bonds.

GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD.
COUPONS COLLECTED.
REFERENCE,
American Exchange National Bank, New-York.

THE GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y,

Office, corner Greenwich and Fulton sts., Ocean Bank Building.

Cash Capital	$200,000
Assets, April 2, 1866, over,	240,000
Losses unpaid	1,860

This Company continues to insure against loss and damage by fire at equitable rates.
LEONARD KIRBY, President.
ALFRED A. REEVES, Secretary.
EDGAR E. HOLLEY, Surveyor.

MANGAM & TALBERT,
BANKERS,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.
BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DAILY BALANCES, SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

OFFICE OF

GEO. K. SISTARE,

NO. 30 WALL-ST.,
(ADJOINING HOWES & MACY.)
U. S. 7-30s OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
U. S. 10-40 AND 5-20 BONDS.
NEW-YORK STATE 7 PER CENT. BOUNTY LOAN.
U. S. 6s OF 1881.
CITY CORPORATION SIXES, SOLDIERS' BOUNTY LOAN, and RIOT INDEMNITY BONDS.
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
STOCKS OF EVERY KIND CURRENT AT THE NEW-YORK STOCK EXCHANGE BOUGHT AND SOLD AT THE BOARD OF BROKERS.

U. S. SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.,

BANKERS.
NO. 16 SOUTH 3D-ST., PHILADELPHIA. | NO. 3 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BROKERS IN STOCKS AND GOLD

INSURANCE SCRIP FOR SALE.
$8,000 Sun Mutual.
$6,000 New-York Mutual.
$5,000 Orient Mutual.
$2,000 Commercial Mutual.
By WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

ATLANTIC INSURANCE SCRIP, 1864, 1865, 1866,
Wanted by
WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NEW-YORK GOLD MINING COMPANY, OF COLORADO:

At an adjourned meeting of the Stockholders of the Company, held at the Company's office on Monday, the 9th instant, the following resolution was passed and ordered to be published:

Resolved, That it is expedient to raise the sum of $30,000 for the purpose of paying off the present indebtedness of the Company and meeting the incidental expenses of the Company; and to that end it is recommended that the Stockholders of the Company assess themselves 30 cents per share; and that subscription-books for the payment of such assessment be opened at the office of the Company, and remain open three weeks. No subscription to be binding unless the whole amount is subscribed.
JOHN H. ROLSTON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MILES MANUFACTURING CO.,
NEW-YORK, April 17, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Miles Manufacturing Company, for the election of Trustees, will be held at the office of said Company, No. 59 Lewis-st., New-York City, on MONDAY, the 30th day of April, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M.
By order of the Trustees.
HENRY C. BOWEN, Treasurer.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the NORRIS PARK MINING COMPANY, of Colorado, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 208 South 4th-st., Philadelphia, on MONDAY, May 7, 1866, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a President, Vice-President and nine Directors to serve the ensuing year.
P. A. B. WIDENER, Secretary.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, INTEREST DEPARTMENT, NEW-YORK, April 10, 1866.

SCHEDULES OF (30) THIRTY OR MORE (5-20) Five-Twenty Coupons, payable May 1, proximo, will now be received for examination at the Interest Department of the U. S. Treasury. H. H. VAN DYCK, Assistant Treasurer U. S.

NOTICE.—COON CREEK OIL, LUMBER AND MINING COMPANY.—The annual election for eleven Trustees of this Company will be held at their office, No. 23 South-st., New-York, on TUESDAY, the 24th day of April, 1866, between the hours of 4 and 5 o'clock P. M. ALEXANDER RAMSEY, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO R. R. Co.,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 5, 1866.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF EIGHT PER CENT. (less United States Government tax,) upon the capital stock of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company, has been declared payable on the 25th day of April inst., at the office of Messrs. WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway, New-York, and until the 15th day of May next, and after the latter date, at the Company's office in Cleveland.

The transfer books will be closed on the 14th day of April inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened on the 26th day of April. WM. F. STAUNTON, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, April 9, 1866.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF the Shoe and Leather Petroleum Company, has this day declared, out of the net earnings of the month of March, a dividend of one per cent. on the capital stock of the company, payable on and after the 20th inst., at their office, No. 53 Dey-st., New-York. Transfer books closed from 15th to 20th inst., inclusive.
G. WATKINSON, Secretary.

NORTH RIVER INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 3, 1866.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. free from Government tax, upon the Capital Stock of this Company, for the six months ending 31st March last, has this day been declared, payable on and after 10th April inst. The transfer book will be closed from the 3d until the 10th inst. By order.
JOHN HEGEMAN, Secretary.

AGENCY ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 62 Wall-st., April 11, 1866.

DIVIDEND—A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF Three per Cent has been declared by the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, payable on demand. New-York stockholders will be paid at this office. JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
No. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 4, 1866.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) per cent, free of Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

ASTROLOGY.

ASTONISHING.—MRS. NEUHEDEL, FROM Poland, tells past, present and future; No. 43 Stanton-st.; first floor, Room No. 6. Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen, $1.

165 BOWERY.—MADAME WIDGER, CLAIRvoyant, tells all you wish to know, lucky numbers, prescribes medicines for all diseases, &c.

SAVINGS BANKS.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

CHATHAM-SQUARE,
(Opposite MOTT-ST.)
SIX (6) PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED, FREE OF TAX, ON SUMS FROM $5 TO $5,000.
Deposits made before April 21 will receive interest as from April 1.

SIX PER CENT.—FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.
THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.
PRESENT DEPOSITS, $2,750,000.
SIX PER CENT. interest paid on all sums from $1 to $1,000, free from Government tax.
All moneys deposited on or before April 20 will draw interest from the 1st.
BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 58 Bowery, corner of Canal-st.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID,
Free from Government tax,
ON ALL SUMS FROM FIVE TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
Money deposited now or on or before April 21, will draw interest from April 1.
Bank open every day for the reception and payment of money, from 10 to 3 o'clock, and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, from 5 to 7 o'clock.
GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK.
NO. 10 COOPER INSTITUTE,
until the completion of their
NEW BANKING HOUSE, NOS. 1 AND 3 3D-AV.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid, free from tax.
Deposits received from $1 to $5,000.
Deposits made on or before April 20 draw interest from the 1st.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 5 to 7 o'clock.
ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
W. J. BARNES, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
CANAL-ST., COR. OF VARICK.
DEPOSITS from 10 CENTS to $5,000 received.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of tax.
Deposits before April 21 draw interest from April 1.
ASSETS, $1,802,326 38.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 96 Warren-st.
Open daily from 10 A. M., to 3 P. M.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of Government tax
Money deposited on or before April 21 will draw interest from April 1.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK, NO. 82 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST FREE OF TAX.
Money deposited on or before April 21, will draw interest from April 1. WM. VAN NAME, President.
HENRY R. CONKLIN, Secretary.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK—NO. 594 8TH-av., corner of 42d-st. Open daily. Interest 6 per cent., free of tax.
Deposits made now draw interest from April 1.
SAMUEL NEWBY, President.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-av., corner of 14th-st.; six per cent. interest, free of tax; deposits made on or before April 20, draw interest at once. THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
REMOVED FOR CONVENIENCE OF SALE.

MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 18, at 10¼ o'clock, at their salesroom, 37 Nassau-st., an elegant assortment of household furniture, comprising rosewood and black walnut parlor suites, in brocatel and reps; black walnut and mahogany bookcases, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood seven-octave piano, made by Hallett & Comstock, of Boston; extension tables, dining chairs, lounges, tetes, mattresses, feather beds, buffets, centre tables, kitchen furniture, crockery, glassware, &c., &c.
ALSO,
A Lillie SAFE, distrained for U. S. Internal Revenue tax.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
NEW-YORK AND PIERMONT PROPERTY AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 17, 1866:

PIERMONT—Four two-story frame houses on the west side of Hudson-st., in the village of Piermont, Roekland County, a short distance from the railroad depot. The houses are each 20 by 30 feet, stand on high ground, and have a fine water view; lots 20 by 90 feet.

Also, 1 lot on the New-York and Erie Road, in the village of Piermont, and near the railroad depot; lot 24 by 102 feet.

NEW-YORK.

1ST-AV.—The lease of lot, with the four-story brick store and dwelling, situate on the east side 1st-av., 103 feet north 15th-st.; lot 25 feet 9 inches by 94 feet. Lease has five years to run at $150 annual ground rent; covenants for renewals.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer, late Salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, AXMINSTER AND WILTON CARPETS, &c.

THEALL & CURTIS will sell by auction on TUESDAY, April 17, 1866, at 11 o'clock, at the private residence, No. 25 Union-square, (West,) between 15th and 16th sts., all the furniture contained in said house, consisting, in part, of elegantly carved rosewood parlor suites, in blue and crimson satin; carved rosewood extension dining tables, buffet, library tables, bookcases, centre tables, etageres, French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, armoire-a-glace, lounges and chairs; walnut and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, wardrobes, lounges, chairs, &c.; easy chairs in damask and hair cloth, secretary bookcases, sets of very elegant blue, white and crimson satin curtains and tassels, rich lace curtains, fine French plate mirrors, rich carved wood frames; fine feather beds, bolsters and pillows, straw and curled hair mattresses, elegant Axminster, Wilton, velvet and Brussels carpets, oilcloths, rugs, a fine upright piano-forte, &c.; together with the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues at the office of the auctioneers, No. 28 Liberty-st.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer, late Salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTES, CARPETS, &c.

THEALL & CURTIS will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, April 18, 1866, at 11 o'clock, at the large double house formerly occupied by Judge Ward at TOMPKINSVILLE, STATEN ISLAND.

All the furniture, &c., contained in said house, consisting in part of elegant rosewood and walnut parlor suites, mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, sofas, tables, chairs; rosewood piano-forte, seven-octave, Webber, maker; hair and straw mattresses, feather beds and pillows; Axminster, velvet and Brussels carpets and oilcloth; china and glassware, &c., &c., together with the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Also, a very fine milch cow. Catalogues at the house on morning of sale, and at the auctioneers' office, No. 28 Liberty-st.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer, late Salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.

THEALL & CURTIS will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, April 19, 1866, at 11 o'clock, at No. 9 Great Jones-st., between Broadway and Lafayette place, all the furniture, &c., contained in said house, viz.: Carved rosewood parlor suite in crimson satin, carved rosewood, walnut and mahogany French bedsteads, dressing bureau, washstands, armoire-a-glace, centre tables, marble-top etageres, hall-stands, lounges, chairs and easy-chairs, lace curtains, chandeliers, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, &c., together with the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues at the auctioneers' office, No. 28 Liberty-st.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
REMOVED FOR CONVENIENCE OF SALE.

MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 18, at 10¼ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., an elegant assortment of household furniture, comprising rosewood and black walnut parlor suites in brocatel and reps; black walnut and mahogany bookcases, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, an elegant very high cost shawl; also American flag, 12x17; extension tables, dining chairs, lounges, tetes, mattresses, feather beds, buffets, centre tables, kitchen furniture, crockery, glassware, &c., &c.
ALSO, SATURDAY, APRIL 21,
A Lillie safe distrained for United States Internal Revenue tax.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 125 West 45th-st., an assortment of genteel household furniture, consisting of Brussels, Venetian and ingrain carpets, parlor suites of black walnut furniture in maroon and green reps; oak extension dining table, dinner and breakfast china, glassware, &c.; black walnut bookcase, hatstand, &c., bronze mantel clock, centre tables, lace curtains, cottage suites of bedroom furniture, &c., &c. Also, an assortment of kitchen furniture.

T. COLE, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

Elegant private residences and 48 vacant lots on Washington, Willoughby and De Kalb avs., and Hamilton and Houston sts., to be sold at auction on TUESDAY, April 17, at 12 o'clock, at the Commercial Exchange, No. 369 Fulton-st., opposite the City Hall, Brooklyn. For maps, terms and full particulars, apply to the auctioneer, No. 369 Fulton-st.

Also, 25 vacant lots on Pacific, Wyckoff and Bergen sts., Ninth ward, Brooklyn.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN THE TOWN OF YONKERS AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 17, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the elegant mansion house and grounds situate on the north side of Lake-av., a short distance easterly from North Broadway. The house is frame, filled in with brick, about 56 by 32 feet, built by days' work and of the best materials, and in good order—heated by furnace. The land is well laid out, well stocked with small fruits, 40 pear trees in bearing, 75 young standard apple, pear and cherry trees, 70 grapevines; a never-failing stream runs through the place, with a fall of 7 feet.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF VALUABLE lease, northwest corner of Broadway and Cortlandt-st.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 20, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway (Trinity Building,) by order of Cyrus Curtiss, Receiver of the Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company:

BROADWAY.—The lease of 20 years from May 1, 1866, of the lot of ground, with the four-story and basement brown-stone building thereon, No. 173 Broadway, northwest corner of Cortlandt-st.; annual rent ($20,000) twenty thousand dollars, payable quarterly. Full particulars at the office, No. 3 Pine-st.

WILLIAM WITTERS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON TUESDAY, AT 10½ o'clock, at No. 204 West 42d-st., all the parlor, chamber, library, dining-room and kitchen furniture; also, horses, carriages, double and single harness, robes, blankets, &c., will be sold at 1 o'clock, in front of the house; in parlors, two suites in rich brocatel, pier glasses, lace curtains, velvet, tapestry, three-ply and other carpets, oil cloths, marble top chamber suites, best hair mattresses, feather beds and bedding, oak buffet, do. extension table, chairs to match, china, dinner and tea sets, silver ware, with all other goods appertaining to a well furnished house. Catalogues on morning of sale.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., WILL SELL on THURSDAY, April 19, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, AT ESLER'S SHOP, RED HOOK, BROOKLYN,

The boiler and cylinder, shafting and parts of the engine saved from the steamer *Greyhound*, destroyed by fire in the James River.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER, at Messrs. SHURTLAND & SONS' STORES, No. 32 ATLANTIC DOCK, BROOKLYN,

Air-pumps, bell, valves, bolts, pipes, scrap iron and brass, saved from above steamer.

All the above can now be examined.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

AMERICAN ARTISTS' SALE.

Messrs. MINER & SOMERVILLE

Have been intrusted by the undersigned American artists with the sale of a collection of works by them, and belonging to them:

A. B. Durand, N. A.,
D. Huntington, P. N. A.,
H. P. Gray, V. P. N. A.,
J. F. Kensett, N. A.,
J. W. Casilear, N. A.,
J. Whittredge, N. A.,
R. W. Hubbard, N. A.,
J. F. Cropsey, N. A.,
A. D. Shattuck, N. A.,
A. F. Bellows, N. A.,
J. McEntee, N. A.,
W. T. Richards, H.,
W. S. Hazeltine, N. A.,
J. G. Brown,
Winslow Hosmer, N. A.,
Thomas Hicks, N. A.,
W. J. Hennessy, N. A.,
E. Benson, A.,
W. O. Stone, N. A.,
J. W. Ehninger, N. A.,
C. C. Coleman, A.,
C. P. Cranch, N. A.,
J. R. Brevoort, N. A.,
Kruseman Von Elten
J. B. Irving,
T. L. Smith,
Mrs. H. P. Gray.
R. H. Park.

This is the first sale this season where the pictures have been exclusively of our native school, and entirely owned by the artists themselves. They number nearly one hundred, and will be found characteristic and desirable specimens of American art. Among them will be a number of the choicest works of W. S. Hazeltine, N. A., disposed of on account of his going to reside in Europe for several years. The collection is now on exhibition day and evening until time of sale,

THURSDAY EVENING, 19TH OF APRIL, AT HALF-PAST SEVEN.
AT THE SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY, NO. 845 BROADWAY,
ALSO,
"Spring," a bust in marble, by the well-known American sculptor,
R. H. PARK.

Parties unable to attend the sale can leave orders for purchases with Mr. S. P. AVERY, No. 694 Broadway. Catalogues can be obtained of the auctioneers, and of Mr. S. P. AVERY, as above.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer, late Salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, CARPETS, SILVER PLATE, CHINA AND GLASSWARE.

THEALL & CURTIS will sell by auction on TUESDAY, April 17, 1866, at 11 o'clock, at the private residence No. 38 West 25th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., all the furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of elegantly carved rosewood parlor suites in crimson and flowered satin, French secretary, etageres, centre tables, marble-tops; rosewood, walnut and mahogany French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, tables, lounges, chairs and easy chairs, wardrobes, hall stands, &c., straw and hair mattresses, feather bolsters and pillows, fine rosewood piano-forte, Stodart, maker; bronze chandeliers, mantle ornaments, fine silver plated ware, best Sheffield plate, China and glassware, fine satin curtains and tassels, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, together with the kitchen furniture with which the sale will commence. Catalogues at the auctioneers' office, No. 28 Liberty-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE AND HANDSOME STABLES ON WEST 17TH-ST.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 18, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

WEST 17TH-ST.—Five private stables on north side of 17th-st., 346 feet 6 inches west of 6th-av., well located on a fine open court-yard, with carriage-way from 17th-st.; the stables are well built, well ventilated and drained, of different sizes, and contain stalls for two, three and four horses, all above ground; carriage room and harness room; they are all well lighted, and have the Croton and gas, and can be seen daily from 8 to 10 A. M. Maps, &c., at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer, late salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

ELEGANT CABINET FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

THEALL & CURTIS will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 19, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 543 Broadway, near Prince-st., the wareroom of

Mr. J. DESSOIR.

The entire stock of first-class and fashionable parlor, dining-room, library and bedroom furniture. Also a quantity of second-hand furniture, made by A. Roux.

The sale will be without reserve, and offers a rare opportunity for those in want of fine furniture to supply themselves at reduced rates.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF OVER 300 VALUABLE LOTS SITUATE ON THE 8TH-AV., FRONTING THE CENTRAL PARK ON BROADWAY (THE PROPOSED GRAND BOULEVARD DRIVE,) 9TH, 10TH AND 11TH AVS., 69TH, 70TH, 71ST, 72D AND 73D STS., AND VERY VALUABLE WATER GRANTS ON THE NORTH RIVER.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 19, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (by order of the undersigned, executors of the estate of Jacob Harsen, M. D., deceased:)

CENTRAL PARK.—54 lots on the block bounded by the 8th and 9th avs., 71st and 72d sts., 6 of which front on the Central Park; 72d-st. is 100 feet wide, leading to the Grand West-side entrance to the Central Park.

CENTRAL PARK.—36 lots situate on the west side of 8th-av. and south side of 69th-st., 6 of which lots front the Central Park.

72D-ST. AND 9TH-AV.—8 lots on 9th-av., 72d and 73d-sts.

BROADWAY (THE PROPOSED BOULEVARD DRIVE,) 9TH-AV., 69TH AND 70TH STS.—47 lots on the block bounded by Broadway, 9th-av., 69th and 70th sts.

58 LOTS—Comprising the entire block bounded by Broadway, 9th-av., 70th and 71st sts.

59 LOTS—Comprising the block bounded by Broadway, 9th-av., 71st and 72d sts.

73D-ST.—8 lots north side of 73d-st., commencing 100 feet east of 10th-av.

BROADWAY AND 10TH-AV.—5 lots on west side of Broadway, extending through to 10th-av., and south side of 64th-st.

BROADWAY AND 10TH-AV.—3 lots on east side of Broadway, extending through to 10th-av., and on the north side of 73d-st.

BROADWAY (THE PROPOSED GRAND BOULEVARD DRIVE,) 10TH AND 11TH AVS., 70TH AND 71ST STS.—64 lots, comprising the entire block bounded by Broadway, 10th and 11th avs., 70th and 71st sts.

BROADWAY, 11TH-AV. AND 71ST-ST.—57 lots, situated on west side of Broadway, east side 11th-av., and north side 71st-st.

11TH-AV., 70TH AND 71ST STS.—44 lots on 11th-av., 70th and 71st sts., extending from the west side of 11th-av. to the east line of the Hudson River Railroad.

11TH-AV. AND 71ST-ST.—46 lots on 11th-av. and 71st-st., extending from the west line of 11th-av. to the east line of the Hudson River Railroad, together with a large brick building thereon.

9TH-AV.—2 lots on east side of 9th-av., between 69th and 70th sts.

70th-st.—3 lots south side, 125 feet east of 9th-av.

WATER GRANTS ON NORTH RIVER—Lots on the west side of the Hudson River Railroad, and between 70th and 71st sts., extending to the east line of 13th-av.

— LOTS—West side of the Hudson River Railroad and between 71st and 72d sts., extending to the east line of 13th-av., as by deed from the Corporation of the City of New-York, dated Nov. 4, 1852, which embraces the fronts of two entire blocks. The title to all of the above described property, is one of the best in the City of New-York, having been in the family for over 100 years. All the lots east of the 11th-av. will be sold with full restrictions as against nuisances, thus making it one of the most desirable localities in the City for private residences.

TERMS—60 per cent. of the purchase money may, at the option of the purchasers, remain on bond and mortgage of the premises, for 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 years.

ELIJAH PURDY,
JACOB HALSTED,
JAMES N. PLATT,
JOHN H. RHOADES,
Executors of Jacob Harsen, M.D., deceased.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY ON WILLIAM, FULTON, GREENWICH, BLEECKER, CARMINE AND THIRD STS., AND ON CARROLL-PLACE, BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of D. P. Ingraham, Jr., Esq., Referee, the following described property, viz.:

WILLIAM-ST.—The lot of land, with the five-story and basement brick store thereon, situate on the easterly side of William-st., between Cedar and Pine sts., and known as No. 60. Lot 31 by 40 feet.

WILLIAM-ST.—The lot of land, with the four-story brick building thereon, situate on the easterly side of William-st., between Frankfort and Spruce sts., and known as No. 196. Lot 30 by 27 feet 4 inches.

FULTON-ST.—The lot of land, with the five-story brick store, with basement and sub-cellar, situate on the southerly side of Fulton-st., a short distance west of Broadway, and known as No. 174. Lot 23 feet 6 inches by 77 feet.

GREENWICH-ST.—The lot of land, with the three-story attic and basement brick house thereon, situate on the easterly side of Greenwich-st., between Harrison and Franklin sts., and known as No. 361. Lot 25 by 100 feet.

CARROLL-PLACE, (Bleecker-st.)—The lot of land, with the three-story and attic brick house thereon, situate on the northerly side of Carroll-place, between Laurens and Thompson sts., and known as No. 12 Carroll-place or No. 149 Bleecker-st. Lot 28 feet 6 inches by 100 feet.

BLEECKER-ST.—The lot of land, with the two-story and attic frame house thereon, situate on the easterly side of Bleecker-st., between Jones and Barrow sts., and known as No. 269. Lot 25 by 75 feet.

CARMINE-ST.—The lot of land, with the three-story and attic brick store and dwelling thereon, situate on the southerly side of Carmine-st., between Bleecker and Minetta sts., and known as No. 10. Lot 22 by 100 feet.

3D-ST.—The lot of land, with the two-story and attic brick house thereon, situate on the southeast corner of 3d-st. and 2d-av., known as No. 40. Lot 20 by 50 feet.

3D-ST.—The lot of land, with the two-story and attic brick house thereon, situate on the southerly side of 3d-st., 60 feet east of 2d-av., known as No. 46. Lot 20 by 50 feet.

60 per cent. of the purchase money may, at the option of the purchaser, remain on bond and mortgage of the premises for 3 or 5 years, at 7 ⅌ cent.

Book maps may be had at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.
A. R. LAWRENCE, Jr., Esq., Attorney,
No. 25 Nassau-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on THURSDAY, the 26th day of April, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, by ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., auctioneers, the lease of the improved and valuable leasehold premises known as Nos. 13, 15 and 17 Crosby-st., in the City of New-York, being on the easterly side of Crosby-st., between Howard and Grand, and comprising together a plot of 75 feet front on Crosby-st., by 100 feet deep, the northerly line of which is 80 feet from the southerly line of Grand-st. The lease is from Peter Lorillard, perpetual, and at merely nominal ground rent.

Also, in fee, the lot on the rear of and adjoining No. 13 Crosby-st., being 20 feet deep by 25 feet, and being the rear of the lot on Elm-st.

For maps and particulars of lease, &c., apply to MOSES ELY, No. 191 Broadway, or to the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st. ALLEN M. CULVER, Assignee, &c.

JAMES MILLER, Auctioneer.

BY DIRECTION OF THE EXECUTOR of Eliza Saxton, deceased, will be sold at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 19th day of April, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at noon, the valuable house and lot No. 426 Canal-st., on the northwest corner of Varick and Canal sts., being 41 feet and 4½ inches on Canal-st., by 24 feet 3 inches on Varick-st., and 33 feet 3 inches on the rear. Particulars and maps may be obtained at the auctioneer's office, No. 28 Pine-st. Sale positive to the highest bidder. Executor's deed will be given. NICHOLAS WALSH, Executor, &c.
CHARLES E. MILLER, Attorney, No. 82 Nassau-st., N. Y.

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of T. B. Coddington and A. M. Lawrence, trustees, all the outstanding debts due to the estate of Everett & Brown. Lists can be seen at the office No. 43 Wall-st., New-York City.

AUCTION SALES.

A. S. RICHARDS & Co., Auctioneers.

LARGE SALE OF
BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS,
GAITERS, BALMORALS, &c.,
AT AUCTION.
A. S. RICHARDS & CO.
will sell on
WEDNESDAY, April 18, at 10½ o'clock,
at their store, No. 44 COURTLANDT-ST.,
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
NEW GOODS.

We invite the attention of City and country dealers.

C. W. BOTELER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL STORES WHISKY, WINES, &C.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 21, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, in this city, at the Judiciary-square Warehouse, back of the City Hall, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following articles of hospital stores and liquors, no longer required for the use of the Medical Department of the army:

Arrow root, lbs.	20,000	Pea beans, lbs.	2,300
Barley, lbs.	10,000	Dessicated potatoes, lbs.	100
Corn starch, lbs.	10,000	Mixed dessicated potatoes, lbs.	162
Cocoa & Chocolate, lbs.	10,000	Whisky, quart bottles	20,000
Cinnamon, powd'd, lbs.	1,000	Whisky, in bbls., galls.	3,900
Farina, lbs.	20,000	Sherry wine, quart bottles	40,000
Tapioca, lbs.	10,000	Sherry Wine, in bbls.	50
Extract of beef, lbs.	20,000	Tarragona wine, bottles	10,000
Concentrated milk, lbs.	20,000		
Ginger, lbs.	1,385		
Extract of coffee, galls.	3,762		
Beans, lbs.	600		

The above articles will be sold in lots to suit both large and small purchasers.
Terms—Cash.
Five (5) days will be allowed to parties in removing their property.
Catalogues ready by the 5th prox.
CHAS. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon and Purveyor, U. S. A.

DISTILLERY AT AUCTION.

SALE THIS DAY, APRIL 17, 1866, AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.

Notice is hereby given, that under and in pursuance of the Excise Law of the United States, entitled "An Act to Provide Internal Revenue to support the Government and to pay Interest on the Public Debt," &c., I shall expose for sale at public auction, and sell to the highest bidder, at No. 247 and No. 249 West 39th-st., in the City of New-York, on the 17th day of April, 1866, (postponed from April 12,) at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following goods, chattels and real estate, belonging to B. A. Lorentz, distrained for the collection of a tax due to the United States under said law, namely: 1 mash tub, 6 fermenting cisterns, 400 bags grain, (more or less,) 1 table, 4 chairs, 1 desk, 2 boilers and furnaces, 35 bbls. whisky, 1 still, worm and appurtenances, 1 alcohol still and appurtenances, 1 horse, 1 wagon, 1 cart and harness, and all other articles of the said Lorentz, found upon his said premises on the 4th day of March last.

And also all the right, title and interest of the said B. A. Lorentz, of, in and to the premises Nos. 247, 249 and 251 West 39th-st., including the buildings, front and rear, and the lots on which the same are situated.
HENRY H. SNELLING,
Deputy Collector, 8th Collection District, New-York.
NEW-YORK, April 5, 1866.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, HOSPITAL STORES, INDIA RUBBER GOODS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c.—Will be sold at auction, at the Medical Purveyor's Warehouse, PUBLIC SQUARE, NASHVILLE, TENN., on WEDNESDAY MORNING, April 25, at 9 o'clock, a large stock of the foregoing articles, in original packages, consisting in part of 6,000 lbs. sulph. ether; 1,200 lbs. nitrous ether; 2,000 lbs. chloroform; 1,000 lbs. canth. plaster; 1,000 lbs. carb. ammonia; 2,000 lbs. cal. liquorice; 1,000 gallons alcohol; 800 gallons olive oil; 20,000 oz. sulph. cinchonia; 5,000 oz. tannin; 8,000 lbs. extracts; 6,000 lbs. cerates; 14,000 yds. adhesive plaster; 10,000 yds. isinglass plaster; 1,600 lbs. patent lint; 300 lbs. fine sponge; 3,000 lbs. farina; 24,000 lbs. essence beef; 500 lbs. gelatin; 1,000 W. W. Mortars; 500 pres. scales; 3,000 spatulas; 850 I. R. Cushions; 1,600 G. P. Blankets. Together with a general supply of chemicals, medicines, hospital stores, druggists' furnishing articles, &c., provided for Government Hospitals. Goods can be examined two days prior to sale. Catalogues ready.
ROBERT FLETCHER,
Surgeon and Brevet Colonel U. S. Vols.,
Medical Purveyor U. S. A.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT AT NEWBURGH

To be sold by auction, at the Orange Hotel, Newburgh, on THURSDAY, April 19, at 1 o'clock P. M. The desirable residence is situated on the banks of the Hudson, two miles above the landing. The house contains 13 rooms, with all the modern improvements; hot and cold water, furnace, &c. The outbuildings are very large and commodious, consisting of carriage-house, stables for five horses, coachman's house, cow stables, ice-house, &c. Attached to the cottage are 4¾ acres of highly cultivated land; fine garden, fruits, &c.; water on the place of superior quality. Also, at the same time and place, 18½ acres of land adjoining, forming some of the most beautiful building sites on the Hudson River; views unsurpassed. For further particulars, inquire of HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, No. 93 Liberty-st., a few doors west of Broadway, or of JAMES W. TAYLOR, 3d-st., Newburgh. The cars leave for Newburgh daily at 7½ and 10 A. M., and return at all hours.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE WATER GRANTS ON THE NORTH RIVER.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 19, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executors of Jacob Harsen, M. D., deceased:

THE VALUABLE WATER GRANTS ON THE NORTH RIVER, embracing the front of the two entire blocks between 70th and 71st and 71st and 72d sts., extending to the east line of the 13th-av., as by deed from the Corporation of the City of New-York dated Nov. 4, 1852. Maps at the office of the auctioneers, 5½ Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 619 7TH AV. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 17, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

7TH-AV.—The three-story brown-stone front house and lot situate on the east side of 7th-av., between 46th and 47th-sts., known as No. 619. The house has all modern improvements, marble hall, and is in good order. Possession 1st of May. Lot 20x80 feet.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer.

DISBROW'S HORSE AND CARRIAGE BAZAAR,
NO. 100 LIBERTY-ST.

W. H. DISBROW will sell at auction THIS DAY, at 1 P. M., several superior horses, among which are a thoroughbred mare, a beautiful saddle animal; also, a fast pacing horse; also, a thoroughbred stallion; also, a lady's saddle horse; also, several vehicles, harness, &c.

GEORGE COOK, AUCTIONEER.

Personal attention given to the sale of household furniture at the residences of owners, or at the spacious salesroom No. 91 Liberty-st. Appraisements made.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on
TUESDAY, April 17,

At 10½ o'clock, at the residence of No. 53 West 42d-st.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, ebony and gilt furniture, (made by A. Bembe,) carved suites, lace curtains, bronze and marble ornaments, ormolu chandeliers and gas-fixtures, fancy chairs, elegant centre-tables, engravings and oil paintings, elegant library-table.

DINING-ROOM FURNITURE—Oak extension dining-table, chairs covered in morocco, marble-top buffet.

BEDROOMS—In black walnut, elegant suite inlaid with ebony, dressing-bureau, chairs, bedsteads, hair mattresses, bolsters, &c., pillows and other fine furniture, which has been used but a short time.

DOCKS AND SLIPS, MARKET CELLARS and other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of New-York to be leased at public auction.

Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller will, on TUESDAY, the 24th day of April, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the City Hall, lease on bids at public auction, docks and slips, market cellars and other Corporation property, for a term of years from the 1st day of May, 1866.

Catalogues, containing the description, location and terms of sale, may be had on application to the Collector of the City Revenue, at this office.

By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, N. Y., March 15, 1866.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on
TUESDAY, April 17,

At 10½ o'clock, at No. 73 East 35th-st., near 4th-av.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood suite, black walnut suite in worsted damask, black walnut library-table, lace window-curtains, black walnut reps, lounge, extension dining-table, side-board, arm-chairs in green reps, black walnut and gilt cornices, black walnut ottomans in crimson velvet, rosewood receptions, chairs, dressing-bureaus with marble tops, bedsteads, hair mattresses, pal iasses, bolsters and pillows, china, crockery, glass and kitchen ware.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, CORNER OF WASHINGTON AND CHARLTON STREETS, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y., the six valuable lots of land, with the six three-story brick houses thereon, situate on the northwest corner of Washington and Charlton sts, and known as Nos. 121, 123, 125, 127, 129 and 131 Charlton-st. The lots together are 50 feet front on Washington-st., and 120 feet on Charlton-st.

J. COLE, Auctioneer.

POSITIVE SALE OF 168 LOTS AT BAY SIDE, 8TH WARD, BROOKLYN.—JAMES COLE & SON will sell, on WEDNESDAY, April 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Commercial Exchange, No. 369 Fulton-st., opposite the City Hall, Brooklyn, 168 lots on 1st, 2d and 3d avs., and 42d, 43d and 44th sts. This property is beautifully located on good grades; fine view of the bay and harbor of New-York; forty minutes from New-York City; a new ferry to run from this neighborhood, &c. For maps, terms, &c., apply to H. C. MURPHY, Jr., Esq., No. 14 Court-st., or to the auctioneer, No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF GENTEEL FURNITURE, carpets mirrors, piano, six Plimpton bedsteads, curtains and cornices, &c., &c., THIS DAY, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at the corner of Irving-place, and 16th-st., the entire costly furniture of two large houses, embracing Wilton, Brussels, three-ply and other carpets; seven large French plate and pier mirrors, dressing-bureaus, centre, card, dining and extension tables; any quantity of beds and mattresses and bedroom furniture; also dining-room and parlor furniture in great variety. Catalogues ready.

By T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, (TUESDAY,) APRIL 17, AT 11 o'clock, within the store:
ALMONDS—105 bags Almonds.
CHERRIES—21 bbls. dried sweet Cherries.
RAISINS—500 packages Malaga Raisins.
MACCARONI—20 cases prime Italian Maccaroni.
At 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 11, East River:
1,069 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges.
2,477 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Cargo brig *Continental*, from Palermo.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

FIRST-CLASS DWELLING ON WEST 46TH-STREET.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 17, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

WEST 46TH-ST.—The first-class, four-story, high-stoop, brown-stone house and lot, No. 56 West 46th-st., south side, between 5th and 6th avs. House 16.2x55 feet; in perfect order, with gas and water. Lot 16.8x100 feet 5 inches. Party walls.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 12 Lafayette-av., between Raymond and Navy sts., Brooklyn:

HANDSOME FURNITURE—Rosewood parlor suits, in brocatel; handsome pier mirror, window curtains, centre-tables, walnut library bookcase, mahogany and painted chamber suits, spring beds, hair-mattresses, hall stand, walnut extension table, chairs, china, &c., &c.; Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c.

SAME DAY,

At 10 o'clock A. M., in Hanson-place, between Raymond and St. Felix sts.:

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF THE HANDSOME FURNITURE—Mahogany, walnut and oak parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture; velvet, Brussels and three-ply carpets; gilt window shades, hair mattresses, bedding, new Schooley's patent refrigerator and kitchen furniture.

SAME DAY,

at 12 o'clock M., in Hanson-place, between Fort Greene and Elliott-place,

Handsome rosewood 7-octave piano, walnut parlor suite in brocatel; mahogany and walnut marble top chamber and dining-room furniture, Brussels carpets, china, glassware, &c., &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT
NO. 29 WHITE-ST., IN THE 5TH WARD, AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

WHITE-ST.—The lot of land, with the buildings thereon, situate on the north side of White-st., fifty feet west of Church-st., and known as No. 29. Lot 25x83 feet.

FOR SALE—30 VALUABLE BUILDING lots, situated between 75th and 81st-sts., and 4th and 5th avs., desirable for immediate use or permanent investment; will be sold cheap if applied for soon, as the money is wanted for business purposes. The owner may be seen at the store of Messrs. H. G. ELY & SANGER, No. 31 Ferry-st., from 10 to 11 A. M.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WIDOW LADY, who has got no family but one daughter, would like to take charge of some gentleman's house who is going to the country for the Summer months; the very best of reference can be given as to honesty and trustworthiness. Call for one week at No. 95 West 27th-st., front house, Room No. 16.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG girl, as first-class laundress in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; can do up ladies' muslins and do French fluting; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 141 West 29th-st. City preferred.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as lady's maid and dressmaker; cuts and fits; understands hair-dressing in all its arts; runs the sewing-machine with all the ability required; the highest City reference given. Can be seen at No. 113 West 39th-st., third-story, near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook; no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 118 West 35th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO PROTESTANT girls; one as first-class cook; the other as first-class laundress; both understand their business thoroughly. Apply, for two days, at No. 99 East 11th-st.; good City reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT English woman as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; no objection to go in the country; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 132 Elizabeth-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or will do plain sewing; no objection to go in the country for the Summer; good reference from her last place. Call for two days, at No. 183 East 27th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO PROTESTANT girls in City or country; one to cook, wash and iron; the other as chambermaid and waitress, and assist in the washing. Call at No. 29 7th-av., U. P. Church.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as regular waitress; understands her business thoroughly; has excellent City reference. Call for two days, at No. 61 West 29th-st.; no objection to the country.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid and plain sewer, or to take care of grown children and sew; has good City reference; also, can operate. Address No. 493 4th-av., one door above 29th-st., in the fancy-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as lady's maid or seamstress, or as nurse and plain sewer; can take the entire charge of one or two children. Can be seen at No. 61 West 24th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as lady's maid and seamstress; understands hair-dressing, or would go as seamstress and take care of one or two children. Can be seen at No. 140 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE TO travel; does not get sea-sick; has been to Europe before; or will assist in chamber-work. Can be seen for two days at No. 40 East 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and plain sewer; sews on machine; good City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 209 West 17th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE and well recommended young woman in City or country as down stairs servant; is a good cook and baker; would help in washing and ironing. Call at No. 404 6th-av.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG WOMEN, SITUATIONS, one as cook and the other as chambermaid or waitress; the best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 377 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as chambermaid and nurse, or will assist with washing and ironing. Call for two days at No. 116 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as chambermaid, or to take care of children, or wait on a lady; best City reference. Address at No. 36 East 19th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEMAID or waitress by a girl who understands her business, and has good City references. Apply at her present employer's, No. 30 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; City reference given. Call at No. 490 6th-av., second floor, Room No. 5.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as seamstress; understands dressmaking; can assist at dressmaking; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 493 2d-av., near 26th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A NUMBER OF German girls of all capacities, at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., near the Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A MAID, OR AS nurse and seamstress; City reference from her present place. Address K. M., Station G, for two days.

WANTED—BY A COOK, A SITUATION. APply at No. 87 Spring-st., third floor, front room. Good reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WELSH GIRL as first-class waitress or chambermaid. Can be seen at No. 378 7th-av., near 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WET NURSE BY a respectable woman, with a fresh breast of milk. Call at No. 134 West 34th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK OR laundress by a respectable woman; best of City reference. Call at No. 327 East 16th-st., near 1st-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman to do general housework. Can be seen for two days at No. 73 West 26th-st., near 6th-av.

A LADY WISHES TO SECURE FOR A most faithful person (who has lived with her four years) a situation as nurse or to wait upon ladies going to England, her expenses paid, or she would pay her passage. Apply from 12 to 4 o'clock for two days, at No. 11 West 19th-st.

A LADY OF ABILITY, EDUCATION and refinement, having excellent references, desires a position as housekeeper, governess, or companion, or as teacher in a public or private school in the city or country. Address Miss ELIZA GALPIN, Station D, Bible House, New-York.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN INDUSTRIous and intelligent young man [illegible] as a gardener, as also the care and treatment of horses, carriages, &c., or coachman; unquestionable references as to capability, honesty and sobriety. For an engagement, address M. P., Box No. 207 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable single man, of long experience; is a good, careful driver; has good City reference. Apply at Mr. P. Trainor's saddle and harness store, No. 741 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN a private family; can give the best of City reference from [illegible] establishing [illegible] understands the care and use of all kinds of horses; is competent to take charge of a stable. Can be seen at McMadden's harness shop, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SINGLE, steady, sober young man as coachman and groom; understands perfectly the care of horses; is a good driver; can milk and make himself generally useful about a gentleman's place; best of reference. Call for two days, or address M. C. W., Box No. 208 *Times* Office, until Tuesday evening.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom, who thoroughly understands the proper care and management of horses and harness; is a good and careful driver; has good City reference from his last employer's. Address J. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman or groom; would do [illegible] understands his business; is willing to make himself useful; understands plain gardening; can be highly recommended. Address [illegible] No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, as coachman and groom, who understands his business; is a good and careful driver; has the best City reference from his late employer. Address J. F., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND coachman by a man who understands his business in all its branches [illegible] places; is middle-aged; [illegible] Address a note to JOHN HIGGINS, Clifton, Staten Island, Stapleton Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, a Protestant, as gardener and coachman; understands plain vegetables; can milk; [illegible] is willing and obliging; no objection to the country. Address [illegible] Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SMALL FAMILY, PROTESTANT, would like to take care of a gentleman's residence during their absence from the city; no objection to do washing and [illegible] the house. Call or address SEXTON, No. 108 East 4th-st., near 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as vegetable gardener; understands his business thoroughly; is willing to make himself useful about a place; has three years' good reference from his last employer. Address W., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY an experienced young man; would attend to a horse and make himself useful; good reference from his last employer. Address GARDENER, Box No. 198 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman; understands the care of horses and carriages; good reference; no objection to the country. [illegible] 12th sts., or address J. S., Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY RESPECTABLE [illegible] thoroughly understands his business; is a good careful driver; [illegible] Call at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND HIS wife, without incumbrances; the man as first-class waiter; the wife as first-class cook; together or separate; gentleman's family preferred; no objection to take charge of a small hotel for the Summer; the best of City references. Call or address for two days, H. W., No. 98 East 12th-st., in the basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A USEFUL man, to take the charge of a gentleman's place; is a very faithful and industrious young man; understands the care of horses and driving, and is a good plain gardener and farmer; has lived three years with a gentleman in Connecticut, to whom he refers. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN WHO HAS had a number of years' experience, a situation as clerk in a good hotel; a Summer house in the country preferred; has a large acquaintance; or, would take a part interest in a house, and give it his personal attention. The best of references furnished. Address, for two weeks, J. W. PORTER, Middlebury, Vt.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a Scotch young man; he understands the proper treatment of horses, harness, carriages, &c. First class reference given for last three years. Address G. G., at Mr. Joseph Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as gardener, who thoroughly understands his business; also the care of cows; will be found willing and obliging; has four years' reference from his last employer. Address L. R., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS man in City or country as coachman and groom and to make himself generally useful; is a first-rate hand over horses, a good groom and careful driver; has best of reference. Call at No. 404 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS VEGETABLE gardener by a single man; is willing and obliging; knows how to take care of horses and cows; references of the same. Call or address WM. H., No. 66 Nassau-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHAMAN by a respectable man, who thoroughly understands his business; first-class City reference given for honesty, sobriety and capability. Apply to or address J. C. S., No. 80 West 24th-st., Seldon's stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN who understands the care of horses and driving, and the care of green-house and garden; understands country work in general; three years reference from last employer. Call for two days at 160 Waverley-place, rear.

WANTED—BY J. SMITH, SEEDSMAN, NO. 65 Liberty-st., New-York, to procure a situation on a gentleman's place for a Scotch gardener, that I can recommend as a first-rate practical gardener. Apply as above.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHman in the country; understands the management of horses, carriages, vegetable garden, lawn, &c.; references first-class. Call or address L. TYRRELL, No. 63 New Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; is willing to go to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 73 West 20th-st., from 9 to 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced coachman, who also understands plain gardening; first-class reference from last employer. Call or address COACHMAN, No. 81 Nassau-st., Room No. 9.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN a private family, by a single man, with six years' reference; can drive in City or country. Address J. K., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a single man who understands the care and treatment of horses; is willing to make himself generally useful. Address B. C., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND gardener by a single Englishman; understands his business; is civil and obliging; best of City reference. Address B. C., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom; can produce the best of reference. Apply at the United States Express stables, No. 46 Trinity-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has the best of reference. Address D. S., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man; City or country; three years' reference from present employer. Call for two days, OLIVER BRY, No. 29 South-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LIGHT PORTER by a young man who can write well; is good at figures and not afraid of work. Address M. E. M., Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young man, who understands the care of horses and plain gardening and milking; good reference. Address G. A. R., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A respectable single man; fully understands his business; has the best of reference. Can be seen until engaged by calling for GARDENER, No. 73 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, by a steady single man, who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of City reference. Address C. G., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, by a respectable man, of long experience; understands the business thoroughly; has good City references. Address T. C., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable Protestant young man; good City reference given. Call or address J. M. C., No. 67 Nassau-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man who understands his business and can give the best of City reference. Address P. M., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY AN English single man, with the best of City references; no objection to the country. Please call or address C. M., No. 337 East 13th-st., top floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Address J. N., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man; understands hot and cold graperies, flowers, fruits and vegetables; good reference. Address GARDENER, Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN A situation; best of reference. Address CLARK, No. 31 West 24th-st., in the stable.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED AS PORTER and entry clerk in any kind of store, by a Protestant man; is a good penman and accountant, and not afraid of handwork; can produce excellent testimonials as to character, &c. Address ROBERT, Box No. 116 *Times* Office, for two days.

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.
NEW BOOK—NOW READY.
THE GREAT CAMPAIGNS OF GRANT AND SHERMAN.
BY THE POPULAR HISTORIAN, J. T. HEADLEY.
COMPLETE IN ONE VOLUME—ILLUSTRATED.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE WORK ON THE WAR.
EXTRA INDUCEMENTS OFFERED.
SEND STAMP FOR TERMS.
ADDRESS E. B. TREAT & CO., 654 BROADWAY, N.Y.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MILLER—ONE who is fully acquainted with millwright work and machinery, to take charge of a large steam mill; permanent employment and liberal salary; very best of reference will be required. Direct to Box No. 2,526 New-York Post-office, private; give references, and state when and where an interview may be had.

WANTED—150 CANVASSERS TO SOLICIT ADvertisements for KELLOGG'S U. S. MERCANTILE REGISTER. ☞ See notice in column of new Publications. ☜ Only men of first-rate address, character, ability and experience need apply. KELLOGG, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 116 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman as cook in private family in the country for all the year; one who can give assurances of economical habits and capacity to take entire charge of the provisions of the household, may address Box No. 315 Post-office, with name, residence and references.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE PROTESTANT YOUNG woman to see to children and sew neatly, and take an active part in household duties. Call or address, with reference, stating wages and where to be seen, R. G. BROWER, No. 26 17th-st., South Brooklyn.

WANTED.—AGENTS, MALE AND FEMALE, are making as high as $20 per day with "The Great Labor Saver," worth $20 to any family. Only $3 to $10 capital required. Send stamp for particulars.
R. WAYVELL, Box No. 4,781, Chicago.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WET NURSE FOR a child three months old. Apply on Thursday, April 19, between 12 and 1 o'clock P. M., to Dr. J. A. BRADY, No. 7 Washington-place, South 6th-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

WANTED—A SALESMAN; A YOUNG MAN OF experience in the retail jewelry, fancy goods and silverware business; only those having unexceptionable references need apply. Address Box No. 2, 08 Post-office.

WANTED—A GIRL AS COOK, WASHER AND ironer, willing to go to the country during the Summer. Apply, after 9 o'clock, with reference, at No. 12 Boorman-place, 33d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A COOK, CHAMBERMAID AND laundress to go to the country; City references required. Apply this day, between 10 and 12, at No. 69 East 17th-st.

WANTED—AN INDUSTRIOUS LABORING man who understands farming and plain gardening; no one need apply who drinks or smokes. Apply at No. 124 Bleecker-st., Monday, at 11 A. M.

WANTED—TWO SOBER COMPETENT SALESmen for the retail dry goods trade. None but hands with City reference need apply. ALEX. IRVINE, No. 178 3d-av.

WANTED—A NUMBER OF PLAIN GARDENers, also farm hands and useful men, for excellent situations a short distance in the country. Apply at the large Employment House, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A GIRL AS LAUNDRESS AND chambermaid; best City reference required. Apply from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M., this day, at No. 43 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS, ALSO A NURSE and seamstress; must be perfectly competent; good reference required. Call at No. 26 East 38th-st.

WANTED—TWO COMPETENT PROTESTANT girls; one as cook, and the other as laundress; good City reference required. Apply at No. 61 East 17th-st.

WANTED—A BOY TO LEARN THE WHOLEsale paint business. Address, with references, Box No. 4,126 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A CLEANLY GIRL, ABOUT 14, TO assist in taking care of children and to do light work; good home. Apply at No. 155 East 48th-st.

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS WANTED—Business men, clergymen, teachers and others having some leisure time, can increase their incomes by advocating life insurance for a first-class Company. Replies invited from every city and town of the United States. Address, with reference, LIFE COMPANY, Post-office Box No. 6,767, New-York City.

GIRLS WITH GOOD RECOMMENDATIONS wanted at the Select Servants' Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av. Excellent situations now ready for all kinds of experienced servants; also for girls lately landed.

AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-AV., wanted immediately, a large number of first-class cooks, cooks, washers and ironers, seamstresses, nurses, waitresses, laundresses, houseworkers, and those lately landed; also, all kinds for hotels, boarding houses, &c.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.—"TO Dr. COLTON is due the credit of reviving the use of this important agent (Nitrous Oxide) in the practice of dentistry."—*Letter from Dr. Carnochan.* That we administer the gas in the most safe and efficient manner, 10,000 patients and the medical profession of New-York will testify. Offices, Nos. 19 and 30 Cooper Institute.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ERIN	3,330	Cutting.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,160	Thomson.
ENGLAND	3,450	Grace.
SCOTLAND	3,695	Hall.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Prowse.
HELVETIA	3,315	Ogilvie.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
VIRGINIA......SATURDAY, April 21
ERIN......SATURDAY, April 28
AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.

Steerage passage tickets to bring parties from Liverpool or Queenstown, for $40 currency.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway, and for steerage tickets at the passage office of the company, No. 27 Broadway, or No. 275 Pearl-st.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD.

New line of first-class side-wheel steamers between NEW-YORK AND BREMEN VIA COWES, with comfortable accommodations for passengers of all grades, carrying the U. S. Mail. Leave New-York, from Pier No. 46 North River, on THURSDAYS:
Baltic, 3,000 tons, 1,600 horse power, A. G. JONES, Commander......26th April.
Western Metropolis, 2,600t., 1,000 horse power....10th May.
Atlantic, 3,000 tons, 1,600 horse power, CHAS. HOYER, Commander......31st May.
Baltic, A. G. JONES......14th June.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

Rates of passage, payable in gold, or its equivalent: First cabin, $105; second cabin, $62 50; steerage, $37 50.

For freight and passage apply to
RUGER BROS., General Agents,
No. 45 Beaver-st.

For subscription to the stock of this Company, offering a safe and dividend paying investment, apply to
E. V. FRECHT, Secretary,
Office of the North Am. Lloyd, No. 45 Beaver-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 18.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 25.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 2.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 9.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 16.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 23.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage......$132 50
Second Cabin Passage......80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage......$112 50
Second Cabin Passage......65 00
payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CUBA FOR LIVERPOOL.—The CUBA, JAMES STONE, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY next, 18th inst. A steamboat will ply between the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, and the CUBA from 2 to 3 o'clock P. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board. None but passengers can be taken on board.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50, North River, as follows:
PEREIRE......DUCHESNE...SATURDAY, April 21
LAFAYETTE......LEMARIE.....SATURDAY, May 5
NAPOLEON III....BOCANDE.....SATURDAY, May 19
VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT.....SATURDAY, June 2

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine in either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.
Medical attendance free of charge.
For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

The steamship EDINBURGH, of this line, will sail from Pier No. 44 North River, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown at noon, on WEDNESDAY, April 18. Rates of passage: First cabin, $90; steerage, $30; currency.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.
CITY OF NEW-YORK......SATURDAY......April 21
CITY OF BOSTON......SATURDAY......April 28
CITY OF LONDON......SATURDAY......May 5
CITY OF WASHINGTON...SATURDAY......May 12
CITY OF PARIS......SATURDAY......May 19
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY,
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.
First Cabin......$120 | Steerage......$35
First Cabin to London...125 | Steerage to London......45
First Cabin to Paris......135 | Steerage to Paris......50

Wednesday's steamers will temporarily carry freight only.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $45. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, on the following days, at noon, precisely:
ARAGO......HENRY A. GADSDEN......March 17, 1866.
FULTON......JAMES A. WOTTON......April 14, 1866.
ARAGO......HENRY A. GADSDEN......May 12, 1866.
FULTON......JAMES A. WOTTON......June 9, 1866.
ARAGO......HENRY A. GADSDEN......July 7, 1866.
And every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin......$132 50 | Second cabin......$80 00
Through tickets to London, $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.
The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information, apply to
JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.—An extra Cunard steamer will sail every WEDNESDAY:
HECLA......April 18.
MARATHON......April 25.
MALTA......May 2.
OLYMPUS......May 9.
These steamers have very fine accommodations for a few cabin passengers.
Passage money $100, gold or its equivalent.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States Mail Sidewheel Steamship
EAGLE,
J. J. LAWRENCE, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, April 18, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.
N. B.—The favorite steamship COLUMBIA will succeed the EAGLE, and leave on April 25.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR RIO DE JANEIRO

CALLING AT
ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO AND BAHIA
EVERY TRIP.

The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch regularly, on the 29th of each month, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 43 North River, one of their new first-class steamships.

THE
NORTH AMERICA,
TIMMERMAN, Commander,
WILL LEAVE
ON SATURDAY, 28TH OF APRIL.

An experienced surgeon is attached to each steamship.
All letters must pass through the Post-office.
Large lots of heavy freight at low rates.
For freight or passage, apply to
THOMAS ASCENCIO & CO., No. 17 Broadway.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships
HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.
ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.
FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.
Freight at printed tariff rates.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

FOR NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.
NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH,
EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway,
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

FOR CHARLESTON S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EMILY B. SOUDER......Capt. B. LOCKWOOD.
MONEKA......Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN.

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The new and elegant steamship
EMILY B. SOUDER,
will sail on THURSDAY, April 19, at 3 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

Regular line of first-class steamships. Always on SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., and during the week as occasion may require, leave Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st.
The elegant and popular sidewheel steamship
QUAKER CITY, WM. H. WEST, Commander,
will be dispatched on SATURDAY, April 21.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

BLACK STAR LINE.
The fast-sailing steamship FUNG SHUEY, Capt. J. GOUGH, will leave Pier No. 13 North River, on SATURDAY, April 21, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to
R. LOWDEN, Ag't, No. 54 Wall-st.
Bills lading signed at the offices, Nos. 98 West and 54 Wall sts., corner of Cedar.
GEO. A. FOSDICK, Agent at New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship GEORGE WASHINGTON, Capt. E. V. GAGER, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, April 21, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accomodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship EVENING STAR will leave on SATURDAY, April 21, at 3 P. M., from the Company's pier, No. 46 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

MARCH.
31st. ARIZONA, connecting with GOLDEN AGE.
APRIL.
11th. HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with CONSTITUTION.
21st. NEW-YORK, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE

TO CALIFORNIA, VIA NICARAGUA,
On the 20th of every month.
REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE.
First Class, $175 to $200; Second Class, $125;
Third Class, $65,
IN CURRENCY;
THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO.

The Central American Transit Company having placed a fine new steamboat on LAKE NICARAGUA, thereby insuring passengers
A PROMPT AND RELIABLE TRANSIT,
will dispatch the fast and elegant steamship
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
JERRY W. SMITH, Commander,
On APRIL 20, at NOON,
From Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st. For passage apply early, by mail or in person, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer NEW-YORK will sail on SATURDAY, April 21, at 12 o'clock noon. Freight received as usual.
For particulars enquire at the Freight Office, Pier No. 42 North River.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway,
sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FIRST CABIN PASSAGE, TWENTY DOLLARS, TO SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

EVERY SATURDAY, FROM PIER NO. 13, NORTH RIVER, in connection with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.
EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE.
Passage tickets issued through to Augusta, Macon, Thomasville, Darien, Brunswick, St. Mary's, Fernandina, Jacksonville, and Picotalka.
The fast and favorite sidewheel steamship
SAN SALVADOR,
JOSHUA ATKINS, Commander,
Will sail for Savannah direct from Pier No. 13, North River, foot of Cedar-street, on SATURDAY, April 21, promptly at 3 o'clock.
Freight received daily and handled carefully.
Bills of lading furnished and signed on the pier.
For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green.
Agent at Savannah, B. H. HARDEE.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
WEEKLY LINE.
SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS.
HERMAN LIVINGSTON......Capt. J. B. BAKER.
GEN. BARNES......Capt. THOS. H. MORTON.

The favorite side-wheel steamship
GENERAL BARNES,
will leave on SATURDAY, April 21, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 36 North River, connecting with all the railroads in Georgia, and Florida steamers.
All the connections to and beyond Augusta now complete. Through rates given to the interior of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.
For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 141 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah,
WILDER & FULLERTON.
Goods to be forwarded by railroad should be marked care of "C. R. R. Agent."

FOR SAVANNAH.

PIONEER LINE.
Cabin passage......$20 | Deck......$10
EVERY THURSDAY.
Landing cargo in Savannah the following Monday morning.
The new and elegant steamship
TYBEE,
Capt. J. CROWELL,
will leave Pier No. 4 N. R. at 3 P. M., on THURSDAY, April 19.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodation, apply to
LEWIS L. JONES.
No. 17 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah,
HUNTER & GAMMELL.

FOR SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

MURRAY'S LINE.—THURSDAYS.
Connecting with all railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.
LEO......DEARBORN, Commander.
VIRGO......BULKLEY, Commander.
The favorite fast sailing steamship
LEO
will sail from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st., THURSDAY, April 19, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.
OCTAVUS COHEN, Agent in Savannah.
State rooms secured at the Fifth-avenue Hotel Telegraph Office.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

BRIDGEPORT STEAMBOAT CO.'S

LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND BRIDGEPORT.

The new, splendid and fast sailing steamer J. B. SCHUYLER, Capt. JOHN MCNEIL, leaves New-York daily, from Pier No. 35 E. R., (foot Catharine-st.,) at 3 P. M., arriving in time to connect with New-York and New-Haven train for Stratford, Milford and New-Haven. Returning, leaves Bridgeport daily, from the Housatonic Railroad wharf, at 7:40 A. M., on arrival of early morning trains from Housatonic, Naugatuck and New-Haven Railroads. Breakfast and tea on board.

The steamer STAMFORD, Capt. ARTHUR MELLEN, leaves New-York from same pier at 11 A. M., arriving at Bridgeport in time to connect with Housatonic, Naugatuck and New-York and New-Haven Railroad trains. Returning, will leave Naugatuck Railroad wharf at 11 P. M. Dinner on board. Fare on either boat $1. State-room $1. Freight received for Bridgeport and Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads, and forwarded daily at lowest rates.
CHARLES ROCKWELL, Supt.

NEW-YORK, ORIENT, GREENPORT AND SAG HARBOR.

The new, fast and elegant steamer
ARTISAN, Capt. G. C. GIBBS,
will, on and after SATURDAY, March 31, leave New-York from Pier No. 43, East River, for Orient, Greenport and Sag Harbor, on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 o'clock P. M.
Returning, leave Sag Harbor for Greenport, Orient and New-York on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, apply on board.
For further particulars inquire of
WILLIAMS BROTHERS, No. 5 Beekman-st.

NEW-YORK AND PERTH AMBOY.

THE STEAMER WM. HARRISON
Will resume her trips between New-York and Perth Amboy on SATURDAY, April 7, leaving the foot of Chambers-st. New-York, daily (Sundays excepted) at 3½ o'clock P. M.; returning leave Perth Amboy at 7½ o'clock A. M.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH, Sandy Hook, Highlands, Port Washington, Mount's and Brown's Dock, Fairhaven and Red Bank—The steamer META, Capt. WM. F. CONOVER, will leave the short pier, foot of Barclay-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.			LEAVE RED BANK.		
Tuesday, April	3,	9 A.M.	Wedn'day, Ap'l	4,	8½ A.M.
Thursday,	5,	10 A.M.	Friday,	6,	10 A.M.
Saturday,	7,	11 A.M.	Monday,	9,	12 M.
Tuesday,	10,	2 P.M.	Wednesday,	11,	2 P.M.
Thursday,	12,	3 P.M.	Friday,	13,	3½ P.M.
Saturday,	14,	3½ P.M.	Monday,	16,	7½ A.M.
Tuesday,	17,	9 A.M.	Wednesday,	18,	9 A.M.
Thursday,	19,	10½ A.M.	Friday,	20,	10 A.M.
Saturday,	21,	12 M.	Monday,	23,	1 P.M.
Tuesday,	24,	2 P.M.	Wednesday,	25,	2 P.M.
Thursday,	26,	3 P.M.	Friday,	27,	2½ P.M.
Saturday,	28,	3½ P.M.	Monday,	30,	7 A.M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with Railroad.

EXCURSIONS.

FOR EXCURSION PARTIES—DUDLEY'S, Myers' and other Groves. Steamboats of all kinds; barge *Walter Sands* and others. For choice of days apply early to W. & E. MYERS & CO., on board barges foot of Morton-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz:

First—For building a sewer in Seventy-eighth-street between Third and Fourth avenues.

Second—For setting curb and gutter and flagging sidewalks in Eleventh-avenue from Fifty-third to Fifty-ninth-street.

The limits embraced by such assessment, include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

First—Both sides of Seventy-eighth-street between Third and Fourth avenues.

Second—Both sides of Eleventh-avenue from Fifty-third to Fifty-ninth streets.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court House, within thirty days from the date of this notice.
JACOB F. OAKLEY,
DANIEL D. CONOVER,
ISAAC O. HUNT,
Board of Assessors.
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
New Court House, April 10, 1866.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 13th day of April, 1866, I shall proceed to draw Jurors for the following Courts, to be held in and for the City and County of New-York, on the 7th day of May, 1866:

A panel of 100 Petit Jurors for a Supreme Court, Oyer and Terminer, Part I.

A panel of 36 Grand Jurors for a Supreme Court, Oyer and Terminer, Part I.

A panel of 150 Petit Jurors for a Court of General Sessions.

A panel of 36 Grand Jurors for a Court of General Sessions.

Two panels of 100 Petit Jurors each, for a Supreme Court Circuit, Parts I. and II.

Two panels of 104 Petit Jurors each, for a Court of Common Pleas, Parts I. and II.

Two panels of 104 Petit Jurors each, for a Superior Court, Parts I. and II.

WM. C. CONNER, Clerk.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.
THOS. J. DAVIS, maker and inserter of the Improved Artificial Human Eye, will remove on the 1st of May from No. 483 Broadway to No. 64 East 15th-st., New-York.

RAILROADS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON,

AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.
STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,
being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. B. BRAYTON,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
COMMODORE, Capt. E. F. CURTIS,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,
at 5 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.
Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

3:45 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston, for points North, with sleeping-cars attached.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. Also, to Montreal via Saratoga. This train runs on Sundays.

10 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—6 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:30 and 6:20 P. M.
Leave Perth Amboy—7:05, 8:35 A. M., 12 M., 4:60, 6:15 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:15, 8:45 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:25 P. M.
Leave New-York—1:00, 10:00 A. M., 2:00, 4:30, 6:20 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:45, 11:25 A. M., 3:20, 5:50, 7:45 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:00 A. M., 9:12 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:25 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:12, 4:22, and 6:25 run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—Every lady uses them. In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, and at the same time safe and healthy, as well as pleasant, being sugar-coated. They are scientifically prepared of costly and rare extracts. The only reliable specific for ladies. They cannot fail in any case. Price $3 and $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Midwifery. Sole Agent and proprietor for upward of twenty years. Office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of die. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

AFFLICTED RESTORED—IGNORANCE EXPOSED—FALLACIES UNMASKED.—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. Larmont's Paris, London and New-York MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE. New edition; 400 pages. Nearly 100 anatomical illustrations upon debility, affections of the bladder and kidneys, sexual diseases, European hospital practice, the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. Sold by E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., $1 50, closely sealed, or consult the doctor, No. 173 Broadway, New-York, from 12 A. M. to 6 P. M.
"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st. New-York.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROP are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION, by Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

VERGNES' ELECTRO-CHEMICAL baths, No. 119 4th-av., personally attended by the inventor, for the cure of rheumatism, metallic and chronic diseases. The best preventive of cholera. Approved by the Academy of Medicine, France.

LADIES WHO NEED A CONFIDENTIAL Medical Adviser should consult Dr. Harrison. One interview is sufficient. His Female Monthly Regulator, which will have the desired effect in a few hours, sent to order everywhere; price $5. Office No. 59 6th-av.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

DR. KING, NO. 620 BROADWAY, BEtween Houston and Bleecker sts., cures private cases in 48 hours. Separate consulting rooms for ladies and gentlemen. Cure warranted.

WHY DO AMERICAN WOMEN NEGLECT their health and beauty? Any woman can have a full, well-developed natural bust. Address PIERRE TUDOR, V. H. M., Box No. 6,067, New-York.

"KEIM"—A CERTAIN PREVENTIVE against all private diseases; used by every well-posted man in Europe; can be carried in the vest pocket; price $2. Address Box No. 6,067 New-York Post-office.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 12 to 6. "Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide," $1 50. Sold by E. WARNER, 1 Vesey-st.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

LOST AND FOUND.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, ON FRIDAY EVENING, the 13th, on the 3d-av. cars, from 73d-st., a MOROCCO POCKET-BOOK, with a few cartes de visite and some papers of no value except to the owner. The finder will please leave them with ISAAC HADDOCK, No. 94 Duane-st.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, IN WEST 28TH-ST., ON Friday morning last, a RIDING WHIP, with the letters H. H. S. engraved on the band. The above reward will be paid to the party returning it to No. 22 West 28th-st.

LOST—IN THE CITY, ON SATURDAY, BY A lady, an open-faced GOLD WATCH, with ornamental gold dial, the gift of a deceased mother. The finder will be generously rewarded by leaving it at No. 248 Canal-st., and no questions asked.

LOST.—A LADY'S GOLD WATCH ON SATURDAY last, passing through Washington and University-place and Tenth-st. to Broadway. A suitable reward will be given on its return to No. 150 Perry-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

LEONARD GROVER......Director
COMMENCING
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, April 17, 1866,
A BRIEF SEASON OF
GRAND GERMAN OPERA.

The sale of secured seats continues at the Academy of Music, Root & Anthony's, No. 21 Nassau-st., Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Schuberth & Co.'s, No. 820 Broadway.

POPULAR ADMISSION PRICES.—Admission to Parquet, Parquet and Dress Circle, ONE DOLLAR. Secured seats, fifty cents extra. FAMILY CIRCLE—FIFTY CENTS. AMPHITHEATRE—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. Thus presenting Grand Operas with every accessory at the ORDINARY DRAMATIC PRICES OF THE DAY.

THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, April 17, 1866,
Gounod's very popular opera, presented originally in America by the grand German Opera Company,
FAUST. FAUST.
JOSEPH HERMANS in his very celebrated role,
Mephistopheles
FRANZ HIMMER......as......Faust
Mme. JOHANNA ROTTER......as......Marguerite
Mlle. SOPHIA DZIUBA......as......Siebel
HEINRICH STEINECKE......as......Valentin
Wagner, Lehman, Marta, Mme. Berger.
Grand Fanfare in the fourth act by the grand chorus and GRAFULLA'S CELEBRATED SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND.

TO-MORROW (Wednesday) EVENING, APRIL 18,
Rossini's great masterwork
WILLIAM TELL,
presented for the first time in this City in eleven years.
Mathilde......Mme. JOHANNA ROTTER
Jenny......Mlle. SOPHIA DZIUBA
William Tell......WILHELM FORMES
(his first appearance in opera in this City.)
Arnold Melchthal......FRANZ HIMMER
Jacques......THEODORE HABELMAN
Walther Furst......JOSEPH HERMANS
Gessler......JOSEPH WEINLICH
Melchthal, Urchs, Leuthold, Lehman, Rudolph, Haimer, Hedwig, Mme. Pickaneser.

The season further embraces the presentation of MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR, LES HUGUENOTS, FIDELIO, LA DAME BLANCHE, FRA DIAVOLO, MAGIC FLUTE, TANNHAUSER.

THE GRAND AUGMENTED CHORUS presents nearly the entire operatic choral force of the country.

THE MAENNERCHOERE
essential to vocal
FANFARES AND PAGEANTS,
will be strengthened by the leading voices of several Societies of the
ALLGEMEINE LIEDERTAFEL.

THE GRAND ORCHESTRA is constituted of the very first instrumentalists of the profession, and of itself presents
A MARKED FEATURE OF EXCELLENCE.
Saturday next, GRAND MATINEE.

MR. JEROME HOPKINS'

Fifth and last APRES MIDI CONCERT, (for the Brooklyn Orphan Fund,) WEDNESDAY, April 18, this week, at 3¾ o'clock P. M., at WALLACK'S THEATRE, assisted by
Mrs. MARIE ABBOTT, Soprano,
Mr. EUGENE TRASTOUR, Pianist,
Mr. E. G. B. HOLDER, Tenor,
Mr. WM. DRESSLER, Conductor.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR, sold by Beer & Schirmer, No. 701 Broadway. N. B.—All tickets previously issued will be good for this concert. C. LUCAS, Manager.

AT THE SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY,

NOW ON EXHIBITION FREE, DAY AND EVENING,
A fine collection of PAINTINGS, entirely works of AMERICAN ARTISTS,
TO BE
SOLD AT AUCTION,
BY
MINER & SOMERVILLE,
On THURSDAY EVENING, April 19.

IRVING HALL.

BLIND TOM
EVERY NIGHT.
Admission 50 cents.
Reserved seats, $1.
Can be had at Beer & Schirmer's Music store, No. 701 Broadway, and at the Hall from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

GEO. CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS—FIFTH-avenue Opera House, adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel. The fashionable resort. Great change of programme for this week. Reappearance of Mr. J. E. GREEN and his wonderful MOCKING BIRD Song. New Songs, Burlestas, Comicalities, Plantation Dances, &c., &c. To conclude with the roaring farce, MASQUERADE BALL. Matinee EVERY SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock.

LUMBER.

WELLS & BONTECOU,

OLD FIRM—BAKER, WELLS & CO.,
LUMBER DEALERS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ESTABLISHED 1839.
YARDS—On West-st., between Houston and King and Houston and Clarkson sts., and Nos. 572 and 574 Washington-st.
STEAM MILL,
WASHINGTON-ST., corner of CLARKSON.
YARD OFFICE, No. 344 WEST-ST.
DOWN-TOWN OFFICE, No. 47 SOUTH-ST.

The particular attention of SHIPPERS and COUNTRY DEALERS is invited to our large first-class and well-assorted STOCK of LUMBER, including SCANTLING, HINGLES, YELLOW PINE FLOORING, STEP PLANK, &c.; &c.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

REDUCED PRICES.
Owing to the large decline in upholstery goods, we have concluded to reduce the price of our stock of furniture 20 per cent. for the next thirty days.
DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,
Nos. 87 and 89 Bowery, and 65 Chrystie-st.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS., (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS.

WEIL & BRAUNSDORF, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., New-York, through their long experience and superior facilities in manufacturing first-class furniture, are prepared to supply the public at large on as favorable terms as can be had in this City. All purchasers are respectfully invited to call as above. Furniture of every kind always on hand, in full suites or otherwise.

FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, carpets, bedding, parlor and bedroom suites, extension tables, looking-glasses, spring mattresses, oilcloths, &c., &c., at BENDALL & SCOTT'S, Nos. 209 and 211 Hudson-st., corner of Canal. Housekeepers supplied and can pay by instalments if preferred.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A PARTY breaking up housekeeping will sell his furniture just as it stands, nearly new and in good order, for about $1,600, including two very handsome parlor pier glasses, cornices, &c. JAMES R. EDWARDS, 277 West 23d-st.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—THE LARGEST assortment of enameled, chestnut and solid walnut bedroom suites, in this city; also, mattresses, spring-beds, &c.; all goods warranted as represented; at the old established house. WARREN WARD & CO., 277 Canal.

SALES OF FURNITURE AT RESIDENCES—Special attention by HAGGERTY & PHELPS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, No. 11 Pine-st.

FURNITURE FOR SALE—PARLOR SET, seven pieces, in blue plush; also one of Hazeltine's 7-octave serpentine front pianos. Inquire at No. 159 West 14th-st.

A FIRST-CLASS COMPLETE OUTFIT in furniture, in suites or otherwise. Also, Peikhardt's parlor bedsteads, save rent and room. No. 167 Bleecker-st., corner of Sullivan-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Alfred C. Brush and Septimus E. Swift, under the firm name of BRUSH & SWIFT, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by SEPTIMUS E. SWIFT, at the old stand, No. 27 Park-place, New-York, who will settle the business of the late firm, and sign in liquidation.
A. C. BRUSH,
S. E. SWIFT.
Dated NEW-YORK, April 13, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP IN THE dry goods business at No. 286 3d-av., New-York, heretofore existing between Michael Dorney and James Murphy & Co., under the firm name of DORNEY & MURPHY, was, by mutual agreement, dissolved on the 5th day of April inst. The business will be continued by JAMES MURPHY and WILLIAM WALSH, who will discharge the liabilities of the late firm of Dorney & Murphy.—Dated April 13, 1866.
JAMES MURPHY, No. 286 3d-av.

NOTICE.—MR. SAMUEL F. BARGER BECOMES a partner in our firm from this date.
M. M. FREEMAN & CO.
NEW-YORK, April 2, 1866.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

HOTELS.

A RARE CHANCE.
Furniture, fixtures and lease for sale of a first-class hotel, capable of accommodating two hundred persons, in one of the best localities of the State, now doing an excellent business. Possession given immediately. For further particulars inquire of KAUFMANN, FRANK & WILCOXSON, No. 39 Nassau-st., or L. G. BANCROFT, No. 71 State-st., Albany.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS AND OTHERS INTERESTED

in the Glass or wholesale Drug trade.
A HALF OF PATENT RIGHT FOR SALE
of one of the most useful and novel patents extant. Only enterprising and responsible parties need address Post-office Box No. 6,135, New-York.

WANTED—IN A LONG ESTABLISHED AND successful wholesale boot and shoe business in this City, a partner with a cash capital of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.) With such a person a most liberal arrangement will be made. For further information and satisfactory explanations, address A. B. C., Box No. 2,055 New-York City Post-office.

BAKERY FOR SALE—A CORNER ON ONE of the leading avenues, average business $40,000 a year; profits over fifty per cent.; all sold over the counter; owner retiring. Further particulars on application to JOHN KAVANAH, northeast corner 6th-av. and 42d-st.

PATENT FOR SALE.—CHAPPELL'S PATENT toilet-glass for showing the back of head and neck at the same time as the front; an article of great utility, especially for ladies; can be seen at Dr. Sherwood's office, No. 546 Broadway, or at the patentee's, Main-st., Peekskill, N. Y.

GROCERY-STORE FOR SALE AND TO LET.—The desirable stand corner of 4th and Greene sts., having a good custom and small stock of first-class groceries, with fixtures, &c., for sale and to let on favorable terms.

WANTED—SERVICES OF A MAN THORoughly experienced in the advertising business, and used to the control of canvassers, or as partner; business established; inducements liberal. Address X. Y. Z., Box No. 189 Times Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manageress......Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager......J. H. Selwyn
CONTINUED SUCCESS
OF THE
MOST BRILLIANT
of all the
OLYMPIC SPECTACLES,
presented in a style of magnificence far surpassing all previous efforts, and which has received the
HIGHEST ENCOMIUMS
both of
THE PUBLIC AND THE PRESS.
HOUSES CROWDED NIGHTLY.
The Romantic Spectacular Drama in 3 acts from the French of Alex. Dumas, entitled the
3
GUARDSMEN.
Produced with
New Scenery......by......HAYES
Music selected and arranged......by......THOS. BAKER
Mechanical effects by W. Sanders; properties and appointments by W. Henry; correct and elegant costumes by J. Bullock, and the following
BRILLIANT ARRAY OF ARTISTS,
seldom equaled and never excelled, including
MRS. JOHN WOOD,
who will sing a new romanza, written and composed by herself, entitled
"I LOVED HIM AT FIRST SIGHT."
MADAME METHUA SCHELLER,
MISS KATE NEWTON,
Mr. GEORGE FAWCETT ROWE,
Mr. G. C. BONIFACE,
Mr. J. B. STUDLEY,
Mr. C. H. ROCKWELL,
Mr. G. W. GARRISON,
Mr. J. H. STODDART,
Mr. GEORGE KAMES,
Mr. JAMES LEWIS,
Mr. T. J. HIND,
Mr. T. J. LEIGH,
Mr. C. H. MORTON,
AND EVERY MEMBER OF THE COMPANY.
Doors open at 7¼. Curtain rises at 8 o'clock.
Seats secured six days in advance.

WINTER GARDEN.

LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT
OF
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS
IN
THE LAKES OF KILLARNEY
AND
AN HOUR IN SEVILLE.
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, April 17,
will be presented for
POSITIVELY THE LAST TIME
POSITIVELY THE LAST TIME
the romantic legendary drama of
THE LAKES OF KILLARNEY.
Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS......as......Lanty McLoughlin
Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS......as......Kate Kearney
After which will be presented, for the
LAST TIME,
Mrs. WILLIAMS' astonishing Protean Comedy of
AN HOUR IN SEVILLE,
in which she will appear in her wonderful rendition of
TEN CHARACTERS.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 18,
will be presented the beautiful legendary drama and fairy spectacle, entitled
THE FAIRY CIRCLE;
OR,
CON O'CAROLAN'S DREAM,
which will be presented with
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY
And APPOINTMENTS.
Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS......as......Con O'Carolan
Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS......as......Molshee
To conclude with the petite comedy entitled
THE CUSTOMS OF THE COUNTRY;
OR,
THE YANKEE HELP.
Melissa (with song)......Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS
Doors open at 7¼; commence at 7¾.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager......WM. WHEATLEY
SECOND NIGHT
OF THE
CHARMING YOUNG AMERICAN TRAGEDIENNE,
MISS BATEMAN,
who will appear, for the second time in three years, in her popular character of
JULIA,
in Sheridan Knowles' play of
THE HUNCHBACK,
supported by
MR. J. C. COWPER......as......MASTER WALTER
MR. CHARLES POPE......as......SIR THOMAS CLIFFORD
MISS IDA VERNON......as......HELEN
TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 17,
will be presented Sheridan Knowles' beautiful play, entitled
THE HUNCHBACK.
JULIA......MISS BATEMAN
Helen......Miss Ida Vernon
Master Walter......Mr. J. C. Cowper
Sir Thomas Clifford......Mr. Charles Pope
Modus......Mr. George Books
Lord Tinsel......Mr. J. W. Blaisdell
Wilford......Mr. E. Barry
Heartwell......Mr. Holmes
Gaylove......Mr. Lewis
Thomas......Mr. Beadle
TO-MORROW, (WEDNESDAY,)
third appearance of
MISS BATEMAN.
THE HUNCHBACK.

Admission, 75 cents; Reserved Seats, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Seats in Dress Circle private boxes, $1 50; Family Circle, (entrance on Crosby-st.,) 50 cents. Private Boxes, $8, $9, $10.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

BRYANT'S—MECHANICS' HALL,

No. 472 Broadway, above Grand-st.
CROWDED HOUSES—GREAT NOVELTY.
TAMING THE ELEPHANT.
TAMING THE ELEPHANT. TAMING THE ELEPHANT.
Burlesque Hippodrome. Tyrolean Galoots.
Dave Reed and Dan Bryant in their inimitable
CHALLENGE DANCE.
Chas. Henry, Ira Paine, G. S. Fowler, W. P. Grier, the beautiful vocal quartette, in new selections.
First time of an original burlesque entitled
SHYLOCK;
OR, THE JEW OF CHATHAM-STREET.
Shylock......Rollin Howard | Portia......Nelse Seymour
Duke McGinnis, "Head Centre"......Dan Bryant

SOIREES OF CHAMBER MUSIC.

AT DODWORTH'S HALL, NO. 806 BROADWAY,
ON WEDNESDAY ENENING, APRIL 18, AT 8.
FIFTH SOIREE OF CHAMBER MUSIC.
By Messrs. W. MASON, THEO. THOMAS, J. MOSENTHAL, G. MATZKA, F. BERGNER.
PROGRAMME:
QUARTET, String (C, No. 6)......Mozart.
QUARTET, Piano (E flat, Op. 47)......Schumann.
QUARTET, String (F, Op. 135)......Beethoven.
TICKETS $1 50 EACH.
May be had at the principal music and piano stores, and in the evening at the door.

MR. DE CORDOVA

Will deliver his celebrated lecture entitled
THE LAW; IN RE
MIDGE VS. PIDGE,
in the 21st-st. Reformed Dutch Church, between 5th and 6th avs., Rev. Dr. Thompson, pastor, on
WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 18,
at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents, for sale at Randolph's, No. 770 Broadway, Scribner & Co.'s, No. 124 Grand-st., and at the door.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS BY W. H. BEARD.

THE BEAR DANCE,
and other works by this artist, will be on free exhibition during the day for one week, at the gallery of the Studio Building, No. 15 10th-st.

A SECOND GRAND LITERARY AND musical entertainment, consisting of a lecture on "The Sunshine of the Heart," by Rev. A. A. Willits, D. D., and a choice selection of music, comprising piano solos by Dr. Stein, of New-York, vocal solos and duets by Mrs. E. J. Rogers, of Brooklyn, and Miss Florence A. Rice, of Brooklyn, will be given, THURSDAY EVENING, April 19, 1866, in the North Presbyterian Church, corner of 9th-av. and 31st-st., at 7¾ o'clock. Tickets 50 cents each. May be had at the door.

HERMANS IN HIS GREAT ROLE OF MEPHISTOPHELES, at the Academy of Music TO-NIGHT.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

KELLOGG'S

UNITED STATES MERCANTILE REGISTER
WILL BE ISSUED AUG. 1, 1866.

The special medium of wholesale and manufacturing houses for making themselves known to the country trade. The best advertising medium for the former class; the best book of reference for the latter. *Realizes special advertising in the highest possible degree.* SPECIAL because containing the advertisements only of those who seek the general trade of the country. SPECIAL because circulating wholly among the class who are customers of those whose patronage we solicit. SPECIAL because it will be the best book of reference, when completed, for the use of the class to whom it is sent.

Its circulation will be very large and distributed over the entire country. Each advertisement, upon our plan, forms a *valuable* and *essential* part of the book itself, and increases its value as a work of reference. The advertisements in each line of business are so placed as to be SECURE of being seen by those who are buyers of goods in such lines.

It will contain, in a department appropriated to that purpose, valuable statistical and other information, selected with special reference to the wants of the mercantile community; and in this department the advertisements of those whose business wants require it will be so placed as to reach the eye of merchants and manufacturers in *every* line of business throughout the country. It will be substantially bound and published annually, advertisements in it holding good for a *whole year.*

For particulars as to the plan of the work and mode of circulation address KELLOGG, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 116 Nassau-st., New-York.

THE LINCOLN COUNTY NEWS—A Weekly Newspaper, published at Fayetteville, Lincoln County, Tenn. Good advertising medium for merchants and business men of New-York and other cities. All orders sent through our advertising agents, S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New-York, will receive special attention.
Advertisements from reliable houses may be sent direct to the publishers. Terms as moderate as any paper in the South.

MATRIMONY—WHY EVERY MAN SHOULD marry. Why every woman should marry. All may marry. To know, read ILLUSTRATED MARRIAGE GUIDE AND MEDICAL ADVISER, by WM. EARL, M. D.; 240 pages. Mailed everywhere in double wrapper, on receipt of 30 cents. Address 12 White-st., New-York.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

337TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE GREAT PROTEST—JUBILEE YEAR OF THE AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.—Grand celebration in aid of the American Bible Society Fund. Hallelujah Chorus and other selections from Grand Oratorios by the Harmonic Society. Addresses by Rev. S. H. Tyng, D. D.; Rev. W. Adams, D. D.; Rev. H. W. Beecher; Rev. A. H. Vinton, D. D.; Rev. J. Dowling, D. D.; Rev. S. A. Willetts, D. D.; Rev. S. J. Strong, D. D.; Rev. S. I. Prime, D. D.; Rev. C. B. Smyth; Rev. G. B. Cheever, D. D.; Rev. H. T. Fox; Rev. G. J. Mingins; Rev. J. M. Krebs, D. D.; Rev. F. Walsh. And others have been invited, and will be present.
Tickets 25 cents. To be obtained at No. 197 9th-av., G. W. Wilson; No. 9 John-st., S. Merritt; No. 149 8th-av., Bailey's drug-store; No. 9 Bible House.

ELDER JACOB KNAPP, WHO HAD such a conflict with Bennett, of the New-York *Herald*, and the devil, in the great revival of 1840, will preach at Laight-st. Baptist Church EVERY EVENING during this week. Subject, Tuesday evening—*Personality, Character and Work of the Devil.* Wednesday—*Nature of Future Punishment.* Thursday—*God's Justice in Eternal Punishment.* Friday—*Why the Wicked Live, and Why the Devil Lives.*

COAL.

WILKESBARRE COAL.

The Wilkesbarre Coal and Iron Company are now receiving their Coal mined from the CELEBRATED BALTIMORE VEIN, deliverable at Jersey City, Elizabethport or New-York. For terms, &c., apply at the office of the Company, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

PROPOSALS

TO CONTRACTORS—ANY PARTY WHO wishes to estimate, low for cash, on rock blasting and opening a street at Forest Grove, Morrisania, will inquire of H. P. DEGRAAF, No. 87 Bowery.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM,

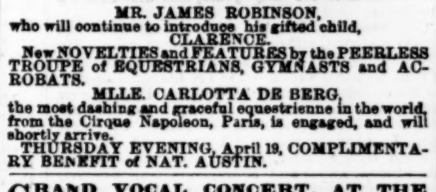
Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.
ANOTHER GLITTERING NOVELTY
SPLENDID SUCCESS.
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 3; EVENING AT 7¾.
A GRAND
MYTHOLOGICAL SPECTACULAR DRAMA,
THE EARTHQUAKE;
OR, THE
SPECTRE OF THE NILE,
with NEW GORGEOUS SCENERY and COSTUMES,
WONDERFUL MECHANICAL CONTRIVANCES,
MOVING PANORAMA OF THE NILE,
introduced with the addition of a
STORM SCENE WITH PECULIAR EFFECTS,
the finale of the piece culminating in an incident of
TERRIFIC AND STUPENDOUS GRANDEUR.
A STARTLING WONDER,
THE SPHYNX.
WHAT IS IT?
A STRANGE AND UNEXPLAINED MYSTERY.
MASTER ALLIE TURNER,
THE INFANT DRUMMER—FOUR YEARS OLD.
At all hours may be seen the celebrated
AUSTRALIAN LIVING BIRD-SHOW,
RARE SPECIES,
specimens of which may be purchased:
THE GREAT LIVING CURIOSITIES.
TOWERING GIANTS AND DIMINUTIVE DWARFS.
BEAUTIFUL CIRCASSIAN GIRLS.
SPLENDID AND ENTERTAINING COSMORAMAS.
INGENIOUS GLASS BLOWERS.
WONDERFUL HAPPY FAMILY
GRAND AQUARIA—RARE AND CURIOUS FISH.
A LEARNED SEAL, LIVING SERPENTS, THREE-HORNED BULL.
GEOLOGICAL, CONCHOLOGICAL AND NUMISMATIC COLLECTION, SPECIMENS OF NATURAL HISTORY, WAX STATUARY, PAINTINGS, HISTORICAL RELICS, &c.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor......Mr. J. W. LINGARD.
Last week of the engagement of the great equestrienne and melodramatic actress, Miss
LEO HUDSON.
The gorgeous spectacular drama of the
CATARACT OF THE GANGES;
OR,
THE RAJAH'S DAUGHTER.
Miss LEO HUDSON as Zamine, introducing her celebrated trained steed SENSATION, on which she makes a dashing flight over the Cataract.
The drama of KENNETH and the nautical drama of YANKEE TARS IN CHINA.
FRIDAY—Benefit of Miss LEO HUDSON.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT......MANAGER
MATINEE WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 2½ o'clock. Night performances at 8 o'clock.
New and thrilling feat of unexampled daring, a
TERRIFIC LEAP THROUGH A STAGE-COACH,
superadded to the marvelous horsemanship of



MR. JAMES ROBINSON,
who will continue to introduce his gifted child,
CLARENCE.
New NOVELTIES and FEATURES by the PEERLESS TROUPE of EQUESTRIANS, GYMNASTS and ACROBATS.
MLLE. CARLOTTA DE BERG,
the most dashing and graceful equestrienne in the world, from the Cirque Napoleon, Paris, is engaged, and will shortly arrive.
THURSDAY EVENING, April 19, COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT of NAT. AUSTIN.

GRAND VOCAL CONCERT, AT THE Fifth-av. Baptist Church, corner of 46th-st., WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 18, 1866. Mrs. J. Reed, Soprano of Tabernacle Church (Dr. Thompson's;) Miss Alice Harrison, Soprano of Church of the Holy Saviour (Dr. Hawks';) Master Theodore Toedt, Soprano of St. Alban's Chapel; Master P. Foley, Soprano of St. George's Church; Miss Matilda Toedt, Contralto; Mr. Thomas White; the Boy Choir of St. George's Church, and a chorus of ladies and gentlemen from the New-York Harmonic Society. Conductor, Mr. W. F. Williams. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock precisely. Tickets 50 cents.

FAUST AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC TO-NIGHT, as performed by the Grand German Opera Company in every considerable city and town throughout the entire country, with a success transcending that ever produced in opera in America.

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NATIVITY COLLEGE GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

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A first-class boarding-school for boys. Instruction in ancient and modern languages, music, drawing, &c.
Boys prepared for college or commercial life.
The Summer term begins on the first WEDNESDAY in May.
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THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE,

NOS. 487, 489, 491 FIFTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK.
H. M. PIERCE, President

COOPER UNION

FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE AND ART.
The examinations of the Free Night Classes in Mathematics, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy and Mechanics, will begin on MONDAY EVENING, April 16, at 7½ P. M., and continue on each evening, except Saturdays, until the 28th inst.
The public, and especially all persons interested in the improvement of the working classes, are earnestly invited to attend.
By order of the Trustees.
ABRAM S. HEWITT, Secretary.

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FOR BOYS,
Florida, Orange County, N. Y.
Accommodations for 30 boarders. Terms, for board and tuition, $100 per session of five months.
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YONKERS, N. Y.
W. H. ARTHUR & CO., No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York, or
BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers

TRAVELING TUTOR.—AN EXPERIENCED instructor, familiar with the Continent and the modern languages, would like to form a class of two or three young gentlemen or young ladies, for a year's travel and study in Europe; in the latter case, would be accompanied by his wife; the best references exchanged. Address PROFESSOR, No. 9 Somerset-st., Boston. Preliminary references: Rev. Dr. H. W. Bellows, Edward F. Davison, Esq., No. 128 Pearl-st., New-York.

THE NEWTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—At Newton, Sussex County, New-Jersey.—The next term will open on MONDAY, the 23d inst. Parents will find in this school, situated amid the beautiful and healthful mountain region of Northern New-Jersey, a good Christian home for their children and the most thorough instruction. For a circular apply to the Principal, WM. TRAVIS, Newton, New-Jersey.

WEST BRANCH BOARDING SCHOOL, Jersey Shore, Lycoming Co., Penn. Vacancies for a few good boys. Pupils enjoy all the comforts of a Christian home, with proper intellectual and physical training, in the most healthy district of the State. Can remain during Summer months. Principal in New-York City the 21st inst. For particulars address as above, F. DONLEAVY LONG, A. M., Principal.

SARATOGA COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.—A select Classical and Commercial School for Boys; number limited to 30; boys thoroughly prepared for college, counting-house, West Point or Naval Academy; Summer term commences May 1. Circulars may be had, or the Principal consulted, by calling at the book-store of Howe & Ferry, No. 76 Bowery, between 11 and 12. A. J. ROBB, A. M., Principal.

GREENWICH, CONN.—FIFTEEN BOYS UNder 13 taken and educated for business, college, West Point or naval school; military drill, dancing, rowing, base ball and cricket regularly practiced; fine facilities for sea bathing; location unsurpassed for health and beauty of scenery. Terms $400 per annum.
HARRY PECK, Principal.

FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL IN FISHKILL, N. Y., for a few pupils of both sexes; $60 per quarter. Inquire of J. P. Thompson, D.D., No. 32 West 38th-st.; G. A. Halsey, Esq., No. 48 Wall-st.; Rufus Mead, Esq., No. 110 Fulton-st.; or address the Principal, Rev. W. PECK.

MOUNT PLEASANT INSTITUTE—PRIVATE CLASSES FOR BOYS—Amherst, Mass., H. C. NASH, A. M., Principal. The forty-first semi-annual session will commence May 2. Circulars forwarded upon request.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE—GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass.—A boarding-school for 20 boys; pure mountain air; home influences and comforts, and thorough instruction. The next session will commence April 2.
S. P. PRATT, A. M., Principal.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington Square, (Classical, Mathematical, Foreign Languages, Commercial and Primary,) GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

IRVING INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding school for boys. The fifty-seventh semi-annual session will commence TUESDAY, May 1.
For circulars apply to the principal,
D. S. ROWE, A. M.

POUGHKEEPSIE, (N. Y.) MILITARY INSTITUTE, C. B. WARRING, A. M., Principal.—A Classical, Commercial and Military School. The Spring session opens April 6.

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MRS. WHITE IS PREPARED TO REceive a few more pupils, from the age of seven to fifteen. Address the Principal, Rose Hill, Danbury, Conn.

MISS STILLMAN'S BOARDING AND DAY school for young ladies and misses, No. 278 ADELPHI-ST., BROOKLYN, will commence its tenth semi-annual session Feb. 5. Number limited.

A. WILLIAMSON'S FAMILY SCHOOL for boys, at Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., will reopen May 1. For Circulars address the Principal.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—WHITE Plains, N. Y., 23½ miles from the City by Harlem Railroad. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

GOVERNESS WANTED TO INSTRUCT and educate four children; a person not under 30, active and energetic, willing to devote herself for some years entirely to her duties; would have to live in the country most of the year, and perhaps go to Europe; would be made one of the family; must be Protestant, able to teach piano, and in every respect a competent person. A French lady or a lady speaking French fluently would be preferred—all the children speaking French as well as English. Write, with full particulars, salary desired, testimonials, MOTHER, Station F, New-York.

A GERMAN LADY, A NATIVE OF HANOVER, who instructs in German, French, English, Italian, music and singing, desires a situation as governess. Address D., care of Rev. H. Bäganer, 138 20-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager......Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Open at 7½; begin at 8.
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
never acted here, the fine drama of
DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN,
with NEW SCENERY, NEW COSTUMES, and all THE ORIGINAL MUSIC, A GREAT CAST, FULL AND EFFICIENT CHORUS AND BALLET.
DON CÆSAR......Mr. LESTER WALLACK
(His eighth appearance in twelve months.)
Charles II., King of Spain......Mr. Charles Fisher
Marquis de Rotondo......Mr. John Gilbert
Lazarillo......Miss Ione Burke
Don Jose de Santarem......Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Judge......Mr. G. Browne
Captain of the Guard......Mr. Pope
Pacolo......Mr. Graham
Lopez......Mr. Leonard
Pedro......Mr. Ward
Maritana......Miss Madeline Henriques
Marchioness de Rotondo......Mrs. John Sefton
ACT SECOND
PAS DE DEUX ESPAGNOL by Mlle. LINA WENDELL (who has been specially engaged,)
AND MISS LOUISE CARMAN.
The scenery will comprise:
ACT I.
Market Place and Wine House in Madrid.
ACT II.
Saloon in the Palace of the Marquis de Rotondo.
ACT III.
Room of a secluded chateau in the forest.
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN,
WITH ITS MAGNIFICENT MISE EN SCENE.
The number of Mr. Wallack's performances must necessarily be limited.
The Box Book for his Nights is now open.
The free list (excepting the Press) is entirely suspended.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessee, Director and Manager......G. L. FOX.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
In consequence of the many families who have been disappointed by the
STOPPAGE OF THE CITY RAIL CARS,
THE COMIC PANTOMIME
WILL BE CONTINUED FOR
A LIMITED PERIOD.
THE CRY IS STILL
JACK AND GILL.
MR. G. L. FOX......as......THE AGILE CLOWN.
NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON
THE PANTOMIME WILL BE PERFORMED.

LUCY RUSHTON'S THEATRE.

Miss LUCY RUSHTON begs to notify her kind patrons and the public that
HER BENEFIT
will take place on
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18,
on which occasion she will appear as
ROSALIND,
in Shakespeare's Comedy of Comedies,
AS YOU LIKE IT,
supported by a POWERFUL CAST who have, in the most kind and sympathetic manner, volunteered their services for the occasion. Tickets may now be had at the box-office from 8 to 5, and of Miss RUSHTON, AT THE THEATRE, between 12 and 3.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

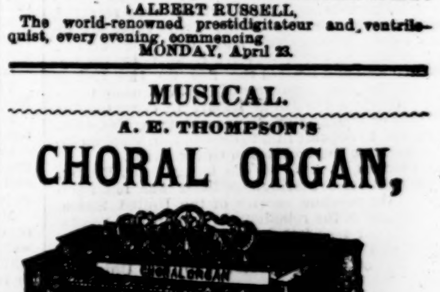
GRAND OPERA,
AT POPULAR PRICES,
Commencing TUESDAY, April 17.
Admission to Parquet and Dress Circle, $1; Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra; Family Circle, 50 cents; Amphitheatre, 25 cents.

HOPE CHAPEL, No. 720 BROADWAY.

ALBERT RUSSELL,
The world-renowned prestidigitateur and ventriloquist, every evening, commencing
MONDAY, April 23.

MUSICAL.

A. E. THOMPSON'S CHORAL ORGAN,



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T. S. BERRY,
WAREROOMS AND WHOLESALE DEPOT,
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CHORAL ORGANS.

It is admitted by all MUSICIANS who have examined the
CHORAL ORGANS,
that they combine more desirable qualities than any reed instrument ever before made. By a combination of arrangements, peculiar to the CHORAL ORGAN alone, the tone EXCELS in fullness, purity, and richness; and in the general mechanical arrangements of the instrument, it surpasses all others of its class. The patent Graduated Swell is controlled entirely by the feet, while blowing, requiring no change of position of hands or feet, thereby enabling the performer to produce all those beautiful effects for which the Organ is so eminently adapted. This SWELL is not a LOUD PEDAL only, but, as its name indicates, a SWELL, by which you glide from the PIANISSIMO to the FORTISSIMO at will, or instantly change from one to the other. This is peculiar to the CHORAL ORGAN. The voicing of the Reeds is done with the greatest care, in order to free them from the HARSHNESS often heard in reed instruments; and no one who listens to the CHORAL ORGAN but is attracted by the melodious sweetness of its tones. None should purchase an instrument of this class without first inspecting the CHORAL ORGAN.

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5 Octave Single Reed	$125
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WASHINGTON NEWS.

Continued from First Page.

cused sued out a writ of *habeas corpus* before a Judge of the Superior Court of the State, which was served on Gen. Ruger, commanding the Military Department of North Carolina, to have Major Lee before him on Saturday last. Intelligence from Raleigh, to-night, states that the writ was granted but Gen. Ruger refused compliance. It was argued by the prisoner's counsel on Saturday. The United States was not represented. A decision is reserved until the 28th inst.

RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

It is stated that the Joint Committee on Reconstruction will meet on Saturday to make up their report.

DEPOSITS AT THE SUB-TREASURIES.

The Assistant Treasurers of the United States at New-York, Philadelphia and Boston, and the designated depository at Baltimore, have to-day been instructed by the Secretary of the Treasury to discontinue receiving deposits on account of temporary loan for clearing house purposes at five per cent. per annum, on and after May 1, 1866; from which date all certificates outstanding and unpaid will carry four per cent. interest per annum. On said 1st of May and until further notice, said Assistant Treasurers and designated depository will receive such deposits in lawful money, and issue therefor clearing-house certificates payable on demand in legal-tender notes, with interest at four per cent. per annum.

COLORADO.

The bill for the admission of Colorado will come up in the Senate to-morrow, and will be discussed, but no vote will probably be reached before Wednesday.

PROMOTION.

Lieut. Andrew Campbell, of the Thirteenth Tennessee Volunteers, who shot the notorious rebel John Morgan, has received the appointment of Second Lieutenant in the regular service, upon the recommendation of Judge Patterson, Senator elect from Tennessee.

THE UNION ASSOCIATION OF NEW-ORLEANS.

The Union Association of New-Orleans held their first public meeting in that city on the 3d of June, 1862, and resolved to hoist the United States flag on the following Saturday. The President of the Society was authorized to appoint a Committee of Thirty-four to perform the duty; but after appointing several who declined, it was resolved to call for a volunteer Committee, which was done, and thirty-four persons came forward and registered their names as willing to undertake the hazardous task. Under the influences, however, of anonymous and threatening letters, which were received by nearly every member of the Committee, six or seven were intimidated and did not serve: but the remaining twenty-seven ascended to the top of the City Hall and hoisted the flag on the 19th of February, 1866, the members of the Volunteer Committee authorized Dr. James Ready to carry the flag to the City of Washington, to present it to Maj.-Gen. Butler and to request him to deposit it in some suitable place among the archives of Government.

Gen. Butler, in reply to the letter of Dr. Ready, said: "As the first sacrilegious hand was laid upon the flag in the revenue service of the United States, at the opening of the rebellion, in Louisiana, I recommend that your associate deliver to the Revenue Department of the Treasury the custody of this flag, the first fruits of returning fealty to the Union in Louisiana."

The Secretary of the Treasury, in acknowledging the receipt of the flag, says: "It is supposed to be the first Union flag raised by the citizens of any one of the States recently in rebellion, after the commencement of hostilities." He adds: "To all true citizens of the United States the stars and stripes are always an object of affectionate interest and pride. They are associated with so much that is dear and honorable to them, as a noble and now double prize, as they have become again the flag of the entire Union. When the flag now presented to the Treasury Department was first raised in the Crescent City, another flag had been substituted for the old one in eleven States of the Republic, except where it floated at the few points held by the Government forces, at the head of the Union column. No man dared openly to acknowledge fealty to it throughout a large portion of the national domain. The raising of this flag was the first public proclamation of returning loyalty in the State of Louisiana, where it was for the first time publicly unfolded. The Government was engaged in a struggle with a gigantic rebellion, the first effective blood against which was given in the capture of New-Orleans; following the most brilliant naval achievement upon record. The great rebellion has now been crushed. The National banner has been replaced again throughout the length and breadth of the land. May we not indulge the hope that it will soon be honored and loved as of yore, even by those who madly attempted to dishonor it, and float over a people united in sympathy and good fellowship, as they must be in government and destiny. Return, sir, to the association you represent, my sincere thanks for presenting this flag to the Treasury Department. I will carefully preserve it as a memento of the great trial through which the nation has safely and honorably passed, and of the loyalty of the gallant little band who first gave it to the breeze. It will be preserved, not a reminder of the triumph of one section of the country over another, but of the Union over those who attempted to dismember it; not of a victory of the North over the South, but of constitutional liberty and republican institutions in the great struggle of the Government for the maintenance of both.

I am, very truly yours,
(Signed,) H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of he Treasury.
Dr. Jas. Ready, Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS PAY AND TRANSPORTATION.

The following official order has just been issued in relation to the pay and transportation allowed to officers mustered out of the volunteer service:

War Department, Adjutant-General's Office,
Washington, April 13, 1866.

I.—Officers of the regular army, when mustered out of service, under commissions as volunteers, will be allowed full pay and allowances of their grade in the regular army during the time they are authorized to delay joining their regiments or corps, subsequent to their muster out of the volunteer service, except in cases where they receive leaves of absence in ordinary form on their own application, when the usual regulations will apply which governs pay and allowances of officers on leave.

II.—Such officers, when not furnished transportation in kind, will be allowed mileage from the place where they are mustered out of the volunteer service to the station of their regiments or companies, or place where first assigned to duty after muster out.

III.—Officers of the Volunteer service, including the Veteran Reserve Corps, when mustered out of service or relieved from duty or ordered to their homes to await further orders, are entitled to transportation allowance from the place where they are thus relieved from duty to the place where they were first mustered into the United States service.

IV.—Officers in the volunteer service ordered to their homes preparatory to being mustered out of service are considered as changing station, and entitled to allowances provided for in paragraph 1,113, Revised Army Regulations.

By order of the Secretary of War.
E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

TOBACCO MANUFACTURE AND THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has issued a circular concerning the remanufacturing of tobacco as follows:

By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury the privilege of reworking or remanufacturing old and damaged tobacco with the payment of duties only upon the increased weight, which by the late circular of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was limited to the fifteen days of April, 1866, is hereby extended to all parties now engaged in the business, and having stock on hand, purchased with special reference to reworking the same until the first day of May proximo. But no tobacco purchased on or after the 15th of April inst will be allowed to be reworked without the payment of the same rates of duty as like description of tobacco made from new material.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE....Monday, April 16.

THE NATIONAL SOLDIERS' ASYLUM.

Mr. Wilson reported, without amendment, from the Committee on Military Affairs, a joint resolution appointing managers for a national asylum for disabled volunteers.

ASSAY OFFICES.

Mr. Ramsey presented a bill, which was referred to the Committee on Finance, for the establishment of offices for the melting, assaying and stamping of gold and silver at Aubrey and Tucson, in Arizona; Austin, in Nevada; at Santa Fé, in New Mexico; at Great Salt Lake City, in Utah; at Boise City, in Idaho; at Virginia City, in Montana, and at Dulott, in Minnesota. The remaining provisions, organizing these offices, are similar to the act establishing the New-York Assay-office. By the sixth section, the option is given to the miner to receive his bullion in bars or ingots, less two per centum for cost of assay, or in lieu thereof, to receive gold notes or certificates, payable at the mints in San Francisco or Philadelphia, and which shall also be receivable in payment of all debts due to the United States.

BRIDGING THE MISSISSIPPI.

Mr. Ramsey introduced a resolution authorizing the appointment of a Commission to consist of three officers of the Corps of Engineers of the United States Army, to report next session upon the best plans and proper places for bridging the Mississippi River with least impediment to navigation, and appropriating $10,000 to defray the expenses of the Commission. The preamble enforces the necessity of securing greater safety and economy of railroad transit across the river, and at the same time of protecting navigation from all obstruction, especially with the prevalent mode of towing barges by steamers, which requires a much wider channel-way than formerly.

THE MILITIA BILL.

Mr. Wilson reported from the Military Committee, without amendment, a bill to provide for the National defense by establishing a uniform militia and active volunteer militia force in the United States. The bill has been published in the Senate report heretofore.

THE DUTY ON BARLEY.

Mr. Howard presented a memorial from Detroit manufacturers of malt liquors, asking a reduction of the duty on imported barley. Referred to the Finance Committee.

REIMBURSING NEW-YORK STATE.

Mr. Cowan presented the concurrent resolution of the New-York Legislature, asking Congress to appropriate $878,680 to pay for clothing furnished to soldiers in the War of 1812.

THANKS TO MAJ.-GEN. HANCOCK.

Mr. Wilson, from the Military Committee, reported the resolution of thanks to Gen. Hancock.

THE MINT AT NEW-ORLEANS.

Mr. Stewart offered a joint resolution for the discontinuance of the branch mint at New-Orleans, and the appropriation of its machinery to aid in the completion of a branch mint in Nevada. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

THE ARMY REGISTER.

Mr. Anthony offered a resolution instructing the Military Committee to inquire whether the full army register has been compiled in accordance with a resolution of March 7, 1865; what its cost would be, &c. Adopted.

THE TAX ON WOOL AND WOOLEN GOODS.

Mr. Williams presented the petition of the Oregon City Manufacturing Company, setting forth that they are engaged in the manufacture of woolen cloths, and they are compelled to pay a tax, first on the raw material, and then on the manufactured article. They ask a modification of the Internal Revenue Law, that shall ask them to pay but one tax. Referred to the Finance Committee.

THE SIOUX CITY AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Mr. Howe called up the Senate bill to rescind the order of the President designating the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad a branch of the Pacific Railroad.

Mr. Howard said the order referred to was issued by President Lincoln, Dec. 25, 1864.

Mr. Grimes offered a substitute for Mr. Howard's bill, requiring the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad to construct their Pacific branch upon the best and most direct route, subject to the future approval of the President of the United States.

In the course of the debate Mr. McDougal charged Mr. Conness with having a personal interest in the matter, and that he was discussing the bill with a view to his own interests, and not with a regard to the public good.

Mr. Conness responded in an excited manner that Mr. McDougal was not in a condition to know what he was saying; he was constantly in such a state that he was a disgrace to this body.

Mr. McDougal—I rise, Mr. President, for the purpose of pronouncing the assertion of the Senator a falsehood. I call him to order!

Mr. Conness—Mr. President, I ask to be protected in debate.

The President, *pro tem.*—The Chair will endeavor at all times to protect Senators in debate.

Mr. McDougal—Mr. President, I desire to state a point of order. My colleague has made a statement personal to myself which is false in point of fact. I submit that having made an assertion which is untrue, it is strictly parliamentary for me to pronounce that assertion a falsehood and to call the Senator to order.

Mr. Sumner—Mr. President, I respectfully submit that the Senator cannot be allowed to proceed; he is entering into an argument.

Mr. McDougal—I am stating my point of order.

The Chair was unable to perceive that the Senator had made any point of order.

Mr. McDougal—I repeat that my colleague has uttered a falsehood; that the term which I apply to his remarks is strictly parliamentary, both according to the practice and precedent of the British Parliament and of this Senate for fifty years, and that I have a right to use it.

Mr. Conness—The Senator (McDougal) does not represent California, either politically or morally. He was enfranchised by that State five years ago, since which time he has not returned to see his constituents, or that his constituents might see him. I have been compelled to sit here and submit to the assumptions and representations made by that Senator. I have borne it. I have sat in my place when that Senator, so far from representing that high-toned, moral and courageous constituency, that great sovereignty, sat in his chair, or rather lay in his chair, the object of pity before an audience assembled here from every State in the Union. I have covered my eyes more than once with shame before these exhibitions. My associates now must not understand that I am dead to all considerations of this character, but sit silently and quietly and in pity even for him. I was biding the time when the Senator (Mr. McDougal,) by the termination of his official career, should cease thus to misrepresent, thus to humiliate, thus to shock, and thus to disgrace, not only the State that honored him and enfranchised him, but the American character and the American Senate. But, Sir, I could not bear it this morning, in view of the wanton, unprovoked and disorderly assault made upon myself. The Senator rises here and bandies the word "falsehood." Mr. President, against me the Senator dare not do that out of this body.

Mr. McDougal rose, rapped his desk excitedly, and said: I will do it.

Mr. Conness—Mr. President, I dare not reply, for my Senatorial character is in issue here. I dare not reply here to conduct so despicable as that is. I dare not respond to it, Sir. In my character for truth and veracity and for honor, and in the representative character, I have no comparison to make, Sir, with him. I shrink, Sir, from the contrast as from all the pollution that hell could vomit forth in its most disgusting form. I have no contrast to make, Mr. President, with charity, with kindness, with what was due to the Senatorial relation, notwithstanding the provocation in every point of view. I would, at any time since I have been sent here, have sacrificed them all before the high and imperious duty of vindicating this great American forum, and would have cast a vote any day for the expulsion of Senator McDougal, because of his offences, committed here, again and again, against the dignity of this body. But, Sir, I could not lead in such a work, forgetful of this consideration in his behalf. He has repeated, again and again, these outrages and violations of order, and decorum, and dignity, until forbearance has ceased to be a virtue. The Senate have constantly done themselves and the country a wrong. It was not enough, Mr. President, for that Senator that this great body had concluded that he was not fit to be any longer a member of any of its committees to sit upon legislative questions. That silent, but most positive condemnation, so far from bringing reformation or change, has sunk and degraded the object still more, Sir, until having no character to lose, and nothing in controversy, he rises here and commits the last offence this morning.

Mr. Johnson rose and suggested that it would be better to discontinue a discussion of this kind.

Mr. McDougal rose to interrupt Mr. Johnson to say a few words.

Mr. Johnson declined to yield.

Mr. Conness said he had closed his remarks in relation to his colleague. He felt as deeply as any man could feel the pain of this whole proceeding. He regretted it. But he could say no less than he had said under the provocation he had received.

Mr. McDougal rose and said he would be more respectful in his language than his colleague, whom he would not speak of as the sober, but as the superb Senator (Conness.) There was a little story that would suit the case. It was that of a man by the name of Pettigrew, of South Carolina, who had won a case at law against a family, the fighting member of which met him one day, and walking up to him, said, "Mr. Pettigrew, you are a d—d liar." Pettigrew took no notice. Then, said he, "Pettigrew, you are a G—d d—d scoundrel," Pettigrew took no notice. Then, said he, "Pettigrew, you are a G—d d—d son of a b—h.

The Chair, Mr. Foster, interrupted Mr. McDougal, to say that such stories, containing such language, ought not to be repeated in the Senate.

Mr. McDougal then said he would make a few remarks, due to himself. He proceeded to relate what occurred during the contest in the California Legislature when he was elected Senator. A gentleman, then a State Senator of California, called on him and urged him to be a candidate. He declined, but afterward agreed to run and this same person became his violent enemy, and the advocate of a man who was in favor of establishing Slavery in California. When the election was over, and he, Mr. McDougal, was successful, this State Senator called on him to congratulate him. He declined his congratulations, knowing him to have been his enemy. These were men who never could cease to slander those whom they had once injured.

On motion of Mr. Doolittle, further consideration of the pending bill was postponed until morning.

THE SALE OF LIQUORS IN THE CAPITOL.

The Senate agreed to the appointment of the Committee of Conference on the resolution to prohibit the sale of liquors in the Capitol.

A NAVY-YARD AT ANNAPOLIS.

Mr. Johnson introduced a bill authorizing the establishment of a Navy-yard and coal and naval depot at the harbor of Annapolis, Md., which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

RELIEF OF NAVAL CONTRACTORS.

Mr. Hendricks called up the bill from the Naval Committee for the relief of certain naval contractors, directing the payment to certain parties of the sums named in the bill, to make good losses sustained by the building of iron-clads. After some remarks from Mr. Hendricks in favor of the bill, Mr. Grimes offered a substitute for it, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to the parties named in the bills the sums accredited to them by a Naval Board appointed by resolution of March last, provided that, except in the case of the *Camanche*, the amount shall not exceed twelve per cent. of the original contract price.

Mr. Sumner offered an amendment declaring Mr. Donald McKay, of Boston, and Miles Greenwood, of Cincinnati, to be entitled to the same rate of compensation as is provided for the parties building the same kind of vessels built by them.

Mr. Nye moved to strike out 12 per cent., and insert 15 per cent. in Mr. Grimes' amendment.

On motion of Mr. Wade, further consideration of the above was postponed until to-morrow.

THE HABEAS CORPUS BILL.

The bill in relation to the *habeas corpus* was taken up but without taking action.

The Senate at 4:30 o'clock went into Executive session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The first business in order being the call of States for bills and joint resolutions,

ANOTHER AMENDMENT.

Mr. Hill introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States in the apportionment of Representatives according to the number of voters in the several States, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

ELECTIONS.

Mr. Jenckes introduced a bill providing for the election of members of Congress, which was referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

REIMBURSEMENT OF NEW-YORK STATE.

Mr. Ward introduced a bill authorizing payment to the State of New-York of $877,628, for the purpose of paying the claims of the militia of that State who served in the war of 1812, for clothing and other contingent expenses.

The bill was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. Ward also presented the resolutions of the Legislature of New-York on the same subject.

NON-RESIDENTS.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, introduced a bill authorizing non-residents to have deeds recorded in the office of the Clerk of the United States District and Circuit Courts, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

NIAGARA FALLS SHIP-CANAL.

Mr. Paine introduced a bill to provide for the transportation of vessels around the Falls of Niagara, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Roads.

MINNESOTA RAILROADS.

Mr. Donnelly introduced a bill making a grant of land to the State of Minnesota, to aid in the construction of the Hastings (Minnesota) River and Red River of the North Railroad, which was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

NEBRASKA.

Mr. Hitchcock, of Nebraska, introduced a bill to provide for the erection of a Penitentiary in the Territory of Nebraska, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Territories.

Mr. Hitchcock also introduced a bill to remove the office of Surveyor-General of the States of Iowa and Wisconsin to Portsmouth, Nebraska, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS AND CONGRESSIONAL LIBRARY.

Mr. Hayes introduced a joint resolution to authorize the distribution of a portion of the surplus copies of the American State papers in the custody of the Secretary of the Interior.

Mr. Hayes also introduced a joint resolution extending the privilege of the library of Congress to certain officers of the United States, including the General-in-Chief, heads of Bureaus, &c.

Both resolutions were read twice and referred to the Committee on the Library.

CLAIM AGENTS.

The call of States for bills having been concluded, the next business in order, during the morning hour, was the call of States for resolutions.

Mr. Hayes offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the punishment, by imprisonment or otherwise, of persons who, as agents of attorneys for the collection of bounty, pensions, &c., shall collect and convert the same to their own use.

THE WIRZ TRIAL.

Mr. Garfield offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the Secretary of War to have prepared for publication the proceedings on the trial of Henry Wirz, embracing as nearly as possible, in the language of the witnesses, a summary of the testimony given, and the decision, finding and sentence of the Court, together with the address of the Judge-Advocate, and that made in defence of the prisoner.

TAXATION OF CURRENCY.

Mr. Plants presented the joint resolutions of the Lgeislature of Ohio in favor of subjecting to State taxation national currency and other obligations. They were referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

MURDERS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Mr. Schenck offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Secretary of War to communicate to the House the report of the Judge-Advocate-General, and such other information as may be on record or on file in his Department, showing what are the facts in the case, and what steps have been taken to bring to justice and punishment the murderers of eighteen soldiers of the First and Second Regiments of North Carolina loyal infantry, alleged to have been tried and executed by order of the rebel Gens. Picket and Hoke, under the pretext of their being deserters from the Confederate service.

FRENCH IN MEXICO.

Mr. McKee offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the President to communicate to the House any correspondence with the French Government with regard to the withdrawal of the forces from Mexico which may have been exchanged since the correspondence communicated to the House with the President's message of Jan. 5, 1866; whether that correspondence has been published by the French Government among the official documents communicated to the French Chambers, or not, and especially any correspondence in regard to any specific promise from the French Emperor to put a stop to his proceedings in the sister Republic of Mexico, and discontinue Imperialism there.

AMENDMENT OF THE RULES.

Mr. Paine offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Rules to inquire into, and report on the expediency of providing by amendment of the rules, that when the House shall have under consideration a bill or resolution returned by the President with his objection, neither a motion to lay on the table, nor a motion to postpone indefinitely, shall be in order.

Mr. Eldridge moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was lost by a vote of 45 yeas against 57 nays.

The resolution was then adopted.

THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

Mr. Ingersoll offered a resolution, instructing the Committee for the District of Columbia to inquire into the expediency of establishing by law the "eight-hour system," as it is called, as constituting a day's work for the District of Columbia.

Mr. Farnsworth asked if the resolution should not be so amended by reducing the time to six hours and a half.

Other members suggested six hours and a quarter, and other limits of time.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, suggested that a proposition on the subject of the Government employes in the District was before the Committee on the Judiciary, and that the Committee had taken action on it.

Mr. Ingersoll said he was aware of that. But this resolution went further, and proposed to establish by law a regulation of the hours of labor in the District for all laboring classes.

Mr. Farnsworth moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was lost by a vote of 16 ayes against 91 nays.

The morning hour having expired, the resolution went over until next Monday.

SALE OF LIQUORS IN THE CAPITAL.

On motion of Mr. Wentworth, the House then proceeded to the business on the Speaker's table, when the concurrent resolution prohibiting the sale of spirituous liquors and other liquors in the Capitol building and grounds was taken up, the Senate having disagreed to the amendment of the House extending the resolution to the other public buildings and grounds in the District.

On motion of Mr. Wentworth, the House insisted on its amendment, and asked for a Committee of Conference.

NEWSPAPERS.

Mr. Stevens asked leave to offer the following resolution:

Whereas, It is important that our legations abroad shall be kept truly advised of the state of the country; therefore be it

Resolved by the House, the Senate concurring, That the Clerk of the House be directed to furnish three copies of the *Morning Chronicle* to each of our foreign legations, consular agents and commercial agents, for the use of said legations and attachés, and that he pay the same out of the contingent fund of the House.

Mr. Rogers objected.

Mr. Hale made the question of order that this was a proposition to devote part of the contingent fund of the House to a purpose entirely outside of the organization and duties of the House.

The Speaker overruled the point of order. In an appropriation bill a sum was set apart for the contingent expenses of the House, and it was for the House itself to determine how that sum should be disbursed.

Mr. Stevens moved to suspend the rules in order to enable him to offer the resolution.

The House refused to suspend the rules by a vote of 60 yeas against 44 nays—not two-thirds.

SALARIES OF NAVAL OFFICERS.

Mr. Rogers presented the joint resolutions of the New-Jersey Legislature in favor of increasing the salaries of naval officers; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

WISCONSIN RAILROADS.

Messrs. Eldridge and Cobb presented the joint resolutions of the Wisconsin Legislature in favor of changing the route of the Land Grant Railroad from Portage to Superior. It was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

THE RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

Mr. Boutwell, from the Committee on Reconstruction, reported to the House additional testimony taken in reference to Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia and Mississippi. It was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

CONFISCATION.

Mr. Farnsworth offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire whether any and what action is necessary to confiscate the title to lands that were purchased by the late Confederate States, and used for prison camps and other purposes.

PERSONAL EXPLANATIONS.

Mr. Whaley rose to make a personal explanation in reference to an article in the Cincinnati *Daily Gazette*, making fun of him and describing him as a rather ignorant man, who had been badly "sold" in the House some weeks ago, by the Latin phrase "et al" occurring frequently in the accounts of the Commissioner of Agriculture, some one suggesting that Mr. Whaley was responsible for the appointment of this very expensive "Mr. Et Al;" an imputation which Mr. Whaley at the time ignorantly repudiated. The correspondent described the incident, and it was to his description of it that Mr. Whaley objected as unkind and ungenerous. It was too common a thing, he thought, for reporters to slander members.

Mr. Rogers rose to make a personal explanation in reference to a paragraph which appeared in the New-York Times of Friday last, reflecting on Mr. Conkling in connection with the introduction of the Bankrupt Bill, which he had been instrumental in defeating. He himself had thought of introducing it again, in order to revive the Committee; but he had judged it better to let it come from one of the members of majority side of the House, and the Speaker, whom he had consulted, had agreed with him on the propriety of having Mr. Conkling introduce the bill. [Laughter.] He was convinced that the country should have some kind of a Bankrupt bill, and so was Mr. Conkling. It was a mere matter of courtesy to Mr. Jenckes that the bill was introduced—not to take away any of the prestige of the gentleman from Rhode Island.

The Speaker explained that on the rejection of the Bankrupt Bill, he had informed the gentleman from New-York (Mr. Conkling) and some other gentleman, as it was his duty to duty to do, in reference to parliamentary questions, that the Special Committee on Bankrupt law could be revived by the introduction of a new bill, and its reference to that committee.

Mr. Conkling expressed his obligation to the gentleman from New-Jersey for making the explanation. He had done an act of personal courtesy and justice, which from a political opponent was always a refreshing relief from the monotony of party spirit.

Mr. Ross suggested that he would like to see some of that refreshing matter come from the Republican side of the House.

Mr. Conkling proceeded. He had satisfied himself that the malicious and somewhat venomous paragraph which had been read was not telegraphed to the New-York Times by either of the avowed and responsible Washington correspondents of that paper. From a long acquaintance with one of those gentlemen, he should have been very much surprised if he had made use of a mere act of personal courtesy to defame any member of the House.

Mr. Jenckes stated his belief that the fact was as had been stated by both gentlemen from New-Jersey and New-York. The bill had been reintroduced while he was absent from his seat, but immediately upon his return, the gentleman (Mr. Conkling) explained the reasons of his action, and received his (Mr. Jenckes') thanks therefor. He had no connection whatever with the origination or publication of the paragraph.

Mr. Raymond said he rose neither to make disclaimers nor admissions. He simply rose in consequence of the somewhat peculiar language which his colleague (Mr. Conkling) had seen fit to apply to the paragraph in question. This was the first time the New-York Times had been drawn into this controversy. He had understood that paragraph to have appeared in other papers. His colleague had acquitted two gentlemen of all responsibility for that paragraph; but whether they would be obliged to him for his voluntary acquittal, was their concern. He did not know but that his colleague might have intended, from some peculiarity in his manners and emphasis, to throw the responsibility on him, (Mr. Raymond,) as the known editor of the paper. However, when his colleague would be more plain and explicit on that point, he (Mr. Raymond) would be prepared to give him such an answer as the case might require.

Mr. Conkling said that if his colleague thought there was anything in the evidence, circumstantial or otherwise, before the House, calling on him to admit or disclaim having telegraphed, or inspired a libel on one of his colleagues, and was a question for him. He repeated that he had reasons to believe that neither of the ordinary correspondents of the Times sent that paragraph.

Mr. Raymond said he did not feel disposed to disclaim or admit anything on the strength of such an appeal as his colleague had seen fit to make. He had not seen the paragraph, and had supposed, when it was read at the desk, that it was from the New-York *Herald*. All he knew about the matter was that he was informed immediately after his colleague had introduced a bill that after killing the bill he had introduced it in precisely the same terms. He presumed he repeated the fact to several people. He did not remember whether he had repeated the fact to any newspaper correspondent. He had never had any feeling against his colleague in this or any other matter, and had never expressed any by correspondence or in conversation.

Mr. Conkling desired to make one very emphatic disclaimer—that was that he had made no appeal whatever to his colleague. If his colleague felt called upon to say anything on the subject, it was in consequence of a prompting other than any suggestion of his. The bill which he had introduced was one sent to him by gentlemen from New-Jersey, and he had, even without looking at it, sent it to the Clerk's desk, with the simple motive of having it referred to the Select Committee on the Bankrupt Law, and thus reviving that Committee. Every gentleman knew the animus of the paragraph. It was an accusation that the person referred to had been paltering with here in a double sense; that he had been defeating a bill, so far as it was in his power to do so, and then reintroducing it and claiming it as his own. He therefore repeated that it was an extraordinary statement and a venomous one, and he would stand by what he said. If others were content to leave it there, he was quite content.

Mr. Raymond said he was not quite content to leave it just there. He begged now to say, as he had said before, that he was in no sense responsible for that paragraph, except, possibly, by conversation with others, he might have made himself responsible for the fact stated in it—the fact that his colleague, having opposed the bill and contributed to its defeat, immediately reintroduced the same bill. That was a fact, and, in the absence of any explanation, he would take leave to say that the circumstance gave rise to a construction which might or might not be venomous, but was certainly not complimentary. He (Mr. Raymond) put no such construction on it, but he would take the liberty to say that others did. The explanation given was satisfactory, he supposed, to all; it was to the gentleman who was the acknowledged author of the bill. With that explanation the matter was clear enough; without, he submitted, it was not clear enough.

After some further skirmishing, harmless in its effects, the matter was allowed to drop.

THE DUTY ON WOOL.

Mr. Van Horn, of New-York, presented petitions from Niagara and Genesee Counties, New-York, signed by 245 citizens, asking for an increase of the duty on wool.

REIMBURSEMENT OF NEW-YORK STATE.

Mr. Ketcham presented the concurrent resolutions of the Legislature of the State of New-York in regard to the adjudicated claims of the militia of that State who served in the war of 1812.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Conkling presented the petition of the owners of several flax mills praying that a duty of at least fifty per cent. *ad valorem* be laid on coarse flax, yarns, coarse linens, hemp and jute goods, and no duty on foreign flax for fine fabrics; and also a petition of the citizens of Utica praying for the passage of laws regulating inter-State insurances. They were referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

THE ARMY BILL.

The House took up the regular order of business, and proceeded to consider the bill reported from the Committee on Military Affairs to reorganize and establish the army of the United States. The pending question being on the amendment to the 3d section,

Mr. Stevens moved to amend the section by providing that two of the new cavalry regiments shall be composed of colored men.

Mr. Chandler opposed the amendment, and demanded the yeas and nays.

The amendment was agreed to by a vote of 69 yeas against 28 nays.

Several other amendments were proposed and discussed, and some were agreed to.

Mr. Ross moved to recommit the bill to the Military Committee, with instructions to modify, to remodel it, on the plan of reducing the army to 40,000.

Mr. Rogers made a speech in favor of the proposed reduction, which Mr. Blaine characterized as a slashy, washy style of debate.

The motion was lost.

Mr. Rogers moved to amend the third section, by adding to it a proviso that the army should exceed 30,000.

Mr. Schenck submitted that the amendment was not in order.

Mr. Rogers appealed to Mr. Schenck to wait until he found out his object.

Mr. Schenck—Oh, I know your object. It is to make the same old speech that we have heard on every occasion.

Mr. Rogers protested that it was not.

The point of order was overruled by the Speaker *pro tem.*, Mr. Washburne, of Illinois.

Mr. Rogers said he wished to vindicate himself from the malicious assaults which the gentleman from Maine (Mr. Blaine) was in the habit of making upon him whenever he (Mr. Rogers) addressed the House. He always confined himself to the question before the House, and never digressed from the subject. [Laughter.] He made no general speeches, and no Saturday speeches, and he should be treated at least with common respect by the gentleman from Maine. The House would recollect how that the gentleman had abused him and treated him in the most shameful and indecorous manner on the occasion, some weeks since, of his speaking to a series of resolutions which he had offered. It was most contemptible and indiscreet on the part of that gentleman to undertake to browbeat and malign him whenever he addressed the House.

Mr. Blaine pleaded that the gentleman from New-Jersey could only point to two occasions where he had given him cause to complain, out of the multitude of times that he (Mr. Rogers) had addressed the house during the three sessions they had been together. He confessed that he had spoken roughly. On the gentleman's appeal to him, he was willing to apologize.

Mr. Rogers accepted the apology, and withdrew his amendment.

After further amendments to the third section, the House proceeded to the consideration of the fourth section.

The bill as far as considered and amended, the first section, however, having been passed over informally, provides as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the military force establishment of the United States shall hereafter consist of five regiments of artillery, twelve regiments of cavalry, fifty-five regiments of infantry, the Professors and corps of cadets of the United States Military Academy, and such other forces as shall be provided for by this act, to be known as the Army of the United States.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the five regiments of artillery provided for by this act shall consist of the five regiments now organized, and the First, Second, Third and Fourth Regiments of artillery shall have the same organization as is now prescribed by law for the Fifth Regiment of artillery. Provided, that the regimental adjutants, quartermasters and Commissaries shall hereafter be extra first lieutenants.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That to the six regiments of cavalry now in service, there shall be added six regiments, two of which shall be composed of colored men having the same organization as is now provided by law for cavalry regiments; and in making appointments to fill the original vacancies in the regiments thus provided for, and for a period of three years after the passage of this act, and all the First and Second Lieutenants, and two-thirds of the officers of each of the grades above that of First Lieutenant, shall be selected from among the officers and soldiers of volunteers who have served in the Army of the United States in the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, and have been distinguished for capacity, good conduct and efficient service, provided, however, that graduates of the United States Military Academy shall immediately upon such graduation be eligible to appointment as Second Lieutenants, and that after the original vacancies are filled, enlisted men of the regular army, who shall have served at least one year, shall, in like manner be eligible to appointment as Second Lieutenants. Any portion of the cavalry force herein authorized may be dismounted and armed and drilled as infantry, at the discretion of the President; but the number so dismounted shall be taken, so far as the interests of the service will permit proportionately and impartially from the several cavalry regiments. Each cavalry regiment shall hereafter have but one hospital steward, and the regimental Adjutants, Quartermaster and Commissioners shall hereafter be extra First Lieutenants; and such regiment shall have one Veterinary Surgeon whose compensation shall be $100 per month.

The fourth section, which now came before the House for amendment, reads as follows:

And be it further enacted, That the infantry regiments herein provided for shall consist of the first ten regiments of infantry of ten companies each, now in service; of twenty-seven regiments, to be formed by adding two new companies to each of the twenty-seven battalions constituting the remaining nine regiments; of ten regiments to be raised and officered as hereinafter provided for to be called the Veteran Reserve Corps; and of eight regiments of colored men to be raised and affirmed as hereinafter provided, to be known as United States colored troops.

Mr. Boyer moved to amend the section by striking out all in reference to the Veteran Reserve Corps and to colored troops.

The amendment was lost by a vote of yeas, 16; nays, 79.

Mr. Davis moved to amend by striking out the words, "Of ten regiments to be raised and officered as hereinafter provided for to be called the Veteran Reserve Corps."

He addressed the House in support of his amendment.

Mr. Ingersoll opposed the motion, speaking in highly complimentary terms of the Veteran Reserve Corps, which ought to be retained, he said, as the Old Guard of the Republic.

Mr. Eldridge inquired why it was such a glorious thing to belong to the army. The gentleman from Illinois had not sought that privilege for himself.

Mr. Ingersoll—I was required at home, Sir, during the war, to take care of just such contemptible Copperheads as the gentleman from Wisconsin. (Laughter.) If all the honest and patriotic gentlemen like myself had gone to the front, such Copperheads as that gentleman would have taken the Government of the country, and it would have gone to eternal ruin. [Laughter and applause on the floor and in the galleries.]

The Speaker *pro tem.* (Mr. Washburne, of Illinois,) declared that the applause in the galleries and in the hall was out of order.

Mr. Rogers asked the Chair whether it was in order in public debate to abuse a fellow-member of the House by calling him a contemptible Copperhead.

The Speaker *pro tem.* thought that that was not in order.

Mr. Eldridge—I wish the decision was the other way, for the gentleman (Mr. Ingersoll) certainly has no more contempt for me than I have for him. [Encouragement from the Democratic side.]

Mr. Ingersoll—I do not care anything about what the gentleman says. I have had to hear the slang and slanders of such as he for several years. I did not personally call him contemptible. I applied the term to a political party that has embarrassed the Union, encouraged the rebellion, and done all it could to defeat the North in the late war. I do call such people contemptible.

Mr. Rodgers protested that it was out of order for a member to abuse the members of another party, unless they had an opportunity to reply. If that opportunity was given, he was willing to let the whole day be devoted to that. If there were traitors and disunionists anywhere, there were in the ranks of the opposite party. (Calls to order.)

Mr. Ingersoll wished to say a word.

Mr. Eldridge insisted that as the Chair had decided the gentleman from Illinois to be out of order, he must be compelled, under the rules, to take his seat.

The Speaker *pro tem.* directed Mr. Ingersoll to take his seat, which he did amid much laughter.

Mr. Rice, of Maine, moved that the gentleman from Illinois be allowed to proceed in order.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Ingersoll resuming, said, suppose Jeff. Davis should object, should I pay any attention to it.

Mr. Rogers raised the point of order that Jeff. Davis had nothing to do with the question before the House.

Mr. Ingersoll—He may have if that party ever gets into power. Jeff. Davis will be one of its leaders.

The Speaker, *pro tem*, sustained the point of order.

M. Eldridge made another point of order that the gentleman from Illinois had no right to charge members of this House that they were followers of Jefferson Davis, or that he was their leader. That was an abuse of the privilege of the House.

The Speaker *pro tem.* decided that Mr. Ingersoll was not in order in his remarks as not being pertinent to the subject under discussion.

Mr. Eldridge submitted that the gentleman was out of order in charging members on his side of the House with being followers of Jeff. Davis. That, he said, was his question of order.

The Speaker *pro tem.* (with much seriousness of manner)—The Chair cannot decide whether that is in order or not. [Outbursts of laughter.]

Mr. Rogers offered to withdraw all objection and let Mr. Ingersoll proceed if members on his side were allowed to answer him.

The Speaker *pro tem.*—The gentleman from Illinois is entitled to the floor, and will proceed in order.

Mr. Ingersoll, resuming,—I was showing the necessity of preserving the Veteran Reserve Corps, and for that purpose was showing that from present indications the rebel power is to be restored in this country with Jeff. Davis at its head.

Mr. Ross inquired whether his colleague had heard of the last municipal election in Peoria, Ill.

Mr. Ingersoll repeated that he had, that there was a very heavy Copperhead majority there. He was sorry to say that men had been pardoned who were as deeply dyed in crime as Jeff. Davis and his accomplices and co-conspirators. He wanted the Veteran Reserve Corps as an organization to protect the country against such men.

The Speaker here announced that the gentleman's fifteen minutes, by which the debate was limited, had expired.

The House thereupon, at 4:15 P. M., adjourned.

The Lottery Case.

In our report of the case of Sinclair Webb, charged with selling lottery tickets without a license, some essential points were not stated with sufficient clearness. The facts of the case are these:

Webb procured a license for a collector to sell policies, without procuring the bond of the Mangers, who consist of Ben. Wood, John Morrissey, Charles H. Murray, Wm. C. France, John A. Morris and Richard France. The law reads that "no license shall hereafter issue until the Managers of a lottery now existing shall give bonds in the sum of $1,000 that the person receiving such license shall not sell any ticket or supplementary ticket of such lottery, which has not been duly stamped according to law." It will be seen that this places all parties engaged in this business completely in the power of the Managers. Webb alleges that the Managers refused to give him a bond, as requested, unless he, Webb, gave them his business. This he could not do and live on the commission, which is established at 12½ per cent. Hence this prosecution. The question is, Who are the Managers? and if the license and receipts of the collection is not sufficient to justify Webb in carrying on his business.

The implication that other parties were concerned in the affair seems to have been gratuitous. Whether the case will be prosecuted to a final adjudication remains doubtful.

Concert by Barili.—The well-known musical instructor, Barili, announces a grand concert at the Brooklyn Athenæum for Thursday evening next. The programme is an exceedingly attractive one. It consists mainly of Italian, German and Spanish pieces. Barili and C. A. During will execute the piano accompaniments, and Signor Girolamo Forsati, the popular basso, has volunteered his services.

[Advertisement.]

Spotted Like Dominoes.

The teeth soon become speckled if every defilement is not removed from them every twenty-four hours. To do this effectually there is nothing like SOZODONT. It literally renders the enamel impervious and indestructible.

[Advertisement.]

Elegant patterns of English Royal velvet and Brussels carpetings at a tremendous reduction in prices, at Hiram Anderson's, No. 99 Bowery; Lowell three-ply and ingrain carpets; rugs, mats, oil cloths, embroidered table and piano covers, at very low prices; white and checked mattings, at thirty and forty cents per yard. Look for No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

The Saratoga "Star" Spring Water Depot removed to No. 12 Vesey-st., New-York, first door from the Astor House. D. WESTON, Agent.

Passengers Arrived.

April 12.—*In steamship City of New-York, from Liverpool*—Mrs. Vallance, Miss Vallance, two children and nurse, Mrs. Phillips, Miss Ridley, Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Buchin, Alfred Sylvester, Alfred Hill, E. T. Boag, E. C. Schroder, Misses Emily and Harriet Schroder, William Wherry, Mr. and Mrs. Dentes, Charles Becker and wife and the Master Becker, W. Cundley, Albert Walker, Jos. Miller, John Phillips, Jas. Wharton, T. W. Sands, F. Adams, And. Wallace, Ed. W. B. Jackson, John D. Gray, Wm. Morgan, Mrs. Wallace and 2 children, Mrs. Fanny Ham and child, Mrs. Grafton, Edward Lagarde and lady, Fred. Keller, Wm. B. Wood, Edward and Vincent Schroder, Chas. W. Swift, Dr. J. Youmans, Robert Fenn, John D. Arcy, George Lee, Geo. Burkett, J. F. and J. A. Rodhouse, Mr. Koheing, Simon Ross, L. M. Hall, and 719 in the steerage.

In steamship Guiding Star, from New-Orleans and Havana—Gen. Winfield Scott and servant, Dr. Sheldon and wife, child and servant, Mr. Hackett and wife, Col. Holmstedt and wife, Miss Suler, F. Schreder and wife, P. Reber, C. Vinayr, Master C. Goodwin, C. A. Smith, W. E. Chedell, Mrs. Jaubert and child, E. E Parker and wife, H. V. Wilson and wife, C. Balfour, J. R. Chamberlin, G. G. Mumger, Mr. Eames, Miss Eames, Mr. Godell, wife and two children; W. H. Hallett, G. O. Hall, W. C. Blake, Gen. G. C. Garcia, A. Nevino, M. Meyer, N. M. Goodrich, Dr. E. Ames, Mrs. Page, Miss Heise, F. A. Starring, Hon. Mr. Zevelay, Mrs. J. D. Thompson and servant, J. W. Marsden, Mrs. Ward, child and servant, D. L. Bennett, J. W. Baird and wife, A. G. Sawyer and wife, A. Koenig and family, A. Colborn and wife, C. A. Wrienneck, T. M. Jackson, F. Davis, C. W. Kellog, Mrs. J. A. Whalen, E. Barnett, Mrs. Phelps, H. Join, C. C. Drew, M. R. Blow, C. A. Wyckoff, S. Seymour, L. D. Morse, Mrs. Weed and child, Mast Hoyt, Mrs. Thompson, W. J. Starks, E. Wright, W. B. Hidden, Miss Warrick, Mrs. O. C. Liechardt, Mrs. Woolsey, Mrs. Hopkins, C. Lewis, M. Cash, E. Duane, E. Lott, R. Valentine, C. Meuir, J. W. Whiting, S. M. Smith, E. DuBeera, T. L Vina, C. Thorel, Mr. Saig and lady, Mr. Harding, C. H. Denison, Miss Antonivi, H. A. Babcock, Miss Matterson, and 38 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 19 | Sun sets..... 6 41 | Moon sets.... 9 40

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 9 36 | Gov. Island. 10 26 | Hell Gate.... 11 47

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, April 16.

Cleared.

Steamship Georgia, Dewar, St. Thomas, Williams & Guion; Sea Gull, Fish, Baltimore, J. B. Smull.

Steamer Fannie, Fenton, Philadelphia.

Ships Chieftain, McGuire, Providence, C. L. Wright & Co.; St. Mark's, Hewes, Liverpool, Union Navigation Co.

Barks Legundo Barelo, (Span.,) Fontrodona, Barcelona, Galway & Casado; Harriet Ralli, (Fr.,) Bonefay, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; J. C. McLaren, Corning, Philadelphia, Brett, Son & Co.; Ella Virginia, Hall, Zanzibar, &c., Green, Arnold & Co.; A. M. Eray, Gray, Savannah, J. E. Ward & Co.

Schooners Ridgewood, Derrickson, Wilmington, N. C., Thomas & Holmes; Burdett Hart, Denton, Mobile, I. S. Gager; Eureka, (Br.,) Le Blanc, St. John's, N. F., B. F. Small & Co.; Eagle, Hendrickson, Washington, N. C., Demill & Co.; W. S. Baker, Pierce, St. George's, Grenada, B. J. Wenberg.

Sloops Oak, Davis, East Haven, Rackett, Tooker & Taylor; Thos. Hull, Hull, Providence.

Arrived.

Steamship City of New-York, (Br.,) Leitch, Liverpool April 4, Queenstown 5th, with mdse. and 780 passengers to John G. Dale. 4th, off Bardsey, passed steamship City of Boston, bound in. 6th, [illegible] A. M., a Cunard steamer, bound E. 12th, 9:30 A. M., lat. 42 15, lon. 50 51, two steamers, bound E.; 12th, lat. 42 1, lon. 53 15, a Co.'s steamer, supposed to be the City of Limerick, bound E.

Steamship Teazer, Hamilton, Apalachicola and Key West April 11, with cotton, &c., to R. Lowden. Off Highsboro Inlet, passed schr. Lewis L. Davis, from Mobile, bound N. Off Cape Carnaveral, passed ship J. L. Bogart, from Apalachicola. Schr. Kate Merrill sailed from Apalachicola for New-York April 8. Steamer Trade Wind, at Key West, for New-York same day.

Steamship Marathon, (Br.,) McMicken, Liverpool April 4, Queenstown 5th, with mdse. and 521 passengers to E. Cunard.

Steamship Zodiac, Childs, Morehead City, N. C., 50 hours, with cotton and resin to Murray, Ferris & Co. Had strong N. E. winds and thick weather from Cape Henry.

Steamship Guiding Star, Berry, New-Orleans April 7, and Havana 12th, with mdse. and passengers to Jas. A. Raynor.

Steamship Starlight, Pedrick, Wilmington, N. C., with mdse. and passengers to Arthur Leary.

Steamship Albemarle, Bourne, Richmond and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Fox & Co.

Steamship Saratoga, King, Richmond and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to G. Heineken & Palmore.

Ship Ilos, (Norw.,) Salancus, Leghorn 64 ds., with marble and rags to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Bark Johannes, (Brem.,) Klockgeter, Bremen 41 ds., with mdse. and 145 passengers to Leopold Huffer. No date, lat. 40 20, lon. 67, spoke brig A P L, of Arichat, hence for Newfoundland. Saw several icebergs in lat. 42 30, lon. 50 30.

Bark Live Oak, (of Liverpool,) Mitchell, Liverpool, via Holyhead, and Bermuda 7 ds., with coal to Arthur Leary. Put into Bermuda in distress.

Bark Horace Beals, Blankenship, Arroyo, P. R., 19 ds., with sugar, &c., to Chas. L. Colby.

Bark Auguste, (Russ.,) Gardberg, Bordeaux 43 ds., with mdse. to Simonin & Cazade. No date, lat. 48, lon. 45, was struck by lightning, knocking several of the men down and damaging the rigging.

Bark Talisman, (Br.,) Anderson, Rio Janeiro 38 ds., with coffee to J. L. Phipps & Co.

Bark Clodian, (of London,) Phillips, Colombo, Ceylon, 85 ds., with coffee, &c., to Sturges, Bennett & Co.

Bark Margarita Blance, (Prus.,) Hupun, Liverpool 50 ds., with salt to order.

Bark Caroline Elizabeth, (Br.,) Woollan, Singapore 100 ds., with mdse. to Hallett & Robbins.

Bark Orinoke, (Brem.,) Garrels, Rio Janeiro 37 ds., with coffee to G. Heineken & Palmore.

Bark Ariadne, (of Pictou, N. S.,) Frazer, Montevideo 73 ds., with wool and hides to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig Ida, Haines, Ardrossan, via Queenstown 45 ds., with iron, &c., to J. W. Elwell & Co.

Brig Abilene, (Br.,) Nelson, Maitland, N. S., 11 ds., with plaster to H. J. De Wolf & Co.

Brig Henry Laurens, Squires, Ponce, P. R., 23 ds., with molasses to D. Trowbridge. Had light winds and calms up to the 8th inst.; on that experienced a heavy gale from N. E., which lasted 48 hours. 10th inst., in the gulf, saw a ship's boat and pieces of a vessel's bulwarks.

Brig Mercedes, (Br.,) Kohl, Cienfuegos 16 ds., with sugar to Fowler & Jova.

Brig Favorite, Duell, Mayaguez, P. R., 20 ds., with molasses to H. Trowbridge's Sons. Has had light easterly winds the entire passage.

Brig Onesiphorus, (of St. John, N. B.,) Maine, Remedios 17 ds., with sugar, &c., to P. Hanford.

Brig Katie, (Dan.,) Robinson, St. Croix 18 ds., with sugar, &c., to P. Hanford.

Brig Edward Windus, (Br.,) Jones, Rio Janeiro 57 ds., with coffee to McCully & Marsh.

Schr. S. P. Adams, Tabbutt, Neuvitas 12 ds., with sugar and molasses to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. Village Queen, Satterly, Georgetown, D. C., with coal.

Schr. Paran, Clark, Machias 13 ds., with lumber to J. A. Simpson.

Schr. Virginia, Bearse, Boston, with mdse. to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. Princess, Lovell, Boston, with mdse. to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. R. H. Huntly, Nickerson, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Anna Gardner, Knowles, Bath, with lumber to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. Melbourne, Parsons, Bath, with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Reward, (Br.,) Masters, Windsor, N. S., 11 ds., with plaster to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. Alice Scranton, Gladwin, Norwich, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Chas. McDonald, Baker, Baltimore, for Providence.

Schr. Convoy, Merrill, Rockland, with lime to W. S. Brown.

Schr. Lady Suffolk, Pendleton, Bath, with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Angola, (Br.,) Crane, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Schr. S. S. Lee, Jordan, Wilmington, N. B., 12 ds., with naval stores to master.

Schr. John Tracy, Inman, Baltimore.

Schr. J. B. Thomas, Arnold, Virginia.

Schr. A. W. Collins, Tucker, Virginia.

Schr. Miranda, Hardy, Virginia.

Schr. M. Snow, Rich, Virginia.

Schr. Magyar, Seward, Virginia.

Schr. J. G. Ferris, Bartine, Virginia.

Schr. E. M. Daffish, Jones, Virginia.

Schr. L. Booth, Longstreet, Virginia.

Schr. Edwin, Tuttle, Baltimore.

Schr. R. Johnson, Johnson, Virginia.

Schr. Alida, Eaton, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Minerva, Brightman, Fall River.

Schr. Minnie Griffin, Griffin, Virginia, for New-Haven.

Schr. J. W. Hine, Monson, Virginia, for New-Haven.

Schr. D. Davidson, Ketchum, Virginia, for New-Haven.

Schr. G. W. Whistler, ——, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. J. D. Griffin, Cobb, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Ada Herbert, Cotell, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. K. J. Hoyt, Parker, New-Haven, for Boston.

Schr. J. C. Brooks, Burgess, Boston, with linseed.

Schr. Geo. Gillum, Chipman, Portland, Conn., stone.

Schr. Adelia Kelly, Slocum, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Mary E., Baker, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. A. Terrell, Higgins, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. M. H. Read, Nickerson, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. A. Stewart, Gilbert, Fall River, for Albany.

WIND—At sunset, N. E.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 16—Arr. steamers Nereus, from New-York; Fairbanks, do.; ship Malta, Gottenburg; barks Schamyl, from Messina; Lerena, Remedios; Voyager, do.; brig Giovanni, Trieste.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 15—Sld. steamers George Cromwell and Merrimac, for New-York, and Cassandra, for Boston.

Miscellaneous.

Philadelphia, April 16.—A Cape May dispatch says that a bottle drifted ashore there on the 12th inst., containing a paper with the following written on it: "Schr. J. L. Diess, of New-York, lost March 16, 1866. All lost but Ned Conkling and Silas Rogers. Please report if found."

Spoken, &c.

Bombay—ship, from Greenock for ——, March 17, lat. 8 56 S., lon. 26 14.

Claquento—Span. brig, from Havana for Malta, March 7, lat. 30 lon. 71 30.

Costarelles—Br. bark, from Boston for River La Plata, 30 ds. out, Feb. 19, lat. 22 50 S., lon. 50.

Ravensbourne—ship, from London for Bombay, 48 ds. out, March 17, lat. 8 56 S., lon. 26 14.

Wm. Leavitt—ship, from London for Melbourne, March 18, lat. 64 78.

Foreign Ports.

At Remedios, March 29, bark Voyager, for New-York in 5 days.

[PER CITY OF NEW-YORK.]

Arr. at Liverpool, April 3, Malta, (s.) Macaulay, New-York.

Sld. 3d, Corsica, Havana, New-York; Scotia, Doane, and St. Clair, Burnham, Boston.

Ent. out, 3d, Mystic, Boddie, Baltimore; Ukrame, Meichers, Boston; H. Lewesbey, Waters, Halifax; Estelle, McCulloch, New-Orleans; Constitution, Jolly, New-York.

Passed Deal, 3d, Erneste Zuccane, Cresconia, from London for New-York.

Arr. at Deal, 4th, Sapphine, Hatch, London, for Negapatani, and anchored.

Sld. from Gravesend, 4th, Johanna Benjamin, Kuhn, Philadelphia.

Off Dover, 2d, Eden, Zino, New-York, for London.

Off Dungeness, 3d, Ivanhoe, Besby, from Callao for Rotterdam.

Passed off Falmouth, 3d, Suhote, Soule, from Callao for Hamburg.

Arr. at Falmouth, 3d, Dashing Wave, Otto, New-York.

Passed Staxigo, 1st, Rose, Riper, Sunderland, for New-York.

Arr. at Glasgow, 2d, Hibernia, (s.) Craig, New-York.

Arr. at Cork, 2d, Bidwell, Churchill, New-York; Pleades, Winslow, Callao.

At Dublin, 2d, ldg., Martha, Williams, New-York.

Arr. at Havre, 2d, Carlton, Trecartin, Mobile. Sld. 31st, Harpswell, Owen, and Frances, Kelly, New-York; Lone Star, Cardiff.

Passed Cuxhaven, 2d, John Bertram, London, for Hamburg, (in tow,) with loss of bowsprit and topmast.

[LATEST.]

QUEENSTOWN, April 5.

Arr. from New-York, Atlanta, Freihanded and Sperzogen and Von Brabant, at Bremen; Cornelia, at Texel.

Arr. from Charleston, Kipa, at Cadiz.

Arr. from Mobile, Carlton, at Havre.

Arr. from Baltimore, Alto, at Bremen.

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CAPITAL AND LABOR
are the universal requirements of the largest portion of the
SOUTHERN STATES,
and when judiciously applied, no matter by whom furnished, will restore that portion of our unfortunate country to its former prosperity, and make the South all that Nature designed it,
THE GARDEN OF THE WORLD.

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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—Extra Class No. 279, April 16, 1866.
71, 3, 8, 12, 45, 14, 29, 39, 72, 7, 76, 28, 61.
KENTUCKY—Class No. 280, April 16, 1866.
70, 51, 24, 42, 32, 3, 41, 13, 53, 29, 54, 16.
SHELBY—Extra Class No. 179, April 16, 1866.
33, 22, 77, 1, 32, 59, 43, 52, 76, 42, 62, 34, 30.
SHELBY—Class No. 180, April 16, 1866.
6, 40, 8, 71, 22, 72, 2, 58, 41, 56, 59, 39.
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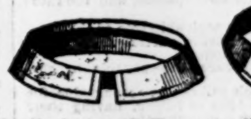

Ladies' Victoria Turn-over Paper Collar.

Ladies' Empress Turn-over Paper Collar.

Ladies' English Standing Paper Collar.

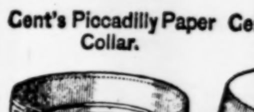
Ladies' American Standing Paper Collar.

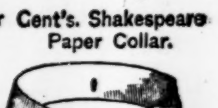
Ladies French Paper Cuffs.

Ladies' English Paper Cuffs.

Cent's Piccadilly Paper Collar.

Cent's. Shakespeare Paper Collar.


Gentlemen's Standing Paper Collar.


Gentlemen's Turnover Paper Collar.

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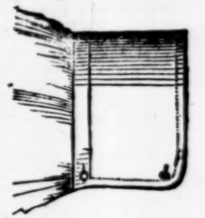
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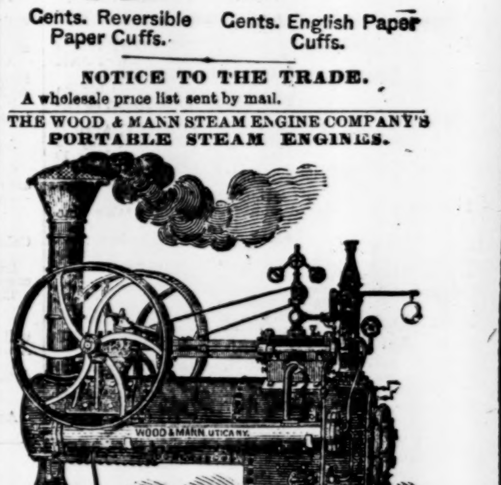
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VOLUME III. NUMBER I.
HOURS AT HOME
FOR MAY NOW READY.
For Table of Contents and the Attractions of the New Volume, see Advertisement on the Fifth Page of This Morning's Times.

CEDAR CAMPHOR
should be packed away with Furs and Woolens to avoid injury by Moths. Sold by druggists everywhere. HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. & S. BUTCHER, SHEFFIELD, ENGLAND,
Office No. 54 Beekman-st., New-York,
Have received by recent importation:
Wm. Goodiad's C. S. Files for MACHINISTS.
Pocket and Table Cutlery, Carvers, &c.
William Wilkinson & Son's Sheep Shears.
Grass Hooks, &c., &c., &c.,
all of which are offered to the trade on favorable terms.

AUSTRIAN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION AT VIENNA,
TO OPEN MAY 17, 1866.
Articles for this exhibition will be received until
FRIDAY, the 27th inst.,
by AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.,
Agents for the Exhibition,
No. 72 Broadway, New-York.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CLASS OF 1865, of the Columbia College Law School, held at No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York, on the 14th day of April, 1866, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, In the inscrutable ways of Providence our esteemed classmate and President, JOHN A. VANDERPOEL, has been taken from among us in the beginning of a career which promised for him distinguished honor, having graduated from Columbia College in the year 1862, second among the five who took the highest honors of the class;

And whereas, While we were associated with him as classmates, he was equally distinguished for his native talents, his application to study and his untiring industry, and entered upon the practice of his profession with the brightest prospect of success;

Resolved, That we have heard of his early death with profound grief.

Resolved, That we condole with his widow and family in their great affliction.

Resolved, That we will attend as a class the funeral of our deceased friend; and that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to his family, signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and be published in two of the daily papers.

EDWD. MITCHELL,
Chairman and Secretary.

FOR SALE—1,000,000 CHESTNUT AND OAK RAILROAD TIES.—Will sell in lots to suit purchasers, delivered in amount, by the month, and cut in lengths to suit broad and narrow gauge tracks. Address JOHN W. KESTER, 328 Walnut-st., Philadelphia, or Astor House, New-York.

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OFFICERS OF THE NAVY WHO LOST their personal effects when serving on vessels lost or destroyed, can recover pay for the same by the recent act of Congress. We have the proper forms for application. L. BROWN & CO., No. 2 Park-place.

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THE REGULAR ANNIVERSARY OF the N. Y. Asylum for Lying-in Women, will take place at the institution, No. 85 Marion-st., on WEDNESDAY, the 18th, at 12 M. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

10,000 CAVALRY PISTOLS.—FIRST-class arms; the same make as are approved and mostly used by the United States. Can be delivered in thirty-six hours. Address Box No. 5,378 Post-office.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against GERARD C. LESTER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his office, No. 49 West-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the twentieth day of May next. Dated Nov. 13, 1865.
n14-law6mTu* JOSEPH H. LESTER, Administrator.

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